IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

RAMON VILLANUEVA-BAZALDUA individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

CA 1:06-cv-00185-GMS

Plaintiff

Class Action

v.

TRUGREEN LIMITED PARTNERS and TRUGREEN, INC.

Defendants.

PLAINTIFF'S APPENDIX TO

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF MOTION TO CONDITIONALLY CERTIFY AN FLSA CLASS OR ALTERNATIVELY AMENDED MOTION FOR CONDITIONAL **CERTIFICATION**

> Vivian L. Rapposelli DE. Bar No.: 3204 Rapposelli & Gonzales 1300 Grant Ave., Suite 100 Wilmington, Delaware 19806 Tel: 302-652-8711

Edward Tuddenham Tx Bar No. 20282300 153 Upland Rd. Cambridge, Mass 02140 617-576-2182

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

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AFFIDAVIT OF EDWARD TUDDENHAM

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

RAMON VILLANUEVA-BAZALDUA individually and on behalf of others similarly situated.

CA 1:06-cv-00185-GMS

Plaintiff

Defendants.

Class Action

v.

TRUGREEN LIMITED PARTNERS and TRUGREEN, INC.

AFFIDAVIT OF EDWARD TUDDENHAM

NOW COMES Edward Tuddenham and states that were he called as a witness in this action he would testify under oath as follows:

- 1. I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Texas and have been so licensed since May of 1979. My business address is 153 Upland Rd., Cambridge, Mass. 02140.
- 2. I am one of the attorneys of record for Plaintiff Ramon Villanueva-Bazaldua in the above referenced action.
- 3. On August 29, 2006 Plaintiffs served Requests for Admission, Interrogatories, and Requests for Production on Defendants related to Plaintiff's class allegations.
- 4. On September 28, 2006, Defendants served written responses to Plaintiff's discovery requests. Defendants interposed three blanket objections these requests.
- 5. In an effort to try to resolve these objections and avoid a motion to compel, counsel for Plaintiff and Defendants engaged in lengthy correspondence between October and February 2007

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in an effort to narrow their differences.¹ As a result of these negotiations, from January and March 2007 Defendants produced some of the documents relevant to the class allegations and some supplemental answers to interrogatories. The documents produced included:

A. A list of the TruGreen Branch Offices hiring H-2B workers, the number of workers hired by each branch each year, and an indication of whether those workers were paid on an hourly or a salary basis. TRU 198B-TRU 206B. Copy filed herewith at App-9 to App.-20. I produced a summary of the information contained on this list which appears as App. 22 immediately behind the document produced by Defendants.

B. Individual files for H-2B workers hired by TruGreen in 2003-2006. Defendants represented that these files came from LLS, the entity in Mexico that recruited the workers. TRU 1380-TRU 3370. Each of these individual files contains, among other things, two documents signed by the worker: (1) A document setting forth the terms of employment being offered to the worker, including the wage rate and the branch office to which the worker is assigned. This document is variously called "Terms of Employment" or "Employer Disclosure Affidavit" but contains essentially the same information regardless of title. (2) A document setting forth the various visa fees, administrative fees, and travel expenses that the worker must pay for (these documents were called "Conditions for Obtaining a Work Visa" and "Agreement on Labor Conditions" from 2003-2005 and "Commission Agency Agreement" in 2006, but again, regardless of title, all versions set forth the same charges owed by workers). Sample copies of eight individual worker files containing

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Without burdening the court with copies of the lengthy negotiations suffice it to say that counsel for Plaintiff wrote to counsel for Defendants on October 2, 2006, November 1, 2006, November 8, 2006, November 16, 2006, November 17, 2006, December 12, 2006 and communicated by e-mail December 1, 2006 and January 3, 2007. Counsel for Defendant corresponded with counsel for Plaintiff on October 20, 2006, November 8, 2006, November 14, 2006, November 17, 2006, November 27, 2006, and February 9, 2007 and communicated by e-mail on December 4, 2006.

these documents are attached at App.-23 through App.-61.² These two documents which appear in each worker's file contain the same information the job and the expenses owed by the worker as the two documents presented to Plaintiff at the time of his recruitment that were previously filed with the Court at D.I. 16 at A16 and A17.

- 6. Rather than attach all of the voluminous worker files produced by Defendant, I have attached sample copies of the worker files and compiled two summaries of the voluminous documents in the individual files. The first summary, titled "Workers/Locations/Wages" at App-63 to App-65, summarizes the information on the "terms of employment" documents in each worker file. The summary is organized by branch office and indicates for each branch the number of workers whose terms of employment document assigned them to that branch office, the wage rate set forth forth on the signed "terms of employment" document, and the Bate Stamp Number of the "terms of employment" documents from which the summary was drawn.
- 7. The second summary, titled "Individual Worker Files" lists the Bates Stamp Numbers of the two documents (i.e. the "terms of employment" document and the document listing the expenses owed by the worker) contained in each worker file. This summary demonstrates that virtually all of the H-2B workers signed both kinds of documents. (There are a few instances where the second document does not appear in the file which may have been a copying error or an oversight at the time the documents were obtained). That summary is attached at App.-67 to App.-75.
- 8. The documents in the individual worker files setting forth the expenses each worker must pay indicate that in 2006 the "administrative fee" charged by LLS increased to \$165.

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² Translations of documents in Spanish appear immediately behind the Spanish document. Translations do not have TRU bate stamp numbers. Documents in English with a TRU bate stamp number were in English in the original produced by Defendant.

- 9. Copies of Defendants responses to Request for Admission 1, and Interrogatories 4, 5, and are filed herewith at App.-77 (Admission) and App-80 to App.-86 (interrogatories).
- 10. Defendant continues to refuse to answer Interrogatory 31 which asked about the amount of discretionary "bonus" monies provided to H-2B workers when they arrived at work. A copy of that Interrogatory and Defendants response is filed herewith as App.-87 to App.-88.
- 11. Attached as App-91 through App-99 are excerpts from the deposition of James Vacchiano and the two documents produced by TruGreen referenced in those excepts, TRU-94 and TRU-530, appear at App-100 to App-102 and App-103to App-104.
 - 12. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing statements are true and correct.

Date: 3-17.2007

Edward Tuddenham

Tx. Bar No. 20282300

LIST OF TRUGREEN OFFICES USING H-2B WORKERS 2003-2006

PRODUCED BY COUNSEL FOR DEFENDANT FEBRUARY 9, 2007

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Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP One Oxford Centre Thirty-Second Floor Pittsburgh, PA 15219-6401 Tel: 412.560.3300 Fax: 412.560.7001 www.morganlewis.com

Morgan Lewis

Beth M. Henke 412.560.3346 bhenke@morganlewis.com

February 9, 2007

VIA .PDF

Edward Tuddenham, Esquire 153 Upland Road Cambridge, MA 02140 etudden@io.com

Re:

Villanueva v. TruGreen Limited Partnership, et al. Civil Action No. 1:06-cv-00185-GMS (D. Del.)

Dear Ed:

I have attached an updated "Summary of H2B Workers Across Branches (LawnCare Division Only)" which accurately reflects all of the ChemLawn branches that had H-2B workers in any of the years from 2003-2006.

In comparison to the original chart, we discovered certain information that required revision and/or deletion. Specifically:

- The new chart was put into an alphabetical order by branch name (the original chart was not);
- A few typographical errors in position titles were corrected;
- Branch names were corrected;
- LandCare branches were deleted; and
- Position titles were corrected.

With respect to specific branches, please note the following:

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- DC South: Missing position information was identified and added.
- Vienna: This branch formerly was referred to as "AgroLawn Vienna."
- Columbus North: This branch formerly was incorrectly identified as "Columbia North."

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1-PI/176354.1

Morgan Lewis

Edward Tuddenham February 9, 2007 Page 2

- Yaphank (LI East): This branch formerly was incorrectly identified as "Long Island East.
- Maple Grove: This is the only ChemLawn branch in Minnesota that used H-2B workers at any time between 2003-2006.
- Morris: Based on new (confirmed) information received, the correct numbers of workers are reflected in the attached chart.
- Boston East: As explained in a prior email, Plymouth and Boston East are the same branch, so the 2 workers previously identified for Plymouth were moved under Boston East.
- Westbrook: This branch is the same as the Portland branch and, therefore, Westbrook has been deleted as duplicative.

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Beth M. Henke

BMH:nmm

Attachment

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W				
Year	Branch	State		Pay Class
2003	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2003	Allentown	PA	Applicator	Hourly
2003	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2003	Allentown	PA	Applicator	Hourly
2003	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2003	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2004	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2004	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2004	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2004	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2004	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2004	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2005	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2005	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2005	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2005	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2005	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2005	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2006	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2006	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2006	Allentown	PA	Lawn Specialist	Plan
2003	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2003	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2003	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2004	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2004	Bergen	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2004	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2004	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2005	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2005	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2005	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2005	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2005	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2005	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2006	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2006	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2006	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2006	Bergen	NJ	Route Manager	Plan
2006	Boston East	MA	Applicator Non-DOT	Hourly
2006	Boston East	MA	Applicator Non-DOT	
	DUDIUI LASI	IVIA	Applicator Non-DOT	Hourly

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Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2006	Boston East	MA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Boston East	MA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Boston West	MA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Boston West	MA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Boston West	MA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Boston West	MA	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Columbus North	ОН	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Columbus North	ОН	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Columbus North	OH	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Columbus North	ОН	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2003	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2003	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2003	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2004	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2004	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2004	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC South	DC]	Laborer	Hourly

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Deanah	Carac	Parie L	n - 6
			Pay Class
			Hourly
			Hourly
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		Mower	Hourly
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		Laborer	Hourly
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC		Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
DC West	DC		Hourly
DC West	DC		Hourly
DC West	DC		Hourly
	·		Hourly
	<del></del>	······································	Hourly
	DC West	DC South DC DC South DC DC West DC	DC South DC Laborer  DC South DC Laborer  DC West DC Mower  DC West DC Lawn Laborer  DC West DC Mower  DC West DC Mower  DC West DC Mower  DC West DC Lawn Laborer  DC West DC Laborer

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Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2006	DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
2006	DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Hagerstown	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Hagerstown	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2003	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2003	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2003	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist Non-DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist Non-DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist Non-DOT	Plan

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Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist Non-DOT	Plan
2003	Maple Grove	MN	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Maple Grove	MN	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Maple Grove	MN	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	N/A	N/A
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005 ,	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Middlesex	ΝJ	Landscape Crew Member	Hourly
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Landscape Crew Member	Hourly
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	Middlesex	ŊJ	Hort Specialist	Plan
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan

Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Middlesex	LN	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2003	Monmouth	NJ	Commercial Specialist	Plan
2004	Monmouth	NJ	Commercial Specialist	Plan
2004	Monmouth	NJ	Commercial Specialist	Plan
2004	Monmouth	NJ	Commercial Specialist	Plan
2006	Monmouth	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Monmouth	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Monmouth	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Monmouth	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2003	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Morris	NJ	HLS Team Member	Hourly
2004	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Morris	NJ	HLS Team Member	Hourly
2004	Morris	NJ	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Morris	NJ	HLS Team Member	Hourly
2004	Morris	NJ	HLS Team Member	Hourly
2004	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
- 2005	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
- 2005	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
. 2005	Morris	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
• 2005	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
- 2005	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
√2005	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
2006	Morris	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
2006	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
2006	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Hourly
2006	Portland	ME	Applicator Non-DOT	Hourly

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Year	Branch	State	Position	Date Office
2006	Portland	ME	Applicator Non-DOT	Pay Class
2006	Portland	ME	Applicator Non-DOT  Applicator Non-DOT	Hourly
2006	Richmond	VA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Hourly
2006	Richmond	TVA		Plan
2006	Richmond	TVA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT Applicator Non-DOT	Plan
2006	Richmond	VA	Applicator Non-DOT Applicator Non-DOT	Hourly
2006	Rocky Hill	CT		Hourly
2006	Rocky Hill	T CT	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Rocky Hill	<del>  c+</del>	Laborer Laborer	Hourly
2006	Rocky Hill	<del>Ci</del>		Hourly
2006	Rocky Hill	CT	Laborer Laborer	Hourly
2003	South Jersey	NJ		Hourly
2003	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2003	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2003	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist Specialist	Plan
2003	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist Specialist	Plan
2003	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004			Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004		NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005 2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005 2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	Vienna Vi	VA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Vienna	VA	Laborer	Hourly

Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2006	Vienna	VA	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Warminster	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Warminster	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Warminster	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Warminster	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2005	Warminster	PA	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Warminster	PA	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Warminster	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Warminster	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Warminster	PA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Warminster	PA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Warminster	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Warminster	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2003	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	Wilmington	DE	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Wilmington	DE	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Wilmington	DE	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Wilmington	DE	Commercial Specialist	Plan
2005	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2003	Yaphank (Ll East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly

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Year	Branch			
2003		State	Position	Pay Class
	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (Ll East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly

#### SUMMARY OF INFORMATION ON

LIST OF TRUGREEN OFFICES **USING H-2B WORKERS** 2003-2006 PRODUCED BY COUNSEL FOR DEFENDANT **FEBRUARY 9, 2007** 

# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

RAMON VILLANUEVA-BAZALDUA individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

CA 1:06-cv-00185-GMS

**Plaintiff** 

**Class Action** 

v.

TRUGREEN LIMITED PARTNERS and TRUGREEN, INC.

Defendants.

PLAINTIFF'S APPENDIX TO

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF MOTION TO CONDITIONALLY CERTIFY AN FLSA CLASS OR ALTERNATIVELY AMENDED MOTION FOR CONDITIONAL CERTIFICATION

> Vivian L. Rapposelli DE. Bar No.: 3204 Rapposelli & Gonzales 1300 Grant Ave., Suite 100 Wilmington, Delaware 19806 Tel: 302-652-8711

Edward Tuddenham Tx Bar No. 20282300 153 Upland Rd. Cambridge, Mass 02140 617-576-2182

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

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Worker B – Malvern Pa. Office 2005  Terms of Employment Document (TRU 2205)
Worker C – Sterling Va. Office 2004  Terms of Employment Document (TRU 1518)
Worker D – Allentown Pa. Office 2004  Terms of Employment Document (TRU 2153)
Worker E – S. Plainfield N.J. 2004  Terms of Employment Document (TRU 1880)
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AFFIDAVIT OF EDWARD TUDDENHAM

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

RAMON VILLANUEVA-BAZALDUA individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

CA 1:06-cv-00185-GMS

**Plaintiff** 

**Class Action** 

v.

TRUGREEN LIMITED PARTNERS and TRUGREEN, INC.

Defendants.

#### AFFIDAVIT OF EDWARD TUDDENHAM

NOW COMES Edward Tuddenham and states that were he called as a witness in this action he would testify under oath as follows:

- 1. I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Texas and have been so licensed since May of 1979. My business address is 153 Upland Rd., Cambridge, Mass. 02140.
- 2. I am one of the attorneys of record for Plaintiff Ramon Villanueva-Bazaldua in the above referenced action.
- 3. On August 29, 2006 Plaintiffs served Requests for Admission, Interrogatories, and Requests for Production on Defendants related to Plaintiff's class allegations.
- 4. On September 28, 2006, Defendants served written responses to Plaintiff's discovery requests. Defendants interposed three blanket objections these requests.
- 5. In an effort to try to resolve these objections and avoid a motion to compel, counsel for Plaintiff and Defendants engaged in lengthy correspondence between October and February 2007

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in an effort to narrow their differences.¹ As a result of these negotiations, from January and March 2007 Defendants produced some of the documents relevant to the class allegations and some supplemental answers to interrogatories. The documents produced included:

A. A list of the TruGreen Branch Offices hiring H-2B workers, the number of workers hired by each branch each year, and an indication of whether those workers were paid on an hourly or a salary basis. TRU 198B-TRU 206B. Copy filed herewith at App-9 to App.-20. I produced a summary of the information contained on this list which appears as App. 22 immediately behind the document produced by Defendants.

B. Individual files for H-2B workers hired by TruGreen in 2003-2006. Defendants represented that these files came from LLS, the entity in Mexico that recruited the workers. TRU 1380-TRU 3370. Each of these individual files contains, among other things, two documents signed by the worker: (1) A document setting forth the terms of employment being offered to the worker, including the wage rate and the branch office to which the worker is assigned. This document is variously called "Terms of Employment" or "Employer Disclosure Affidavit" but contains essentially the same information regardless of title. (2) A document setting forth the various visa fees, administrative fees, and travel expenses that the worker must pay for (these documents were called "Conditions for Obtaining a Work Visa" and "Agreement on Labor Conditions" from 2003-2005 and "Commission Agency Agreement" in 2006, but again, regardless of title, all versions set forth the same charges owed by workers). Sample copies of eight individual worker files containing

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Without burdening the court with copies of the lengthy negotiations suffice it to say that counsel for Plaintiff wrote to counsel for Defendants on October 2, 2006, November 1, 2006, November 8, 2006, November 16, 2006, November 17, 2006, December 12, 2006 and communicated by e-mail December 1, 2006 and January 3, 2007. Counsel for Defendant corresponded with counsel for Plaintiff on October 20, 2006, November 8, 2006, November 14, 2006, November 17, 2006, November 27, 2006, and February 9, 2007 and communicated by e-mail on December 4, 2006.

these documents are attached at App.-23 through App.-61.² These two documents which appear in each worker's file contain the same information the job and the expenses owed by the worker as the two documents presented to Plaintiff at the time of his recruitment that were previously filed with the Court at D.I. 16 at A16 and A17.

- 6. Rather than attach all of the voluminous worker files produced by Defendant, I have attached sample copies of the worker files and compiled two summaries of the voluminous documents in the individual files. The first summary, titled "Workers/Locations/Wages" at App-63 to App-65, summarizes the information on the "terms of employment" documents in each worker file. The summary is organized by branch office and indicates for each branch the number of workers whose terms of employment document assigned them to that branch office, the wage rate set forth forth on the signed "terms of employment" document, and the Bate Stamp Number of the "terms of employment" documents from which the summary was drawn.
- 7. The second summary, titled "Individual Worker Files" lists the Bates Stamp Numbers of the two documents (i.e. the "terms of employment" document and the document listing the expenses owed by the worker) contained in each worker file. This summary demonstrates that virtually all of the H-2B workers signed both kinds of documents. (There are a few instances where the second document does not appear in the file which may have been a copying error or an oversight at the time the documents were obtained). That summary is attached at App.-67 to App.-75.
- 8. The documents in the individual worker files setting forth the expenses each worker must pay indicate that in 2006 the "administrative fee" charged by LLS increased to \$165.

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² Translations of documents in Spanish appear immediately behind the Spanish document. Translations do not have TRU bate stamp numbers. Documents in English with a TRU bate stamp number were in English in the original produced by Defendant.

Filed 03/29/2007

- 9. Copies of Defendants responses to Request for Admission 1, and Interrogatories 4, 5, and are filed herewith at App.-77 (Admission) and App-80 to App.-86 (interrogatories).
- 10. Defendant continues to refuse to answer Interrogatory 31 which asked about the amount of discretionary "bonus" monies provided to H-2B workers when they arrived at work. A copy of that Interrogatory and Defendants response is filed herewith as App.-87 to App.-88.
- 11. Attached as App-91 through App-99 are excerpts from the deposition of James Vacchiano and the two documents produced by TruGreen referenced in those excepts, TRU-94 and TRU-530, appear at App-100 to App-102 and App-103to App-104.
  - 12. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing statements are true and correct.

Date: 3-17.2007

Edward Tuddenham

Tx. Bar No. 20282300

### LIST OF TRUGREEN OFFICES USING H-2B WORKERS 2003-2006

# PRODUCED BY COUNSEL FOR DEFENDANT FEBRUARY 9, 2007

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Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LEP One Oxford Centre Thirty-Second Floor Pittsburgh, PA 15219-6401 Tel: 412.560.3300 Fax: 412.560.7001 www.morganlewis.com

Morgan Lewis

Beth M. Henke 412.560.3346 bhenke@morganiewis.com

February 9, 2007

#### VIA .PDF

Edward Tuddenham, Esquire 153 Upland Road Cambridge, MA 02140 etudden@io.com

Re:

Villanueva v. TruGreen Limited Partnership, et al. Civil Action No. 1:06-cv-00185-GMS (D. Del.)

#### Dear Ed:

I have attached an updated "Summary of H2B Workers Across Branches (LawnCare Division Only)" which accurately reflects all of the ChemLawn branches that had H-2B workers in any of the years from 2003-2006.

In comparison to the original chart, we discovered certain information that required revision and/or deletion. Specifically:

- The new chart was put into an alphabetical order by branch name (the original chart was not);
- A few typographical errors in position titles were corrected;
- Branch names were corrected;
- LandCare branches were deleted; and
- Position titles were corrected.

With respect to specific branches, please note the following:

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- DC South: Missing position information was identified and added.
- Vienna: This branch formerly was referred to as "AgroLawn Vienna."
- Columbus North: This branch formerly was incorrectly identified as "Columbia North."

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1-PI/176354.1

Morgan Lewis

Edward Tuddenham February 9, 2007 Page 2

- Yaphank (LI East): This branch formerly was incorrectly identified as "Long Island East.
- Maple Grove: This is the only ChemLawn branch in Minnesota that used H-2B workers at any time between 2003-2006.
- Morris: Based on new (confirmed) information received, the correct numbers of workers are reflected in the attached chart.
- Boston East: As explained in a prior email, Plymouth and Boston East are the same branch, so the 2 workers previously identified for Plymouth were moved under Boston East.
- Westbrook: This branch is the same as the Portland branch and, therefore, Westbrook has been deleted as duplicative.

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Beth M. Henke

BMH:nmm

Attachment

Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
Allentown	PA		Plan
Allentown	PA		Hourly
Allentown	PA		Plan
Allentown	PA		Hourly
Allentown	PA	The state of the s	Plan
Allentown	PA		Plan
Bergen	NJ		Plan
	NJ		Plan
*	NJ		Plan
	NJ		Plan
	NJ		Hourly
	NJ	***************************************	Plan
	NJ		Plan
Bergen	NJ		Plan
Boston East	MA		Hourly
Boston East			Hourly
	Allentown Bergen	Allentown PA Bergen NJ	Allentown PA Lawn Specialist Allentown PA Applicator Allentown PA Lawn Specialist Bergen NJ Route Manager

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Year	Branch	State	2008 to 100 to 1	
2006	Boston East	MA	Position	Pay Class
2006	Boston East	MA	Laborer Laborer	Hourly
2006	Boston West	MA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Boston West	MA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Boston West	MA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Boston West	MA	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Columbus North	ОН		Hourly
2003	Columbus North	OH	Lawn Laborer Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Columbus North	ОН	Lawn Laborer Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Columbus North	ОН		Hourly
2003	DC North	DC	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	DC North	f	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	DC North	DC DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	DC North		Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	DC North	DC DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	DC North		Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	DC North	DC DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006		DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	DC North	DC DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
	DC North	DC	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2003	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2003	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2003	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2004	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2004	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2004	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2005	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC South	DC	Laborer	Hourly

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~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
DC West	DC		Hourly
DC West	DC		Hourly
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		······································	Hourly
	DC West	DC South DC DC South DC DC West DC	DC South DC Laborer DC South DC Laborer DC West DC Mower DC West DC Lawn Laborer DC West DC Mower DC West DC Mower DC West DC Mower DC West DC Lawn Laborer DC West DC Laborer

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Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2006	DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC West	DC	Mower	Hourly
2006	DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	DC West	DC	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Hagerstown	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Hagerstown	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2003	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2003	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2003	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	DOT Applicator	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Malvern	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist Non-DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist Non-DOT	Plan
2006	<u>Malvern</u>	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist Non-DOT	Plan

Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2006	Malvern	PA	Lawn Care Specialist Non-DOT	Plan
2003	Maple Grove	MN	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Maple Grove	MN	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Maple Grove	MN	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2003	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	N/A	N/A
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2005 🛌	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Landscape Crew Member	Hourly
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Landscape Crew Member	Hourly
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2006	Middlesex	ŊJ	Hort Specialist	Plan
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan

Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Middlesex	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2003	Monmouth	NJ	Commercial Specialist	Plan
2004	Monmouth	NJ	Commercial Specialist	Plan
2004	Monmouth	NJ	Commercial Specialist	Plan
2004	Monmouth	NJ	Commercial Specialist	Plan
2006	Monmouth	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Monmouth	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Monmouth	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Monmouth	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2003	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Morris	NJ	HLS Team Member	Hourly
2004	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist Pl	
2004	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Morris	NJ	HLS Team Member	Hourly
2004	Morris	NJ	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Morris.	NJ	HLS Team Member	Hourly
2004	Morris	NJ	HLS Team Member	Hourly
2004	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
- 2005	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
- 2005	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
. 2005	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
-2005	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
. 2005	Morris	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
- 2005	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
- 2005	Morris	NJ	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
2005	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT Plan	
2006	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
2006	Morris	NJ	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
2006	Morris	NJ	Mower	Hourly
2006	Morris	NJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Morris	ŊJ	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Hourly
2006	Portland	ME	Applicator Non-DOT	Hourly

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Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2006	Portland	ME	Applicator Non-DOT	Hourly
2006	Portland	ME	Applicator Non-DOT	Hourly
2006	Richmond	VA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Richmond	VA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Richmond	VA	Applicator Non-DOT	Hourly
2006	Richmond	VA	Applicator Non-DOT	Hourly
2006	Rocky Hill	СТ	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Rocky Hill	CT	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Rocky Hill	CT	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Rocky Hill	СТ	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Rocky Hill	CT	Laborer	Hourly
2003	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2003	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2003	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2003	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2003	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2004	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2005	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	South Jersey	NJ	Specialist	Plan
2006	Vienna	VA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Vienna	VA	Laborer	Hourly

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Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2006	Vienna	VA	Laborer	Hourly
2004	Warminster	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Warminster	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Warminster	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Warminster	PA	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2005	Warminster	PA	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Warminster	PA	Laborer	Hourly
2005	Warminster	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Warminster	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Warminster	PA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Warminster	PA	Laborer	Hourly
2006	Warminster	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Warminster	PA	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2003	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2003	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2004	Wilmington	DE	TG Lawn Care Specialist	Plan
2005	Wilmington	DE	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	Wilmington	DE	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Wilmington	DE	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	Wilmington	DE	Commercial Specialist	Plan
2005	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2005	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2006	WoodLawn	MD	Lawn Care Specialist DOT	Plan
2003	Yaphank (Ll East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly

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Year	Branch	State	Position	Pay Class
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2003	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2004	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly
2006	Yaphank (LI East)	NY	Lawn Laborer	Hourly

SUMMARY OF INFORMATION ON

LIST OF TRUGREEN OFFICES **USING H-2B WORKERS** 2003-2006 PRODUCED BY COUNSEL FOR DEFENDANT **FEBRUARY 9, 2007**

Location Allentown Bergen Boston East Boston West Columbus North DC North	State Pa NJ Ma Ma Ohio DC DC	2003 total 6 3 0	2004 total 6 5 0	2005 total 6 6 0	2006 total 3 4 4	
Bergen Boston East Boston West Columbus North	Ma Ma Ohio	0 0	0	0 0	4	
Boston East Boston West Columbus North	Ma Ma Ohio	0 0 4	0	0	4	
Boston West Columbus North	Ma Ohio DC	0 4	0	0		
Columbus North	Ohio DC	4			4	
	DC		0	0	1	
DC North		4			0	
	DC		3	5	4	
DC South	100	4	3	6	4	
DC West	DC	8	9	12	16	
Hagerstown	Md	0	0	0	2	
malvern	Pa	5	8	9	12	
	MN					
Maple Grove		3	0	0	0	
Middlesex	NJ	6	11	11	12	
Monmouth	NJ	1	3	0	4	
Morris	NJ	4	8	10	7	
Portland	Me	0	0	0	3	
Richmond	Va	0	0	0	4	
Rocky Hill	Conn.	0	0	0	5	
south Jersey	NJ	5	8	8	7	
Vienna	Va	0	0	0	3	
Warminster	Pa	0	4	4	4	
Wilmington	De	4	6	2	2	
Woodland	Md	0	0	4	4	
Yaphank	NY	8	9	0	7	
	TOTALS	65	83	83	115	 340

SAMPLE DOCUMENTS FROM INDIVIDUAL WORKER FILES PRODUCED BY DEFENDANT

WORKER A

THOROFARE, N.J. 2005

'Affidavit

Página 1 de 2

Terms of Employment

1. Employer / Area of Employment

Company Name: TruGreen ChemLawn (Thorofare)

Address: 1250 Imperial Way

Thorofare, NJ 08086

Telephone: 856-848-8444

2. Period of Employment

TBD

3. Task Description

Apply pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, or insecticides to lawns using sprayers, spreaders, seeders and aerators. Entry level position.

Standard pay rate: \$10.00

Overtime pay rate: \$15.00

Special pay rate: 10

Payday: Friday

Bi-weekly: No

Hours: 7:00 AM - 5:00 PM

Lunch Break: minutes

Work Days: 5-6

4. Special Requirements

Must be bilingual, Needs U.S. driver's license, MUST HAVE INTERNATIONAL DRIVER'S LICENSE. fertilization/pesticide; high school diploma

5. Transportation / U.S. Arrival

The worker will pay his/her own transportation cost from their home in Mexico to the place of employment. Worker is equally responsible for the cost of returning from the place of employment to their home at the end of the employment period.

Worker must travel to:

1250 Imperial Way Thorofare, NJ 08086

For travel related issues please contact:

Liason name: Bob Recktenwal
Liason title: Branch Manager
Liason telephone 1: 856-848-8444 (Home)
Liason telephone 2: 609-352-4099 (Cell)

6. Insurance

Is workers compensation insurance provided by the employer? Yes

7. Benefits

Are any other benefits provided to the worker? No if yes, at what cost to the worker? N/A

8. Tools, protective clothing, and other items that must be provided by the worker

none

Worker Housing

The employer is not responsible for worker housing. The employer agrees to assist the worker by making arrangements in advance for possible worker housing. Housing shall meet all applicable state and local codes for rental property. The worker may find their own housing at any time without incurring the prejudice of the employer against him/her. The following are estimates only and are not binding:

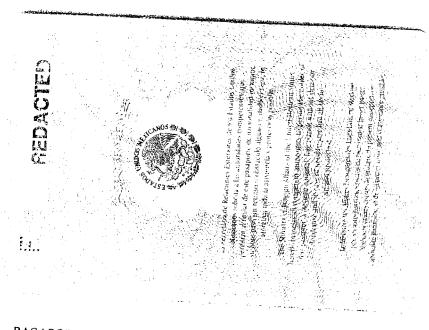
Weekly charges for such housing: \$65.00
Are utilities included in this price? Yes
If no, what will utilities cost? N/A

REDACTED

)

03/Junio 105

http://www.llsint.com/LlsRecruiting/Forms/Worker/AffidavitEnglish.aspx?workerid=244... 03/06/2005





il II.

CONDICIONES PARA LA OBTENCIÓN DE VISA DE TRABAJO

- LLS INTERNATIONAL es una empresa legalmente constituída, que tiene como única finalidad promover las vacantes de empleo generadas por las compañías americanas contratantes (en lo sucesivo los "PATRONES"), sin actuar como patrón ni como intermediario. Durante el desempeño de sus labores, los "PATRONES", deberán de respetar sus condiciones laborales. El "PATRON" tendrá la obligación de respetar lo estipulado en el contrato correspondiente.
- 2. Por lo que respecta a la jornada de trabajo establecida, el número de horas ofrecida por los "PATRONES", es una simple estimación, considerando las condiciones climatológicas y otros eventos imprevistos, que pudieran directa o indirectamente afectar y/o reducir la duración de la jornada del "SOLICITANTE", y con esto perjudicarlo en su remuneración. Si surgieren conflictos entre el "PATRON", y el "SOLICITANTE", serán resueltos y discutidos entre ellos. LLS INTERNATIONAL NO ES EL "PATRÓN", POR LO QUE EL "SOLICITANTE" EXPRESAMENTE LE EXIME DE CUALQUIER RESPONSABILIDAD LABORAL.
- 3. En caso de que el "PATRON" determine que por las condiciones climatológicas y otros eventos imprevistos, el "SOLICITANTE" no pueda continuar prestando sus servicios durante el período que abarque su visa de trabajo; el "PATRON" deberá de cubrir los gastos del "SOLICITANTE" a su lugar de origen, ya que el "SOLICITANTE" no puede trabajar en otra compañía americana, por no estar autorizada expresamente en su visa de trabajo.
- 4. El "SOLICITANTE" dará de inmediato <u>AVISO POR ESCRITO</u> al "PATRÓN" de las causas justificadas que le impidan concurrir a su trabajo. En el supuesto de que el "SOLICITANTE" hiciere caso omiso, el "PATRON" avisará al Gobierno de Estados Unidos y al CONSULADO AMERICANO, para que esta última Autoridad, tome las medidas pertinentes, y en su caso, se le considere INDOCUMENTADO, y se proceda a cancelar su visa de trabajo, perdiendo el "SOLICITANTE" cualquier posibilidad de ser considerado para el programa de visas H2B o H2A.
- 5. El "SOLICITANTE" está de acuerdo que el servicio que presta LLS INTERNATIONAL es únicamente el de tramitar su visa de trabajo ante el CONSULADO AMERICANO a petición de la compañía americana contratante, es decir, el "PATRON". Así mismo, el "SOLICITANTE" entiende que la visa de trabajo no depende de LLS INTERNATIONAL, sino del CONSULADO AMERICANO, por lo que en caso de ser rechazada la solicitud de la visa, LLS INTERNATIONAL no tiene ninguna responsabilidad u obligación de reembolsarle la cantidad que corresponda a la tramitación de su respectiva visa.
- 6. El programa tiene un costo de:
 - a. 155 dólares (USD) para LLS INTERNATIONAL por gastos administrativos.
 - b. 100 dólares (USD) por la aprobación de la visa en el Consulado.
 - c. 100 dólares (USD) para el pago de derechos de visa en el Consulado.
 - d. 200 dólares (USD aproximadamente de transporte para su traslado vía terrestre

NOTA: Estos pagos se realizan hasta que la persona haya sido seleccionada y tengan un lugar seguro con algún "PATRON".

- 7. Los reembolsos sólo proceden en los siguientes casos: Cuando es rechazada la solicitud de visa en el Consulado (en este caso se le regresarán 100 dólares). Cuando por parte del "PATRON" solicitante no se llegue a realizar el trabajo, se procederá a colocar al trabajador con otro "PATRON", en caso de no ser posible se le regresarán 255 dólares. NOTA: En todos los demás casos no procederá reembolso alguno.
- Ni LLS INTERNATIONAL ni el "PATRON" contratante en Estados Unidos, serán responsables de pagar y/o devolver sus gastos de viaje, ni los que se deriven de proceso de la visa en el Consulado Americano, ESTA ES ÚNICAMENTE RESPONSABILIDAD DEL "SOLICITANTE".
- 9. Tratándose de un nuevo "SOLICITANTE", el "SOLICITANTE" está de acuerdo en someterse a las políticas de transporte y traslado que el "PATRON" haya requerido específicamente en cada caso, incluyendo el traslado por conducto de una línea particular de autobuses. En caso de que el "SOLICITANTE" rehusare a observar tales políticas de traslado, el "SOLICITANTE" desde este momento autoriza a LLS INTERNATIONAL a retener el pasaporte del "SOLICITANTE" y la visa de trabajo concedida por el Consulado, para ser sometida por LLS INTERNATIONAL a nombre del "SOLICITANTE" ante el Consulado, con el objeto de de proceder a la cancelación de la visa de trabajo. Una vez cancelada la visa le será devuelto el pasaporte al "SOLICITANTE".
- 10. Este documento no asegura la obtención de trabajo en los Estados Unidos de América.
- 11. ESTE DOCUMENTO NO ES UN CONTRATO DE TRABAJO.

Yo, el abajo firmante (el "SOLICITANTE"), voluntariamente declaro que acudí personalmente a LLS INTERNATIONAL, con el fin de que se me tramitara una visa temporal de trabajo, sin ser responsabilidad de LLS INTERNATIONAL la negativa del CONSULADO AMERICANO.

 Or	 June 3, 2005
REDACTER	

TRU1556

App-27



CONDITIONS FOR OBTAINING A WORK VISA

- LLS INTERNATIONAL is a legally constituted company whose sole purpose is to promote job vacancies generated by the American companies that are hiring (henceforth the "EMPLOYERS") without acting as employer or intermediary. While performing their work, the "EMPLOYERS" must respect labor conditions. The "EMPLOYER" shall have the obligation to respect what is stipulated in the corresponding contract.
- With regard to the established work day, the number of hours offered by the "EMPLOYERS" is a simple estimate, considering the weather conditions and other unforeseen events that may directly or indirectly affect and/or reduce the duration of the "APPLICANT'S" work day, and thereby harm him/her in his/her pay. If conflicts arise between the "EMPLOYER" and the "EMPLOYEE," they shall be resolved and discussed between them. INTERNATIONAL IS NOT THE "EMPLOYER" AND THEREFORE THE "APPLICANT" EXPRESSLY EXEMPTS IT OF ANY LABOR LIABILITY.
- If the "EMPLOYEE" determines that, because of weather conditions and other unforeseen events, the "APPLICANT" cannot continue providing his/her services during the period encompassed in his/her work visa, the "EMPLOYER" must cover the "APPLICANT'S" expenses to his/her place of origin, since the "APPLICANT" cannot work in another American company because he/she is not expressly so authorized in his/her work visa.
- The "APPLICANT" shall immediately give WRITTEN NOTICE to the "EMPLOYER" of justified causes that prevent him/her from coming to work. Should "APPLICANT" fail to do so, the " EMPLOYER" shall notify the United States government and the AMERICAN CONSULATE so that the latter authority may take the relevant steps and, if appropriate,, he/she shall be considered UNDOCUMENTED, and his/her visa shall be cancelled, and the worker will lose the possibility of returning the next year through the H2B visa program.
- The "APPLICANT" agrees that the service provided by LLS INTERNATIONAL is solely that of processing his/her work visa with the AMERICAN CONSULATE at the request of the hiring American company, that is, the "EMPLOYER." The "APPLICANT" likewise understands that the work visa depends not on LLS INTERNATIONAL, but on the AMERICAN CONSULATE, and hence in the event that his/her work visa is denied, LLS INTERNATIONAL has no liability or obligation of reimbursing him/her the sum for processing his/her respective visa.
- The program has a cost of:
 - a. 155 (USD) dollars to LLS INTERNATIONAL for administrative expenses.
 - b. 100 (USD) dollars for approval of the visa at the consulate.
 - c. 100 (USD) dollars for payment of visa fees at the consulate.
 - d. approximately 200 (USD) dollars transport for his/her travel by land.

NOTE: These payments shall be made only after the person has been chosen and has secure placement with some "EMPLOYER."

- Reimbursements shall only be in order in the following cases:
 - When the visa application is rejected at the Consulate (in this case he/she will get 100 dollars back).
 - When on the side of the requesting "EMPLOYER" the job does not come about, the worker will be placed with another "EMPLOYER"; if this is not possible, he/she will receive 255 dollars back.
 - NOTE: In all other cases no reimbursement whatsoever shall be in order.
- Neither LLS INTERNATIONAL nor the hiring "EMPLOYER" in the United States will be responsible for paying and/or returning his/her travel expenses, nor those resulting from processing the visa at the American Consulate. THIS IS SOLELY THE "APPLICANT'S" RESPONSIBILITY.
- When the "APPLICANT" is new, the "APPLICANT" agrees to submit to the transport and travel policies that the "EMPLOYER" has requested specifically in each case, including travel over a particular bus line. Should the "APPLICANT" refuse to observe such travel policies, the "APPLICANT" authorizes LLS INTERNATIONAL as of that moment to withhold the "APPLICANT'S" passport and the work visa granted by the Consulate, to be submitted by LLS INTERNATIONAL to the Consulate for "APPLICANT," in order to cancel the work visa. After the visa is cancelled, the "APPLICANT" will receive his/her passport.
- 10. This document does not assure obtaining work in the United States.
- 11. THIS DOCUMENT IS NOT A LABOR CONTRACT.

be undersigned (the "APPLICANT") voluntarily declare that I have come personally to LLS INTERNATIONAL to have it cess a temporary work visa for me, although LLS INTERNATIONAL shall not be responsible for refusal by the American insulate.

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2:

WORKER B

MALVERN, PA. 2005

Affidavit Página 1 de 2

Terms of Employment

1. Employer / Area of Employment

Company Name: TruGreen ChemLawn (Malvern)

Address: 510 Lapp Rd.

Malvern, PA 19355

Telephone: 610-296-2400

2. Period of Employment

From 9/3/2005 to 15/11/2005

3. Task Description

Apply pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, or insecticides to lawns using sprayers, seeders, aerators.

Standard pay rate: \$10.00 Overtime pay rate: \$15.00

Payday: friday Bi-weekly: No Hours: 7:00 AM - 4:00 PM Lunch Break: minutes

Work Days: 5-6

4. Special Requirements

None

5. Transportation / U.S. Arrival

The worker will pay his/her own transportation cost from their home in Mexico to the place of employment. Worker is equally responsible for the cost of returning from the place of employment to their home at the end of the employment period.

Worker must travel to:

510 Lapp Rd. Malvern, PA 19355

For travel related issues please contact:

Liason name: Chris Seale/Eric Wilhelm

Liason title: Branch Manager Liason telephone 1: 610-296-2400 Liason telephone 2: 610-496-9002

6. Insurance

Is workers compensation insurance provided by the employer? Yes

7. Benefits

Are any other benefits provided to the worker? No If yes, at what cost to the worker? N/A

8. Tools, protective clothing, and other items that must be provided by the worker

none

9. Worker Housing

The employer is not responsible for worker housing. The employer agrees to assist the worker by making arrangements in advance for possible worker housing. Housing shall meet all applicable state and local codes for rental property. The worker may find their own housing at any time without incurring the prejudice of the employer against him/her. The following are estimates only and are not binding:

Weekly charges for such housing: \$90.00
Are utilities included in this price? Yes
If no, what will utilities cost? N/A

10. Declaration

The above is an accurate and correct description of employment and housing conditions as offered by:

TruGreen ChemLawn (Malvern)

and can be used in the recruitment of workers.

11. Agreed to and signed by

Affidavit

Página 2 de 2

Print Name

REDACTED

Signature

3-7-2005

Date

CONDICIONES PARA LA OBTENCIÓN DE VISA DE TRABAJO

- 1. LLS INTERNATIONAL es una empresa legalmente constituída, que tiene como única finalidad promover las vacantes de empleo generadas por las compañías americanas contratantes (en lo sucesivo los "PATRONES"), sin actuar como patrón ni como intermediario. Durante el desempeño de sus labores, los "PATRONES", deberán de respetar sus condiciones laborales. El "PATRON" tendrá la obligación de respetar lo estipulado en el contrato correspondiente.
- 2. Por lo que respecta a la jornada de trabajo establecida, el número de horas ofrecida por los "PATRONES", es una simple estimación, considerando las condiciones climatológicas y otros eventos imprevistos, que pudieran directa o indirectamente afectar y/o reducir la duración de la jornada del "SOLICITANTE", y con esto perjudicarlo en su remuneración. Si surgieren conflictos entre el "PATRON", y el "SOLICITANTE", serán resueltos y discutidos entre ellos. LLS INTERNATIONAL NO ES EL "PATRÓN", POR LO QUE EL "SOLICITANTE" EXPRESAMENTE LE EXIME DE CUALQUIER RESPONSABILIDAD LABORAL.
- En caso de que el "PATRON" determine que por las condiciones climatológicas y otros eventos imprevistos, el "SOLICITANTE" no pueda continuar prestando sus servicios durante el período que abarque su visa de trabajo; el "PATRON" deberá de cubrir los gastos del "SOLICITANTE" a su lugar de origen, ya que el "SOLICITANTE" no puede trabajar en otra compañía americana, por no estar autorizada expresamente en su visa de trabajo.
- El "SOLICITANTE" dará de inmediato <u>AVISO POR ESCRITO</u> al "PATRÓN" de las causas justificadas que le impidan concurrir a su trabajo. En el supuesto de que el "SOLICITANTE" hiciere caso omiso, el "PATRON" avisará al Gobierno de Estados Unidos y al CONSULADO AMERICANO, para que esta última Autoridad, tome las medidas pertinentes, y en su caso, se le considere INDOCUMENTADO, y se proceda a cancelar su visa de trabajo, perdiendo el "SOLICITANTE" cualquier posibilidad de ser considerado para el programa de visas H2B o H2A.
- El "SOLICITANTE" está de acuerdo que el servicio que presta LLS INTERNATIONAL es únicamente el de tramitar su visa de trabajo ante el CONSULADO AMERICANO a petición de la compañía americana contratante, es decir, el "PATRON". Así mismo, el "SOLICITANTE" entiende que la visa de trabajo no depende de LLS INTERNATIONAL, sino del CONSULADO AMERICANO, por lo que en caso de ser rechazada la solicitud de la visa, LLS INTERNATIONAL no tiene ninguna responsabilidad u obligación de reembolsarle la cantidad que corresponda a la tramitación de su respectiva visa.
- El programa tiene un costo de:
 - a. 155 dólares (USD) para LLS INTERNATIONAL por gastos administrativos.
 - 100 dólares (USD) por la aprobación de la visa en el Consulado.
 - 100 dólares (USD) para el pago de derechos de visa en el Consulado. 200 dólares (USD aproximadamente de transporte para su traslado vía terrestre
 - NOTA: Estos pagos se realizan hasta que la persona haya sido seleccionada y tengan un lugar seguro con algún "PATRON",
- 7. Los reembolsos sólo proceden en los siguientes casos: Cuando es rechazada la solicitud de visa en el Consulado (en este caso se le regresarán 100 dólares). Cuando por parte del "PATRON" solicitante no se llegue à realizar el trabajo, se procederá a colocar al trabajador con otro "PATRON", en caso de no ser posible se le regresarán 255 dólares. NOTA: En todos los demás casos no procederá reembolso alguno.
- Ni LLS INTERNATIONAL ni el **"PATRON"** contratante en Estados Unidos, serán responsables de pagar y/o devolver sus gastos de viaje, ni los que se deriven de proceso de la visa en el Consulado Americano, ESTA ES ÚNICAMENTE RESPONSABILIDAD DEL **"SOLICITANTE"**.
- 9. Tratándose de un nuevo "SOLICITANTE", el "SOLICITANTE" está de acuerdo en someterse a las políticas de transporte y traslado que el "PATRON" haya requerido específicamente en cada caso, incluyendo el traslado por conducto de una línea particular de autobuses. En caso de que el "SOLICITANTE" rehusare a observar tales políticas de traslado, el "SOLICITANTE" desde este momento autoriza a LLS INTERNATIONAL a retener el pasaporte del "SOLICITANTE" y la visa de trabajo concedida por el Consulado, para ser sometida por LLS INTERNATIONAL a nombre del "SOLICITANTE" ante el Consulado, con el objeto de de proceder a la cancelación de la visa de trabajo. Una vez cancelada la visa le será devuelto el pasaporte al "SOLICITANTE".
- Este documento no asegura la obtención de trabajo en los Estados Unidos de América.
- 11. ESTE DOCUMENTO NO ES UN CONTRATO DE TRABAJO.

Yo, el abajo firmante (el "SOLICITANTE"), voluntariamente declaro que acudí personalmente a LLS INTERNATIONAL, con el fin de que se me tramitara una visa temporal de trabajo, sin ser responsabilidad de LLS INTERNATIONAL la negativa del CONSULADO AMERICANO.

REDACTED

March 7, 2005

CONDITIONS FOR OBTAINING A WORK VISA

- 1. LLS INTERNATIONAL is a legally constituted company whose sole purpose is to promote job vacancies generated by the American companies that are hiring (henceforth the "EMPLOYERS") without acting as employer or intermediary. While performing their work, the "EMPLOYERS" must respect labor conditions. The "EMPLOYER" shall have the obligation to respect what is stipulated in the corresponding contract.
- With regard to the established work day, the number of hours offered by the "EMPLOYERS" is a simple estimate, considering the weather conditions and other unforeseen events that may directly or indirectly affect and/or reduce the duration of the "APPLICANT'S" work day, and thereby harm him/her in his/her pay. If conflicts arise between the "EMPLOYER" and the "EMPLOYEE," they shall be resolved and discussed between them. LLS INTERNATIONAL IS NOT THE "EMPLOYER" AND THEREFORE THE "APPLICANT" EXPRESSLY EXEMPTS IT OF ANY LABOR LIABILITY.
- If the "EMPLOYEE" determines that, because of weather conditions and other unforeseen events, the "APPLICANT" cannot continue providing his/her services during the period encompassed in his/her work visa, the "EMPLOYER" must cover the "APPLICANT'S" expenses to his/her place of origin, since the "APPLICANT" cannot work in another American company because he/she is not expressly so authorized in his/her work visa.
- The "APPLICANT" shall immediately give <u>WRITTEN NOTICE</u> to the "EMPLOYER" of justified causes that prevent him/her from coming to work. Should "APPLICANT" fail to do so, the " EMPLOYER" shall notify the United States government and the AMERICAN CONSULATE so that the latter authority may take the relevant steps and, if appropriate,, he/she shall be considered UNDOCUMENTED, and his/her visa shall be cancelled, and the worker will lose the possibility of returning the next year through the H2B visa program.
- The "APPLICANT" agrees that the service provided by LLS INTERNATIONAL is solely that of processing his/her work visa with the AMERICAN CONSULATE at the request of the hiring American company, that is, the "EMPLOYER." The "APPLICANT" likewise understands that the work visa depends not on LLS INTERNATIONAL, but on the AMERICAN CONSULATE, and hence in the event that his/her work visa is denied, LLS INTERNATIONAL has no liability or obligation of reimbursing him/her the sum for processing his/her respective visa.
- The program has a cost of:
 - a. 155 (USD) dollars to LLS INTERNATIONAL for administrative expenses.
 - b. 100 (USD) dollars for approval of the visa at the consulate.
 - 100 (USD) dollars for payment of visa fees at the consulate.
 - d. approximately 200 (USD) dollars transport for his/her travel by land.

NOTE: These payments shall be made only after the person has been chosen and has secure placement with some "EMPLOYER."

- Reimbursements shall only be in order in the following cases:
 - When the visa application is rejected at the Consulate (in this case he/she will get 100 dollars back).
 - When on the side of the requesting "EMPLOYER" the job does not come about, the worker will be placed with another "EMPLOYER"; if this is not possible, he/she will receive 255 dollars back.
 - **NOTE:** In all other cases no reimbursement whatsoever shall be in order.
- Neither LLS INTERNATIONAL nor the hiring "EMPLOYER" in the United States will be responsible for paying and/or returning his/her travel expenses, nor those resulting from processing the visa at the American Consulate. THIS IS SOLELY THE "APPLICANT'S" RESPONSIBILITY.
- When the "APPLICANT" is new, the "APPLICANT" agrees to submit to the transport and travel policies that the "EMPLOYER" has requested specifically in each case, including travel over a particular bus line. Should the "APPLICANT" refuse to observe such travel policies, the "APPLICANT" authorizes LLS INTERNATIONAL as of that moment to withhold the "APPLICANT'S" passport and the work visa granted by the Consulate, to be submitted by LLS INTERNATIONAL to the Consulate for "APPLICANT," in order to cancel the work visa. After the visa is cancelled, the "APPLICANT" will receive his/her passport.
- 10. This document does not assure obtaining work in the United States.
- 11. THIS DOCUMENT IS NOT A LABOR CONTRACT.

be undersigned (the "APPLICANT") voluntarily declare that I have come personally to LLS INTERNATIONAL to have it cess a temporary work visa for me, although LLS INTERNATIONAL shall not be responsible for refusal by the American insulate.

20

STERLING, VA. 2004

1,100

Filed 03/29/2007 Page 2 of 12

LLS International

Página 1 de 1

Employer Disclosure Affidavit

for Company: TruGreen ChemLawn (Sterling)

Order Dated: 9/29/2003 9:58:49 AM

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Name of Sponsoring H-2B company

Address:

TruGreen ChemLawn (Sterling)

106 Executive Dr., Sterling, VA 20166

Office Phone: Fax Phone:

703-478-3225 703-478-3215

Mobile Phone:

703-906-8619

Home or Other Phone:

301-349-2502

Contact Name: Contact Title:

Brad Brown

Branch Manager

Work Information

Occupation Title:

Pesticide Handlers, Sprayers, and Applicators, Vegetation

Occupation Description:

Apply pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, or insecticides to lawns using sprayers, seeders, spreaders, aerators.

Employment Start Date:

3/1/2004 End Date: 11/15/2004

List the tasks and skills needed to perform the work.

Education: none

Experience: operate a vehicle; lawn and fertilization very helpful.

Skills: bilingual; valid driver's license.

Starting wage offered

\$10 O.T. Rate: \$15

(if different from prevailing wage):

40

Average hours of work per week:

300

Rent and utilities per month:

Transportation charge per month

(if applicable):

Other charges to worker per month

(if any);

Comments/Instructions for worker:

none

Day and place paycheck is distributed:

Friday

Will the employer guarantee to supply training if the employee does not have the required skills? YES

Signature of Employee: _

REDACTED

Date: 98/1/2004

http://www.llsint.com/lls/hsys2/formC_eda.asp?S=BXCQMRARIR1282004132048&CU... 28/01/2004

Filed 03/29/2007

ACUERDO SOBRE CONDICIONES LABORALES

- 1) Las condiciones laborales que las compañías norteamericanas contratantes (Patrones) proporcionan a los trabajadores tienen como fin proteger al empleado y al patrón. En base a las condiciones laborales, el patrón esta legalmente obligado a pagar lo estipulado en dicho documento, si el empleado no es remunerado de acuerdo a lo acordado, el o ella deberán de comunicarse a L.L.S. International (81) 8040-7575 y 77 a fin de informar de esta situación.
- 2) El número de horas trabajadas a la semana es solamente una estimación, por lo tanto, cada trabajador debe tener en cuenta, que las condiciones climatológicas y otros eventos imprevistos pueden afectar el total de horas trabajadas a la semana y por lo tanto su ingreso. Todos los desacuerdos deben ser discutidos con el patrón que les contrató. L.L.S. NO ES EL PATRON, favor de no comunicarse para tales asuntos.
- 3) En el caso de que la Compañía Americana que lo contrató determine que por cuestiones climáticas o de fuerza mayor no puede seguir proporcionando trabajo al empleado durante el período que abarque su visa de trabajo; esta deberá cubrir los gastos del empleado a su lugar de origen, ya que el empleado no puede trabajar en otra Compañía en la que no este autorizada en su visa de trabajo. Esta situación será estrictamente responsabilidad de la empresa contratante.
- El trabajador solo puede dejar su trabajo por causa de una emergencia, en dado caso el trabajador esta obligado a avisarle al patrón y pedir permiso por escrito. En caso de no ser así, o que el trabajador renuncie, o se vaya del lugar de trabajo si avisar, se le avisará al I.N.S. y al Consulado Americano, el trabajador será considerado como ilegal y pierde toda protección dada por la visa de trabajo, esto resultará en la cancelación de su visa y el trabajador perderá la posibilidad de regresar el año entrante mediante el programa de visas H2B.
- 5) El trabajador está de acuerdo y entiende que el servicio que presta L.L.S. International consiste estrictamente en el trámite de su visa de trabajo ante el Consulado Americano con su consentimiento y a petición de las Compañías Americanas contratantes. Asimismo entiende que la obtención de la visa de trabajo no depende sino estrictamente del Consulado Americano, por lo que en caso de ser rechazada su solicitud, L.L.S. International no tiene responsabilidad alguna ni compromiso de indemnizar al solicitante, unicamente a reembolsarle el importe de 100 dólares por la tramitación de su visa.
- 6) Los reembolsos solo proceden en los siguientes casos:
 - Cuando es rechazada su solicitud de visa en el consulado, en este caso se le regresarán 100 DÓLARES.
 - Cuando por parte de la empresa solicitante no se llegue a realizar el trabajo estando todavía en México, se procederá a colocar al trabajador en otra empresa, en caso de no ser posible se le regresarán 255 DÓLARES.

NOTA: En todos los demás casos NO PROCEDERA REEMBOLSO ALGUNO

- 7) El servicio de L.L.S. International, tiene un costo de:
 - 155 dólares (USD) para L.L.S. por gastos Administrativos

Los siguientes pagos es lo que cobra el Consuldo Americano:

- 100 dólares (USD) por la tramitación de la visa en el Consulado
- 100 dólares (USD) para el pago de derecho de visa en el Consulado.

200 dólares (USD) aproximadamente de trasporte para su traslado vía terrestre..

NOTA: Estos pagos se realizan hasta que la persona haya sido seleccionada, la persona haya aceptado el trabajo y tengan un lugar seguro en alguna Compañía.

8) L.L.S. International o la compañía contratante en Estados Unidos no serán responsables de pagar y/o devolver sus gastos de viaje, ni los que se deriven del proceso de la visa en el Consulado Americano, ESTA ES UNICAMENTE RESPONSABILIDAD DEL TRABAJADOR

Este documento no asegura la obtención de trabajo.

	Firma del Trabajador
LLS International (Monterrey) Ocampo No. 427 Poniente Entre Rayon y Aldama C.P.64000 Tels.: (81) 8040 7575 / 8040 7577	Fecha

AGREEMENT ON LABOR CONDITIONS

The purpose of the labor conditions that the hiring American companies (Employers) provide to the workers is to protect the employee and the employer. Based on labor conditions, the employer is legally obliged to pay what is stipulated in that document; if the employee is not paid in accordance with what is agreed upon, he or she must notify L.L.S. International (81) 8040-7575 and 77 in order to report this situation.

The number of hours worked in the week is only an estimate; hence each worker must bear in mind that weather conditions and other unforeseen events may affect the total hours worked in the week and therefore his/her income. All disagreements must be discussed with the employer who hired them. L.L.S. IS NOT THE EMPLOYER, please do not contact it for such matters.

Should the American Company that hired him/her determine that, for weather reasons or force majeure, it cannot keep providing work to the employee during the period encompassed in his/her work visa, it must cover the employee's expenses to his/her place of origin, inasmuch as the employee cannot work in another Company in which he/she is not authorized in his/her work visa. This situation will be strictly the responsibility of the hiring company.

The worker may only leave his/her work due to an emergency; in such a case, the worker is obliged to notify the employer and ask for permission in writing. If that is not the case, or the worker quits, or leaves the workplace without giving notice, the I.N.S. and the American Consulate will be notified, the worker will be considered out of status and loses all protection provided by the work visa; this will result in cancellation of his/her visa and the worker will lose the possibility of returning the following year through the H2B visa program.

The worker is in agreement and understands that the service provided by L.L.S. International consists strictly in arranging his/her visa with the American Consulate with his/her consent and at the request of the American Companies hiring. He/she likewise understands that obtaining the work visa depends solely and strictly on the American Consulate, and hence if his/her application is rejected, L.L.S. International has no responsibility and no commitment to compensate the applicant, but only to reimburse him/her the sum of 100 dollars for processing his/her visa.

Reimbursements are only in order in the following cases:

- When his/her visa request is rejected at the consulate; in this case, he/she will receive 100 DOLLARS back.
- When the requesting company does not undertake the work, while one is still in Mexico, the worker will be placed in another company; if this is not possible, he/she will receive 255 DOLLARS back.

NOTE: In all other cases NO REIMBURSEMENT WHATSOEVER SHALL BE IN ORDER.

The L.L.S. International service has a cost of:

- 155 (USD) dollars to L.L.S. for administrative expenses
- The following payments are what the American Consulate charges:
- 100 (USD) dollars for processing the visa at the Consulate.
- 100 (USD) dollars for payment of visa fee at the Consulate

Transport

Approximately 200 (USD) dollars transportation for your travel by land.

NOTE: These payments are only made when the person has been chosen, the person has accepted the job, and they have a secure post at some Company.

L.L.S. International or the hiring company in the United States will not be responsible for paying and/or returning his/her travel expenses, nor those resulting from the visa process in the American Consulate; THIS IS SOLELY THE

WORKER'S RESPONSIBILITY

his document does not assure obtaining work.

LLS International (Monterrey) Ocampo No. 427 Poniente Entre Rayon y Aldama C.P. 64000

Phone Nos.: (81) 8040 7575 / 8040 7577

[signature]
Worker's Signature
[hand written]

Date

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App-37

Translation of App 36

19

WORKER D

ALLENTOWN, PA. 2004

LLS International

Página 1 de 1

Employer Disclosure Affadavit

for Company: TruGreen ChemLawn (Allentown)

Order Dated: 9/25/2003 1:40:25 PM

view Spanish form close this window

Name of Sponsoring H-2B company

Address:

TruGreen ChemLawn (Allentown)

Office Phone:

764 Roble Rd., Allentown, PA 18109

Fax Phone:

610-266-1240

Mobile Phone:

610-266-6194

Home or Other Phone:

610-587-9730

Contact Name:

610-767-5754 Larry Steckel

Contact Title:

Branch Manager

Work Information

Occupation Title:

Pesticide Handlers, Sprayers, and Applicators, Vegetation

Occupation Description:

Apply pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, or insecticides to lawns using sprayers, seeders, aerators.

Employment Start Date:

3/15/2004 End Date: 11/15/2004

List the tasks and skills needed to perform the work.

Education: n/a

Experience: lawn and fertilization very helpful.

Skills: valid driver's license; bilingual

Starting wage offered

\$9.68 O.T. Rate: \$14.52

(if different from prevailing wage): Average hours of work per week:

40

Rent and utilities per month:

260

Transportation charge per month

(if applicable):

Other charges to worker per month

(if any):

Comments/Instructions for worker:

n/a

Day and place paycheck is distributed:

Friday

Will the employer guarantee to supply training if the employee does not have the required skills? YES

Signature of Employer

TRU2153

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1242003111914&CUS... 04/12/03 App-39

ACUERDO SOBRE CONDICIONES LABORALES

- 1) Las condiciones laborales que las compañías norteamericanas contratantes (Patrones) proporcionan a los trabajadores tienen como fin proteger al empleado y al patrón. En base a las condiciones laborales, el patrón esta legalmente obligado a pagar lo estipulado en dicho documento, si el empleado no es remunerado de acuerdo a lo acordado, el o ella deberán de comunicarse a L.L.S. International (81) 8040-7575 y 77 a fin de informar de esta
- 2) El número de horas trabajadas a la semana es solamente una estimación, por lo tanto, cada trabajador debe tener en cuenta, que las condiciones climatológicas y otros eventos imprevistos pueden afectar el total de horas tra bajadas a la semana y por lo tanto su ingreso. Todos los desacuerdos deben ser discutidos con el patrón que les contrató. L.L.S. NO ES EL PATRON, favor de no comunicarse para tales asuntos.
- 3) En el caso de que la Compañía Americana que lo contrató determine que por cuestiones climáticas o de fuerza mayor no puede seguir proporcionando trabajo al empleado durante el período que abarque su visa de trabajo; esta deberá cubrir los gastos del empleado a su lugar de origen, ya que el empleado no puede trabajar en otra Compañía en la que no este autorizada en su visa de trabajo. Esta situación será estrictamente responsabilidad de
- 4) El trabajador solo puede dejar su trabajo por causa de una emergencia, en dado caso el trabajador esta obligado a avisarle al patrón y pedir permiso por escrito. En caso de no ser así, o que el trabajador renuncie, o se vaya del lugar de trabajo si avisar, se le avisará al I.N.S. y al Consulado Americano, el trabajador será considerado como ilegal y pierde toda protección dada por la visa de trabajo, esto resultará en la cancelación de su visa y el tra bajador perderá la posibilidad de regresar el año entrante mediante el programa de visas H2B.
- 5) El trabajador está de acuerdo y entiende que el servicio que presta L.L.S. International consiste estrictamente en el trámite de su visa de trabajo ante el Consulado Americano con su consentimiento y a petición de las Compañías Americanas contratantes. Asimismo entiende que la obtención de la visa de trabajo no depende sino estrictamente del Consulado Americano, por lo que en caso de ser rechazada su solicitud, L.L.S. International no tiene responsabilidad alguna ni compromiso de indemnizar al solicitante, únicamente a reembolsarle el importe de 100 dólares por la tramitación de su visa.
- 6) Los reembolsos solo proceden en los siguientes casos:
 - Cuando es rechazada su solicitud de visa en el consulado, en este caso se le regresarán 100 DÓLARES.
 - Cuando por parte de la empresa solicitante no se llegue a realizar el trabajo estando todavía en México, se procederá a colocar al trabajador en otra empresa, en caso de no ser posible se le regresarán 255 DÓLARES. NOTA: En todos los demás casos NO PROCEDERA REEMBOLSO ALGUNO

- 7) El servicio de L.L.S. International, tiene un costo de:
 - 155 dólares (USD) para L.L.S. por gastos Administrativos Los siguientes pagos es lo que cobra el Consuldo Americano:
 - 100 dólares (USD) por la tramitación de la visa en el Consulado
 - 100 dólares (USD) para el pago de derecho de visa en el Consulado.

200 dólares (USD) aproximadamente de trasporte para su traslado vía terrestre.. NOTA: Estos pagos se realizan hasta que la persona haya sido seleccionada, la persona haya aceptado el trabajo y tengan un lugar seguro en alguna Compañía.

8) L.L.S. International o la compañía contratante en Estados Unidos no serán responsables de pagar y/o devolver sus gastos de viaje, ni los que se deriven del proceso de la visa en el Consulado Americano, ESTA ES UNICAMENTE

Este documento no asegura la obtención de trabajo.

AGREEMENT ON LABOR CONDITIONS

The purpose of the labor conditions that the hiring American companies (Employers) provide to the workers is to protect the employee and the employer. Based on labor conditions, the employer is legally obliged to pay what is stipulated in that document; if the employee is not paid in accordance with what is agreed upon, he or she must notify L.L.S. International (81) 8040-7575 and 77 in order to report this situation.

The number of hours worked in the week is only an estimate; hence each worker must bear in mind that weather conditions and other unforeseen events may affect the total hours worked in the week and therefore his/her income. All disagreements must be discussed with the employer who hired them. L.L.S. IS NOT THE EMPLOYER, please do not contact it for such matters.

Should the American Company that hired him/her determine that, for weather reasons or force majeure, it cannot keep providing work to the employee during the period encompassed in his/her work visa, it must cover the employee's expenses to his/her place of origin, inasmuch as the employee cannot work in another Company in which he/she is not authorized in his/her work visa. This situation will be strictly the responsibility of the hiring company.

The worker may only leave his/her work due to an emergency; in such a case, the worker is obliged to notify the employer and ask for permission in writing. If that is not the case, or the worker quits, or leaves the workplace without giving notice, the I.N.S. and the American Consulate will be notified, the worker will be considered out of status and loses all protection provided by the work visa; this will result in cancellation of his/her visa and the worker will lose the possibility of returning the following year through the H2B visa program.

The worker is in agreement and understands that the service provided by L.L.S. International consists strictly in arranging his/her visa with the American Consulate with his/her consent and at the request of the American Companies hiring. He/she likewise understands that obtaining the work visa depends solely and strictly on the American Consulate, and hence if his/her application is rejected, L.L.S. International has no responsibility and no commitment to compensate the applicant, but only to reimburse him/her the sum of 100 dollars for processing his/her visa.

Reimbursements are only in order in the following cases:

- When his/her visa request is rejected at the consulate; in this case, he/she will receive 100 DOLLARS back.
- When the requesting company does not undertake the work, while one is still in Mexico, the worker will be placed in another company; if this is not possible, he/she will receive 255 DOLLARS back.

NOTE: In all other cases NO REIMBURSEMENT WHATSOEVER SHALL BE IN ORDER.

The L.L.S. International service has a cost of:

- 155 (USD) dollars to L.L.S. for administrative expenses
- The following payments are what the American Consulate charges:
- 100 (USD) dollars for processing the visa at the Consulate.
- 100 (USD) dollars for payment of visa fee at the Consulate

Transport:

Approximately 200 (USD) dollars transportation for your travel by land.

NOTE: These payments are only made when the person has been chosen, the person has accepted the job, and they have a secure post at some Company.

L.L.S. International or the hiring company in the United States will not be responsible for paying and/or returning his/her travel expenses, nor those resulting from the visa process in the American Consulate; THIS IS SOLELY THE

WORKER'S RESPONSIBILITY is document does not assure obtaining work.

LLS International (Monterrey) Ocampo No. 427 Poniente Entre Rayon y Aldama C.P. 64000

Phone Nos.: (81) 8040 7575 / 8040 7577

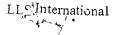
[signature]
Worker's Signature
[hand written]

Date

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Translation of App 40

S. PLAINFIELD, N.J. 2004



Página 1 de 1

Employer Disclosure Affidavit

for Company: TruGreen ChemLawn (So. Plainfield)

Order Dated: 9/29/2003 9:43:53 AM

view premium rates view Spanish form close this window

Name of Sponsoring H-2B company

TruGreen ChemLawn (So. Plainfield)

Address:

117 Corporate Blvd., South Plainfield, NJ 07080

Office Phone:

908-755-2795 908-755-5279

Fax Phone: Mobile Phone:

908-413-8212

Home or Other Phone:

908-537-7675 Scott Heist

Contact Name: Contact Title:

Branch Manager

Work Information

Occupation Title:

Pesticide Handlers, Sprayers, and Applicators, Vegetation

Occupation Description:

Apply pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, or insecticides to lawns using sprayers, seeders, spreaders, aerators.

Employment Start Date:

3/2/2004 End Date: 11/15/2004

List the tasks and skills needed to perform the work.

Education: none

Experience: lawn and fertilization very helpful.

Skills: bilingual; valid driver's license

Starting wage offered

\$10 O.T. Rate: \$15

(if different from prevailing wage):

Average hours of work per week:

40 340

Rent and utilities per month:

Transportation charge per month

40

(if applicable):

Other charges to worker per month

(if any):

Comments/Instructions for worker:

Returning workers will be paid \$11.00/hour. Average hours per week are 40-

50. Workers must have workboots

Day and place paycheck is distributed:

Friday

Will the employer guarantee to supply training if the employee does not have the required skills? YES

Signature of Employer: .

Date: 26/02/2004

http://www.llsint.com/lls/hsys2/formC eda.asp?S=JSKPWOIWFF226200491725&CUSTID=622&OR

26/02/2004

App-43

ACUERDO SOBRE CONDICIONES LABORALES

- 1) Las condiciones laborales que las compañías norteamericanas contratantes (Patrones) proporcionan a los trabajadores tienen como fin proteger al empleado y al patrón. En base a las condiciones laborales, el patrón esta legalmente obligado a pagar lo estipulado en dicho documento, si el empleado no es remunerado de acuerdo a lo acordado, el o ella deberán de comunicarse a L.L.S. International (81) 8040-7575 y 77 a fin de informar de esta situación.
- 2) El número de horas trabajadas a la semana es solamente una estimación, por lo tanto, cada trabajador debe tener en cuenta, que las condiciones climatológicas y otros eventos imprevistos pueden afectar el total de horas trabajadas a la semana y por lo tanto su ingreso. Todos los desacuerdos deben ser discutidos con el patrón que les contrató. L.L.S. NO ES EL PATRON, favor de no comunicarse para tales asuntos.
- 3) En el caso de que la Compañía Americana que lo contrató determine que por cuestiones climáticas o de fuerza mayor no puede seguir proporcionando trabajo al empleado durante el período que abarque su visa de trabajo; esta deberá cubrir los gastos del empleado a su lugar de origen, ya que el empleado no puede trabajar en otra Compañía en la que no este autorizada en su visa de trabajo. Esta situación será estrictamente responsabilidad de la empresa contratante.
- 4) El trabajador solo puede dejar su trabajo por causa de una emergencia, en dado caso el trabajador esta obligado a avisarle al patrón y pedir permiso por escrito. En caso de no ser así, o que el trabajador renuncie, o se vaya del lugar de trabajo sin avisar, se le avisará al I.N.S. y al Consulado Americano, el trabajador será considerado como ilegal y pierde toda protección dada por la visa de trabajo, esto resultará en la cancelación de su visa y el trabajador perderá la posibilidad de regresar el año entrante mediante el programa de visas H2B.
- 5) El trabajador está de acuerdo y entiende que el servicio que presta L.L.S. International consiste estrictamente en el trámite de su visa de trabajo ante el Consulado Americano con su consentimiento y a petición de las Compañías Americanas contratantes. Asimismo entiende que la obtención de la visa de trabajo no depende sino estrictamente del Consulado Americano, por lo que en caso de ser rechazada su solicitud, L.L.S. International no tiene responsabilidad alguna ni compromiso de indemnizar al solicitante, únicamente a reembolsarle el importe de 100 dólares por la tramitación de su visa.
- 6) Los reembolsos solo proceden en los siguientes casos:
 - Cuando es rechazada su solicitud de visa en el consulado, en este caso se le regresarán 100 DÓLARES.
 - Cuando por parte de la empresa solicitante no se llegue a realizar el trabajo estando todavía en México, se procederá a colocar al trabajador en otra empresa, en caso de no ser posible se le regresarán 255 DÓLARES.
 NOTA: En todos los demás casos NO PROCEDERA REEMBOLSO ALGUNO
- 7) El servicio de L.L.S. International, tiene un costo de:
 - 155 dólares (USD) para L.L.S. por gastos Administrativos

Los siguientes pagos es lo que cobra el Consuldo Americano:

- 100 dólares (USD) por la tramitación de la visa en el Consulado
- 100 dólares (USD) para el pago de derecho de visa en el Consulado.

Transporte:

200 dólares (USD) aproximadamente de trasporte para su traslado vía terrestre...

NOTA: Estos pagos se realizan hasta que la persona haya sido seleccionada, la persona haya aceptado el trabajo y tengan un lugar seguro en alguna Compañía.

8) L.L.S. International o la compañia contratante en Estados Unidos no serán responsables de pagar y/o devolver sus gastos de viaje, ni los que se deriven del proceso de la visa en el Consulado Americano, ESTA ES UNICAMENTE RESPONSABILIDAD DEL TRABAJADOR

Este documento no asegura la obtención de trabajo.

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Firma del Trabajador

LLS International (Monterrey) Ocampo No. 427 Poniente Entre Rayon y Aldama C.P.64000

Tels.: (81) 8040 7575 / 8040 7577

26/02/2004

AGREEMENT ON LABOR CONDITIONS

The purpose of the labor conditions that the hiring American companies (Employers) provide to the workers is to protect the employee and the employer. Based on labor conditions, the employer is legally obliged to pay what is stipulated in that document; if the employee is not paid in accordance with what is agreed upon, he or she must notify L.L.S. International (81) 8040-7575 and 77 in order to report this situation.

The number of hours worked in the week is only an estimate; hence each worker must bear in mind that weather conditions and other unforeseen events may affect the total hours worked in the week and therefore his/her income. All disagreements must be discussed with the employer who hired them. L.L.S. IS NOT THE EMPLOYER, please do not contact it for such matters.

Should the American Company that hired him/her determine that, for weather reasons or force majeure, it cannot keep providing work to the employee during the period encompassed in his/her work visa, it must cover the employee's expenses to his/her place of origin, inasmuch as the employee cannot work in another Company in which he/she is not authorized in his/her work visa. This situation will be strictly the responsibility of the hiring company.

The worker may only leave his/her work due to an emergency; in such a case, the worker is obliged to notify the employer and ask for permission in writing. If that is not the case, or the worker quits, or leaves the workplace without giving notice, the I.N.S. and the American Consulate will be notified, the worker will be considered out of status and loses all protection provided by the work visa; this will result in cancellation of his/her visa and the worker will lose the possibility of returning the following year through the H2B visa program.

The worker is in agreement and understands that the service provided by L.L.S. International consists strictly in arranging his/her visa with the American Consulate with his/her consent and at the request of the American Companies hiring. He/she likewise understands that obtaining the work visa depends solely and strictly on the American Consulate, and hence if his/her application is rejected, L.L.S. International has no responsibility and no commitment to compensate the applicant, but only to reimburse him/her the sum of 100 dollars for processing his/her visa.

Reimbursements are only in order in the following cases:

- When his/her visa request is rejected at the consulate; in this case, he/she will receive 100 DOLLARS back.
- When the requesting company does not undertake the work, while one is still in Mexico, the worker will be placed in another company; if this is not possible, he/she will receive 255 DOLLARS back.

NOTE: In all other cases NO REIMBURSEMENT WHATSOEVER SHALL BE IN ORDER.

The L.L.S. International service has a cost of:

- 155 (USD) dollars to L.L.S. for administrative expenses
- The following payments are what the American Consulate charges:
- 100 (USD) dollars for processing the visa at the Consulate.
- 100 (USD) dollars for payment of visa fee at the Consulate

Transport

Approximately 200 (USD) dollars transportation for your travel by land.

NOTE: These payments are only made when the person has been chosen, the person has accepted the job, and they have a secure post at some Company.

L.L.S. International or the hiring company in the United States will not be responsible for paying and/or returning his/her travel expenses, nor those resulting from the visa process in the American Consulate; THIS IS SOLELY THE WORKER'S RESPONSIBILITY

is document does not assure obtaining work.

LS International (Monterrey) Ocampo No. 427 Poniente Untre Rayon y Aldama C.P. 64000

Phone Nos.: (81) 8040 7575 / 8040 7577

[signature]
Worker's Signature
[hand written]

Date

Taking si to be sin]

App-45

Translation of App 44

19

WORKER F

WESTERVILLE, OHIO 2003

LLS Internation al

Página 1 de 1

Employer Disclosure Affadavit

for Company: TruGreen-ChemLawn **Order Dated:** 12/10/2002 7:27:35 PM

> view Spanish form close this window

Name of Sponsoring H-2B company

TruGreen-ChemLawn

Address:

461 Enterprise Drive, Westerville, OH 43081

Office Phone:

614-431-0825

Fax Phone:

614-431-0155

Mobile Phone:

614-832-5540

Home or Other Phone:

740-548-5480

Contact Name:

Al Karow

Contact Title:

Branch Manager

Work Information

Occupation Title:

Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers

Occupation Description:

Mow, cut, water, and edge lawns; rake and blow leaves; dig holes for bushes; pull and chop weeds; prune; and h and mulch.

Employment Start Date:

4/10/2003 End Date: 11/30/2003

List the tasks and skills needed to perform the work.

Education: High School diploma or GED

Experience: none

Skills: Good English required (bilingual)

Starting wage offered

\$10 O.T. Rate: \$15

(if different from prevailing wage):

Average hours of work per week:

40

Rent and utilities per month:

164

Transportation charge per month

(if applicable):

Other charges to worker per month

(if any):

Comments/Instructions for worker:

Day and place paycheck is distributed:

Friday

Will the employer guarantee to supply training if the employee does not have the required skills? YES

Signature of Employer:

Title:

LEDACTED

___ Date: 21/01/2003

 $http://www.llsint.com/lls/hsys2/formC_eda.asp?S=MIQSLGVRFF121200315028\&CUS... \quad 21/01/200315028\&CUS... \quad 21/01/200316028\&CUS... \quad 21/01/200316028\&CUS... \quad 21/01/200316028\&CUS... \quad 21/01/200316028\&CUS... \quad 21/01/200316028\&CUS... \quad 21/01/2008\%\&CUS... \quad 21/01/2008\%\&CUS... \quad 21/01/2008\%\&CUS... \quad 21/01/2008\%\&CUS... \quad 21/01/2008\%\&CUS... \quad 21/01/200$

App-47

ACUERDO SOBRE CONDICIONES LABORALES

- 1) Las condiciones laborales que las compañías norteamericanas contratantes (Patrones) proporcionan a los trabajadores tienen como fin proteger al empleado y al patrón. En base a las condiciones laborales, el patrón esta legalmente obligado a pagar lo estipulado en dicho documento, si el empleado no es remunerado de acuerdo a lo acordado, el o ella deberán de comunicarse a L.L.S. International (81) 8040-7575 y 77 a fin de informar de esta situación.
- 2) El número de horas trabajadas a la semana es solamente una estimación, por lo tanto, cada trabajador debe tener en cuenta, que las condiciones climatológicas y otros eventos imprevistos pueden afectar el total de horas trabajadas a la semana y por lo tanto su ingreso. Los gastos de renta y servicios no deben de exceder el 20% del Ingreso establecido. Todos los desacuerdos deben ser discutidos con el patrón que les contrató. L.L.S. NO ES EL PATRON, favor de no comunicarse para tales asuntos.
- 3) En el caso de que la Compañía Americana que lo contrató determine que por cuestiones climáticas o de fuerza mayor no puede seguir proporcionando trabajo al empleado durante el período que abarque su visa de trabajo; esta deberá cubrir los gastos del empleado a su lugar de origen, ya que el empleado no puede trabajar en otra Compañía en la que no este autorizada en su visa de trabajo. Esta situación será estrictamente responsabilidad de la empresa contratante.
- 4) El trabajador solo puede dejar su trabajo por causa de una emergencia, en dado caso el trabajador esta obligado a avisarle al patrón y pedir permiso por escrito. En caso de no ser así, o que el trabajador renuncie, o se vaya del lugar de trabajo si avisar, se le avisará al I.N.S. y al Consulado Americano, el trabajador será considerado como ilegal y pierde toda protección dada por la visa de trabajo, esto resultará en la cancelación de su visa y el trabajador perderá la posibilidad de regresar el año entrante mediante el programa de visas H2B.
- 5) El trabajador está de acuerdo y entiende que el servicio que presta L.L.S. International consiste estrictamente en el trámite de su visa de trabajo ante el Consulado Americano con su consentimiento y a petición de las Compañías Americanas contratantes. Asimismo entiende que la obtención de la visa de trabajo no depende sino estrictamente del Consulado Americano, por lo que en caso de ser rechazada su solicitud, L.L.S. International no tiene responsabilidad alguna ni compromiso de indemnizar al solicitante, unicamente a reembolsarle el importe de 100 dólares por la tramitación de su visa.
- 6) Los reembolsos solo proceden en los siguientes casos:
 - Cuando es rechazada su solicitud de visa en el consulado, en este caso se le regresarán 100 DÓLARES.
 - Cuando por parte de la empresa solicitante no se llegue a realizar el trabajo, se procederá a colocar al trabajador en otra empresa, en caso de no ser posible se le regresarán 255 DÓLARES.

NOTA: En todos los demás casos NO PROCEDERA REEMBOLSO ALGUNO

- 7) El servicio de L.L.S. International, tiene un costo de:
 - 155 dólares (USD) para L.L.S. por gastos de Reclutamiento
 - 100 dólares (USD) por la tramitación de la visa en el Consulado
 - 100 dólares (USD) para el pago de derecho de visa en el Consulado.

200 dólares (USD) aproximadamente de trasporte para su traslado vía terrestre..

NOTA: Estos pagos se realizan hasta que la persona haya sido seleccionada y tengan un lugar seguro en alguna Compañía.

- 8) L.L.S. International o la compañía contratante en Estados Unidos no serán responsables de pagar y/o devolver sus gastos de viaje, ni los que se deriven del proceso de la visa en el Consulado Americano, ESTA ES UNICAMENTE RESPONSABILIDAD DEL TRABAJADOR
- Este documento no asegura la obtención de trabajo.

Firma del Trabajador REDACTED 21-Enero-2003 Testigo(

App-48

AGREEMENT ON LABOR CONDITIONS

The purpose of the labor conditions that the hiring American companies (Employers) provide to the workers is to protect the employee and the employer. Based on labor conditions, the employer is legally obliged to pay what is stipulated in that document; if the employee is not paid in accordance with what is agreed upon, he or she must notify L.L.S. International (81) 8040-7575 and 77 in order to report this situation.

The number of hours worked in the week is only an estimate; hence each worker must bear in mind that weather conditions and other unforeseen events may affect the total hours worked in the week and therefore his/her income. All disagreements must be discussed with the employer who hired them. L.L.S. IS NOT THE EMPLOYER, please do not contact it for such matters.

Should the American Company that hired him/her determine that, for weather reasons or force majeure, it cannot keep providing work to the employee during the period encompassed in his/her work visa, it must cover the employee's expenses to his/her place of origin, inasmuch as the employee cannot work in another Company in which he/she is not authorized in his/her work visa. This situation will be strictly the responsibility of the hiring company.

The worker may only leave his/her work due to an emergency; in such a case, the worker is obliged to notify the employer and ask for permission in writing. If that is not the case, or the worker quits, or leaves the workplace without giving notice, the I.N.S. and the American Consulate will be notified, the worker will be considered out of status and loses all protection provided by the work visa; this will result in cancellation of his/her visa and the worker will lose the possibility of returning the following year through the H2B visa program.

The worker is in agreement and understands that the service provided by L.L.S. International consists strictly in arranging his/her visa with the American Consulate with his/her consent and at the request of the American Companies hiring. He/she likewise understands that obtaining the work visa depends solely and strictly on the American Consulate, and hence if his/her application is rejected, L.L.S. International has no responsibility and no commitment to compensate the applicant, but only to reimburse him/her the sum of 100 dollars for processing his/her visa.

Reimbursements are only in order in the following cases:

- When his/her visa request is rejected at the consulate; in this case, he/she will receive 100 DOLLARS back.
- When the requesting company does not undertake the work, while one is still in Mexico, the worker will be placed in another company; if this is not possible, he/she will receive 255 DOLLARS back.

NOTE: In all other cases NO REIMBURSEMENT WHATSOEVER SHALL BE IN ORDER.

The L.L.S. International service has a cost of:

- 155 (USD) dollars to L.L.S. for administrative expenses
- The following payments are what the American Consulate charges:
- 100 (USD) dollars for processing the visa at the Consulate.
- 100 (USD) dollars for payment of visa fee at the Consulate

Transport

Approximately 200 (USD) dollars transportation for your travel by land.

NOTE: These payments are only made when the person has been chosen, the person has accepted the job, and they have a secure post at some Company.

L.L.S. International or the hiring company in the United States will not be responsible for paying and/or returning his/her travel expenses, nor those resulting from the visa process in the American Consulate; THIS IS SOLELY THE WORKER'S RESPONSIBILITY

is document does not assure obtaining work.

LS International (Monterrey)
0campo No. 427 Poniente
Intre Rayon y Aldama
0.P. 64000

Phone Nos.: (81) 8040 7575 / 8040 7577

[signature]
Worker's Signature
[hand written]

Date

Taking si to be sin]

App-49

Translation of App 48

19

STERLING, VA. 2006

Página 1 de 2

Condiciones de Trabajo

1. Empleador/ Area de Trabajo

Nombre de la Empresa: TruGreen ChemLawn (Sterling)

Direccion: 106 Executive Dr. Sterling, VA 20166 Telefono: 703-478-3225

2. Periodo de Trabajo

Inicio 3/2/2006 Termino 11/30/2006

3. Descripcion de Trabajo

Apply pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, or insecticides to lawns using sprayers, seeders, spreaders, aerators. Entry level position.

Cuota de Pago normal: \$10.50

Cuota de pago tiempo extra: \$15.75

Dia de Pago: Friday

Quincenal: No

Horas: 7:00 AM - 5:00 PM

Tiempo para comida: 30 minutes

Dias de Trabajo: 5-6

4. Requerimientos especiales

None

5. Transportacion./ Llegada a U.S.

El trabajador pagara sus propios gastos de transportacion desde su casa en Mexico al lugar de su trabajo. El trabajador es igualmente responsible for el costo de regreso de su lugar de trabajo a su casa en Mexico al finalizar el periodo de trabajo.

El trabajador de be de viajar a:

106 Executive Dr. Sterling, VA 20166

Para asuntos relacionados con el viaje por favor contactar a:

Persona de Contacto: Brad Brown
Titulo del Contacto: Branch Manager
Telefono de Contacto: 703-478-3225
Telefono de Contacto: 703-906-8619

6. Aseguranza

Se provee de Seguro de compensacion del trabajor? Yes

7. Beneficios

Hay algun otro beneficio para el trabajador? No Si es asi, a que costo para el trabajador? N/A

8. Herramientas, ropa protectora, u otro articulo el cual debe ser proporcionado por el trabajador

none

9. Vivienda

El patron no es responsible de la vivenda del trabajador. El patron solo ayida a los trabajadores haciendo los arreglos de vivienda previos a la llegada del trabajador. La vivienda debe de estar de acuerdo con todo los requerimientos para propiedades de renta del Estado y Locales. El trabajador puede encontrar su propia vivienda a cualquier tiempo sin que haya discriminacion por parte del empleador hacia el o ella. La siguiente informacion solo son estimados y no estimados y no

Cargos por Vivienda por Semana: \$75.00
Gastos Semanales de Trasporte: \$0.00
Se incluyen los gastos por utilidades (electricidad, etc)? No

REDACTED

http://www.mexicanlabor.com/LlsRecruiting/Forms/Worker/AffidavitSpanish.aspx?work... 12/01/2006

App-51

TRU1389

'Affidavit

9.

Página 1 de 2

Terms of Employment
Employer / Area of Employment
Company Name: TruGreen ChemLawn
Address:
Telephone:
2. Period of Employment
3. Task Description
Apply pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, or insecticides to lawns using sprayers, spreaders, seeders and aerators.
Standard pay rate: Overtime pay rate:
Hours: BI-weekly:
Work Days: .
4. Special Requirements
5. Transportation / U.S. Arrival
The worker will pay his/her own transportation cost from their home in Mexico to the place of employment. Worker is equally responsible for the cost of returning from the place of employment to their home at the end of the employment period.
Worker must travel to:
For travel related issues please contact: Liason name:
Liason title:
Liason telephone 1:
Liason telephone 2:
6. Insurance
Is workers compensation insurance provided by the employer? Yes
7. Benefits
Are any other honofits and the control of the contr
Are any other benefits provided to the worker? No If yes, at what cost to the worker? N/A
8. Tools, protective clothing, and other items that must be provided by the worker
none and thust be provided by the worker
9. Worker Housing
The employer is not responsible for worker housing. The employer agrees to assist the worker by making arrangements in advance for possible worker housing. Housing shall meet all applicable state and local codes for against him/her. The following are estimates only and are not binding. Weekly charges for each of the employer
recently charges for such housing.
Are utilities included in this price? If no, what will utilities cost?
REDACTED 0

http://www.llsint.com/LlsRecruiting/Forms/Worker/AffidavitEnglish.aspx?workerid=244...

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Translation of App 51

CONDICIONES PARA LA OBTENCIÓN DE VISA DE TRABAJO

- LLS-MEXICO es una empresa legalmente constituída, que tiene como única finalidad promover las vacantes de empleo generadas por las compañías americanas contratantes (en lo sucesivo los "PATRONES"), sin actuar como patrón ni como intermediario. Durante el desempeño de sus labores, los "PATRONES", deberán de respetar sus condiciones laborales. El "PATRON" tendrá la obligación de respetar lo estipulado en el contrato correspondiente.
- 2. Por lo que respecta a la jornada de trabajo establecida, el número de horas ofrecida por los "PATRONES", es una simple estimación, considerando las condiciones climatológicas y otros eventos imprevistos, que pudieran directa o indirectamente afectar y/o reducir la duración de la jornada del "SOLICITANTE", y con esto perjudicarlo en su remuneración. Si surgieren conflictos entre el "PATRON", y el "SOLICITANTE", serán resueltos y discutidos entre ellos. LLS-MEXICO NO ES EL "PATRÓN", POR LO QUE EL "SOLICITANTE" EXPRESAMENTE LE EXIME DE CUALQUIER RESPONSABILIDAD LABORAL.
- 3. En caso de que el "PATRON" determine que por las condiciones climatológicas y otros eventos imprevistos, el "SOLICITANTE" no pueda continuar prestando sus servicios durante el período que abarque su visa de trabajo; el "PATRON" deberá de cubrir los gastos del "SOLICITANTE" a su lugar de origen, ya que el "SOLICITANTE" no puede trabajar en otra compañía americana, por no estar autorizada expresamente en su visa de trabajo.
- 4. El "SOLICITANTE" dará de inmediato <u>AVISO POR ESCRITO</u> al "PATRÓN" de las causas justificadas que le impidan concurrir a su trabajo. En el supuesto de que el "SOLICITANTE" hiciere caso omiso, el "PATRON" avisará al Gobierno de Estados Unidos y al CONSULADO AMERICANO, para que esta última Autoridad, tome las medidas pertinentes, y en su caso, se le considere INDOCUMENTADO, y se proceda a cancelar su visa de trabajo, perdiendo el "SOLICITANTE" cualquier posibilidad de ser considerado para el programa de visas H2B o H2A.
- 5. El "SOLICITANTE" está de acuerdo que el servicio que presta LLS-MEXICO es únicamente el de tramitar su visa de trabajo ante el CONSULADO AMERICANO a petición de la compañía americana contratante, es decir, el "PATRON". Así mismo, el "SOLICITANTE" entiende que la visa de trabajo no depende de LLS-MEXICO, sino del CONSULADO AMERICANO, por lo que en caso de ser rechazada la solicitud de la visa, LLS-MEXICO no tiene ninguna responsabilidad u obligación de reembolsarle la cantidad que corresponda a la tramitación de su respectiva visa.
- 6. El programa tiene un costo de:
 - a. 165 dólares (USD) para LLS-MEXICO por gastos administrativos.
 - b. 100 dólares (USD) por la aprobación de la visa en el Consulado.
 - c. 100 dólares (USD) para el pago de derechos de visa en el Consulado.
 d. 200 dólares (USD aproximadamente de transporte para su traslado vía terrestre
 - NOTA: Estos pagos se realizan hasta que la persona haya sido seleccionada y tengan un lugar seguro con algún "PATRON".
- 7. Los reembolsos sólo proceden en los siguientes casos:
 - Cuando es rechazada la solicitud de visa en el Consulado (en este caso se le regresarán 100 dólares).

 Cuando por parte del "PATRON" solicitante no se llegue a realizar el trabajo, se procederá a colocar al trabajador con otro "PATRON", en caso de no ser posible se le regresarán 265 dólares.

 NOTA: En todos los demás casos no procederá reembolso alguno.
- Ni LLS-MEXICO ni el "PATRON" contratante en Estados Unidos, serán responsables de pagar y/o devolver sus gastos de viaje, ni los que se deriven de proceso de la visa en el Consulado Americano, ESTA ES ÚNICAMENTE RESPONSABILIDAD DEL "SOLICITANTE".
- 9. Tratándose de un nuevo "SOLICITANTE", el "SOLICITANTE" está de acuerdo en someterse a las políticas de transporte y traslado que el "PATRON" haya requerido específicamente en cada caso, incluyendo el traslado por conducto de una línea particular de autobuses. En caso de que el "SOLICITANTE" rehusare a observar tales políticas de traslado, el "SOLICITANTE" desde este momento autoriza a LLS-MEXICO a retener el pasaporte del "SOLICITANTE" y la visa de trabajo concedida por el Consulado, para ser sometida por LLS-MEXICO a nombre del "SOLICITANTE" ante el Consulado, con el objeto de de proceder a la cancelación de la visa de trabajo. Una vez cancelada la visa le será devuelto el pasaporte al "SOLICITANTE".
- 10. Este documento no asegura la obtención de trabajo en los Estados Unidos de América.
- 11. ESTE DOCUMENTO NO ES UN CONTRATO DE TRABAJO.

Yo, el abajo firmante (el "SOLICITANTE"), voluntariamente declaro que acudí personalmente a LLS-MEXICO, con el fin de que se me tramitara una visa temporal de trabajo, sin ser responsabilidad de LLS-MEXICO la negativa del CONSULADO AMERICANO.

REDACTED	January 12, 2006
Nicanor Diaz Martinez	

CONDITIONS FOR OBTAINING A WORK VISA

- LLS INTERNATIONAL is a legally constituted company whose sole purpose is to promote job vacancies generated by the American companies that are hiring (henceforth the "EMPLOYERS") without acting as employer or intermediary. While performing their work, the "EMPLOYERS" must respect labor conditions. The "EMPLOYER" shall have the obligation to respect what is stipulated in the corresponding contract.
- With regard to the established work day, the number of hours offered by the "EMPLOYERS" is a simple estimate, considering the weather conditions and other unforeseen events that may directly or indirectly affect and/or reduce the duration of the "APPLICANT'S" work day, and thereby harm him/her in his/her pay. If conflicts arise between the "EMPLOYER" and the "EMPLOYEE," they shall be resolved and discussed between them. LLS INTERNATIONAL IS NOT THE "EMPLOYER" AND THEREFORE THE "APPLICANT" EXPRESSLY EXEMPTS IT OF ANY LABOR LIABILITY.
- If the "EMPLOYEE" determines that, because of weather conditions and other unforeseen events, the "APPLICANT" cannot continue providing his/her services during the period encompassed in his/her work visa, the "EMPLOYER" must cover the "APPLICANT'S" expenses to his/her place of origin, since the "APPLICANT" cannot work in another American company because he/she is not expressly so authorized in his/her work visa.
- The "APPLICANT" shall immediately give WRITTEN NOTICE to the "EMPLOYER" of justified causes that prevent him/her from coming to work. Should "APPLICANT" fail to do so, the " EMPLOYER" shall notify the United States government and the AMERICAN CONSULATE so that the latter authority may take the relevant steps and, if appropriate,, he/she shall be considered UNDOCUMENTED, and his/her visa shall be cancelled, and the worker will lose the possibility of returning the next year through the H2B visa program.
- The "APPLICANT" agrees that the service provided by LLS INTERNATIONAL is solely that of processing his/her work visa with the AMERICAN CONSULATE at the request of the hiring American company, that is, the "EMPLOYER." The "APPLICANT" likewise understands that the work visa depends not on LLS INTERNATIONAL, but on the AMERICAN CONSULATE, and hence in the event that his/her work visa is denied, LLS INTERNATIONAL has no liability or obligation of reimbursing him/her the sum for processing his/her respective visa.
- The program has a cost of:
 - a. 165 (USD) dollars to LLS INTERNATIONAL for administrative expenses.
 - b. 100 (USD) dollars for approval of the visa at the consulate.
 - c. 100 (USD) dollars for payment of visa fees at the consulate.
 - d. approximately 200 (USD) dollars transport for his/her travel by land.

NOTE: These payments shall be made only after the person has been chosen and has secure placement with some "EMPLOYER."

- Reimbursements shall only be in order in the following cases:
 - When the visa application is rejected at the Consulate (in this case he/she will get 100 dollars back). When on the side of the requesting "EMPLOYER" the job does not come about, the worker will be placed with another "EMPLOYER"; if this is not possible, he/she will receive 255 dollars back.

NOTE: In all other cases no reimbursement whatsoever shall be in order.

- Neither LLS INTERNATIONAL nor the hiring "EMPLOYER" in the United States will be responsible for paying and/or returning his/her travel expenses, nor those resulting from processing the visa at the American Consulate. THIS IS SOLELY THE "APPLICANT'S" RESPONSIBILITY.
- When the "APPLICANT" is new, the "APPLICANT" agrees to submit to the transport and travel policies that the "EMPLOYER" has requested specifically in each case, including travel over a particular bus line. Should the "APPLICANT" refuse to observe such travel policies, the "APPLICANT" authorizes LLS INTERNATIONAL as of that moment to withhold the "APPLICANT'S" passport and the work visa granted by the Consulate, to be submitted by LLS INTERNATIONAL to the Consulate for "APPLICANT," in order to cancel the work visa. After the visa is cancelled, the "APPLICANT" will receive his/her passport.
- 10. This document does not assure obtaining work in the United States.
- 11. THIS DOCUMENT IS NOT A LABOR CONTRACT.

be undersigned (the "APPLICANT") voluntarily declare that I have come personally to LLS INTERNATIONAL to have it scess a temporary work visa for me, although LLS INTERNATIONAL shall not be responsible for refusal by the American onsulate.

[name hand written]

Translation of App 53

20

21

24

App-54

WORKER H

UPPER SADDLE RIVER, N.J. 2006

alkanon (status)

Affidavit

Página 1 de 2

Condiciones de Trabajo

1. Empleador/ Area de Trabajo

Nombre de la Empresa: TruGreen ChemLawn (Upper Saddle)

Direccion: 118 Rt. 17 North

PO Box 117

Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

Telefono: 201-825-8833

2. Periodo de Trabajo

Inicio 3/2/2006 Termino 11/15/2006

3. Descripcion de Trabajo

Apply pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, or insecticides to lawns using sprayers, seeders, spreaders, aerators.

Cuota de Pago normal: \$12.50

Cuota de pago tiempo extra: \$18.75

Quincenal: No

Dia de Pago: Friday
Horas: 7:00 AM - 3:30 PM

Tiempo para comida: 30 minutes

Dias de Trabajo: 5-6

4. Requerimientos especiales

None

5. Transportacion./ Liegada a U.S.

El trabajador pagara sus propios gastos de transportacion desde su casa en Mexico al lugar de su trabajo. El trabajador es igualmente responsible for el costo de regreso de su lugar de trabajo a su casa en Mexico al finalizar el periodo de trabajo.

El trabajador de be de viajar a:

118 Rt. 17 North PO Box 117 Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

Para asuntos relacionados con el viaje por favor contactar a:

Persona de Contacto: Bob Coursen
Titulo del Contacto: Branch Manager
Telefono de Contacto: 201-825-8833
Telefono de Contacto: 201-206-9148

6. Aseguranza

Se provee de Seguro de compensacion del trabajor? Yes

7. Beneficios

Hay algun otro beneficio para el trabajador? No Si es asi, a que costo para el trabajador? N/A

8. Herramientas, ropa protectora, u otro articulo el cual debe ser proporcionado por el trabajador

none

9. Vivienda

El patron no es responsible de la vivenda del trabajador. El patron solo ayida a los trabajadores haciendo los arreglos de vivienda previos a la llegada del trabajador. La vivienda debe de estar de acuerdo con todo los requerimientos para propiedades de renta del Estado y Locales. El trabajador puede encontrar su propia vivienda cualquier tiempo sin que haya discriminacion por parte del empleador hacia el o ella. La siguiente informacion solo con estimados y no es obligatorio el aceptarlos:

Cargos por Vivienda por Semana: \$42.00

Gastos Semanales de Trasporte: \$0.00

Se incluyen los gastos por utilidades (electricidad, etc)? No

http://www.mexicanlabor.com/LlsRecruiting/Forms/Worker/AffidavitSpanish.aspx?work... 21/02/2006

'Affidavit

Página 1 de 2

	Terms of Employment
	1. Employer / Area of Employment
	Company Name: TruGreen ChemLawn Address:
	Telephone:
	2. Period of Employment
	3. Task Description
	Apply pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, or insecticides to lawns using sprayers, spreaders, seeders and assets.
	Standard pay rate: Overtime pay rate:
	Payday: Bi-weekly:
	Hours: Si-weekly: Work Days: Lunch Break:
	4. Special Requirements
	4-montants
·	- Simportation / G.S. Arrival
	The worker will pay his/her own transportation cost from their home in Mexico to the place of employment. Worker is equally responsible for the cost of returning from the place of employment to their home at the end of the employment period.
	Worker must travel to:
	For travel related issues please contact:
	Liason name:
	Liason title: Liason telephone 1:
	Liason telephone 2:
6.	Insurance
	Is workers compensation insurance provided by the employer? Yes
7.	Benefits
	Are any other benefits provided to the worker? No
	if yes, at what cost to the worker? N/A
8.	Tools, protective clothing, and other items that must be provided by the worker none
9.	Worker Housing
	The employer is not responsible for worker housing. The employer agrees to assist the worker by making arrangements in advance for possible worker housing. Housing shall meet all applicable state and local codes for against him/her. The following are estimates only and are not binding. Weekly charges for each line worker worker housing at any time without incurring the prejudice of the employer
	Weekly charges for such housing: Are utilities included in this price? If no, what will utilities cost?
	REDACTED 9
http:/	//www.llsint.com/LlsRecruiting/Forms/Worker/AffidavitEnglish.aspx?workerid=244
	orker/Amdavitenglish.aspx?workerid=244

App-57

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Translation of App 56

CONTRATO DE COMISIÓN MERCANTIL

CONTRATO DE COMISIÓN MERCANTIL (en lo sucesivo referido como el "Contrato") que celebran por una parte Leobardo Ramirez Zapata (en lo sucesivo referido como el "Comitente") por su propio derecho, y por LLS MEXICO, S. DE R.L. DE C.V. (en lo sucesivo referido como el "Comisionista" y junto con el Comitente referidos como las "Partes" e individualmente referidos como "Parte"), mismo que celebran de conformidad con las siguientes declaraciones y cláusulas

DECLARACIONES:

DECLARA EL COMITENTE:

- I. Que está en búsqueda de empleo, por lo tanto ha solicitado del Comisionista sus servicios para promover al Comitente con empleadores en los Estados Unidos de América, mediante la solicitud de servicios previamente firmada por el Comitente la cual se agrega al presente Contrato como "Anexo 1", para formar parte integral del mismo.
- II. Que ha solicitado al Comisionista que mediante el pago de una contraprestación (a) tramite al Comitente una visa de trabajo ante el Consulado de los Estados Unidos de América, y (b) coloque al Comitente con un empleador en los Estados Unidos de América, en un empleo temporal, en los términos y condiciones que más adelante se establecen.
- III. Que considera que el Comisionista posee la habilidad y capacidad para lograr los fines mencionados en la Declaración que antecede.

DECLARA EL COMISIONISTA POR CONDUCTO DE SU APODERADO:

- IV. Que su Representada es una persona moral constituida conforme a las leves mexicanas.
- V. Que la capacidad con la que se ostenta y las facultades con las que suscribe el presente Contrato no le han sido modificadas ni revocadas en forma alguna.
- VI. Que el Comisionista se dedica principal, pero no exclusivamente, a (a) gestionar y tramitar visas temporales de trabajo con el Consulado de Estados Unidos de América en México, y (b) promover las vacantes de empleo generadas por empleadores en los Estados Unidos de América, sin actuar como patrón ni como intermediario.
- VII. Que ha recibido del Comitente una solicitud de servicios, por virtud de la cual el Comitente, mediante el pago de una contraprestación al Comisionísta, solicita el servicio de (a) tramitación de visa de trabajo ante el Consulado de los Estados Unidos de América, y (b) coloque al Comitente con un empleador en los Estados Unidos de América, en un empleo temporal, en los términos y condiciones que más adelante se establecen.

EN VIRTUD DE LO ANTERIOR, las Partes convienen en obligarse de conformidad con las siguientes

CLÁUSULAS:

PRIMERA. <u>TÉRMINOS DEFINIDOS</u>. Salvo que lo contrario se prevea en otras Cláusulas de este Contrato y sin perjuicio de otros términos aquí utilizados, los siguientes términos tendrán los significados que se les asignan:

"Patrón", significa el empleador estadounidense contratante (el cual podrá ser persona física o moral), con la cual el Comitente tendrá la relación de trabajo.

"<u>USD</u>", significa Dólares de los Estados Unidos de América, en recursos inmediatamente disponibles.

SEGUNDA. COMISIÓN. Sujeto a los términos y condiciones previstas en este Contrato, el Comitente designa y confiere al Comisionista un mandato mercantil para que en su nombre y representación, por cuenta y costo únicamente del Comitente (a) tramite una visa temporal de trabajo ante el Consulado de los Estados Unidos de América, y (b) coloque al Comitente con un empleador en los Estados Unidos de América, en un empleo temporal, y de esta forma se le promocione en las vacantes de empleo de los Patrones contratantes (en lo sucesivo, el "Encargo").

TERCERA. EJECUCIÓN DEL ENCARGO. El Comisionista en este acto se obliga a emplear sus mejores esfuerzos, relaciones, experiencia, conocimientos y elementos para llevar a cabo el Encargo de manera eficiente, diligente y en el menor tlempo posible. El Comitente en este acto reconoce que el Comisionista no garantiza la obtención de trabajo en los Estados Unidos de América. En la medida posible, el Comitente obedecerá las políticas de transportación del Comisionista

Si el Comitente optara por utilizar su propio medio de transportación entonces el Comitente en este acto libera e indemniza y mantendrá a salvo al Comisionista (y sus accionistas, socios, directores y funcionarios) libre y a salvo de cualquier responsabilidad que surja como resultado de ello, incluso por no llegar a tiempo con el Patrón.

CUARTA. CONTRAPRESTACIÓN.

- 4.1 La contraprestación que las Partes han convenido por la ejecución que haga el Comisionista del Encargo, será la siguiente: (i) USD\$165, por gastos administrativos para el Comisionista; (ii) USD\$100, por la aprobación de la visa en el Consulado; (iii) USD\$100, para el pago de derechos de visa en el Consulado, y (iv) USD\$200, aproximadamente por el transporte para el traslado vía terrestre del Comisionista.
- 4.2 Los pagos anteriormente señalados se realizarán una vez que el Comitente haya sido seleccionado y tenga un lugar seguro con algún Patrón.
- **4.3** El Comisionista no tiene ninguna responsabilidad u obligación de rembolsar al Comitente la cantidad que corresponda a la tramitación de la respectiva visa del Comitente.
- 4.4 Los reembolsos sólo proceden en los siguientes casos: (i) Cuando es rechazada la solicitud de visa en el Consulado (en este caso se reembolsarán USD\$100); (ii) Cuando por parte del Patrón solicitante no se llegue a realizar el trabajo, se procederá a colocar al Comitente con otro Patrón, en caso de no ser posible se le regresarán USD\$255. En todos los demás casos no procederá reembolso alguno.

[Reversol. Página 2

QUINTA. VIGENCIA. Este Contrato entrará en vigor y será efectivo a partir de la fecha de su firma, en el entendido de que será obligatorio para las Partes por 365 días naturales. No obstante lo anterior, este Contrato podrá darse por terminado en cualquier momento por cualquiera de las Partes, mediante notificación por escrito con 5 (cinco) días naturales de anticipación a la otra Parte. La obligación del Comisionista cesará según lo que suceda primero del vencimiento del término antes mencionado o al colocar al Comitente con el

SEXTA. RELACIÓN ENTRE LAS PARTES. Nada en este Contrato será considerado o interpretado para constituir al Comitente y a el Comisionista como agentes o empleados uno del otro, y ninguna de las disposiciones de este Contrato será interpretada para responsabilizar al Comisionista por las deudas, responsabilidades y obligaciones del Comitente. Excepto por lo expresamente convenido en este Contrato, las Partes convienen en no emprender o tomar acción o realizar algún acto que (a) crearía una obligación a la otra Parte, y (b) hacer que cualquier tercero crea que una de las Partes es un representante de la otra Parte o que esté autorizado para actuar en nombre y representación de la otra.

SÉPTIMA. INDEMNIZACIÓN. El Comitente en este acto expresamente reconoce y comprende que no tiene ninguna relación patronal y/o laboral con el Comisionista, ni con sus accionistas, directores, funcionarios o empleados, por lo que el Comisionista no tiene responsabilidad alguna en materia de seguridad social, de vivienda, de ahorro para el retiro e impuestos sobre nómina, ni cualesquier otra obligación de cualesquier naturaleza hacia el Comitente salvo lo aquí establecido.

En virtud de lo anterior, el Comitente en este acto releva, libera y conviene, en mantener libre y a salvo al Comisionista, a sus accionistas, directores, funcionarios o empleados, de cualesquier contingencia, cantidad, responsabilidad u obligación de cualquier naturaleza, derivado de la obligación entre el Comitente y el Patrón. Esta cláusula subsistirá y permanecerá vigente, por un término de 5 (cinco) años contados a partir de la fecha en que el Comitente deje su trabajo con el Patrón o en que se termine el presente Contrato, según lo que suceda.

OCTAVA. AUSENCIA DE VICIOS. Las Partes en este acto reconocen que el presente Contrato no importa error, lesión, coerción, violencia, mala fé o intimidación alguna entre las Partes y que ninguna de ellas ha abusado de la ignorancia, miseria o inexperiencia de la otra Parte y por lo tanto, en este acto renuncian a cualquier derecho que tuvieran para rescindir o anular el presente Contrato en los términos de los articulos 17 y 1818 del Código Civil Federal.

NOVENA .- MISCELÁNEO.

- 9.1 DIVISIBILIDAD. Si cualquier término o disposición de este Contrato es, en cualquier medida declarada ilegal, no válida, nula o no ejecutable, las disposiciones restantes de este Contrato no serán afectadas o perjudicadas, y todos los otros términos y disposiciones de este Contrato permanecerán con total vigencia y efecto en la medida más amplia permitida por
- 9.2 ASISTENCIA MUTUA. Cada Parte deberá firmar cualquier documento posterior según lo requiera razonablemente la otra Parte, pero únicamente en la medida que el efecto de dichos documentos sea el dar cumplimiento y efecto legal a los derechos y obligaciones establecidos en este Contrato.
- 9.3 <u>ACUERDO INTEGRO Y MODIFICACIONES.</u> Este Contrato y la Solicitud constituyen el acuerdo integro entre las Partes especificamente con respecto a los asuntos que aquí se contemplan y no existen otras manifestaciones, garantías o promesas, ya sean escritas o verbales, expresas o implícitas entre las Partes con respecto a este Contrato. Este Contrato se compone del presente documento y de sus respectivos Anexos, los cuales forman parte integral del mismo. Ninguna modificación o reforma al presente Contrato será obligatoria para las Partes a menos que sea en documento por escrito y firmado a nombre de las Partes por conducto de sus representantes o apoderados autorizados.

DÉCIMA. LEGISLACIÓN APLICABLE Y JURISDICCIÓN. Las Partes en este acto reconocen y acuerdan que este Contrato es de naturaleza mercantil, y como tal será regido e interpretado de conformidad con el Código de Comercio y el Código Civil Federal aplicado supletoriamente. Para todas las cuestiones pertinentes a la interpretación, cumplimiento y aplicación de este Contrato, las Partes expresamente se someten a la jurisdicción de los Tribunales competentes del fuero común en la Ciudad de Monterrey, Nuevo León, México, renunciando a cualquier otra jurisdicción que pudieran tener derecho por razón de sus domicilios presentes o futuros

EN CONSTANCIA DE LO CUAL, las Partes firman el presente el día 21 de Febrer	Contrato en la ciudad de Guanajuato , Estado de Guanajuato
COMITENTE:	EL COMISIONISTA: LLS MÉXICO, S. DE R.L. DE C.V.
Por:	Por:
Nombre:	Nombre: Maria Alejandra Dominguez Ramirez
	Puesto: Apoderado
Testigo:	Testigo:
Nombre:	Nombre:

Commission Agency Agreement

commission Agency (henceforth referred to as the 'Agreement'') which is signed on the one hand by Jose Esteban Hernandez Neri (henceforth referred as the "Principal") in his/her own name and by LLS Mexico, S. de C.V. (henceforth referred to as the "Agent") and together with the Principal referred as the "Parties") which is signed in accordance with the following declarations and clauses.

DECLARATIONS:

THE PRINCIPAL DECLARES:

That he/she is seeking employment and hence has requested from the gent its services in the United States of America through the request for ervices previously signed by the Principal which is attached to this Contract as "Attachment 1" to form an integral part of it.

That he/she has asked the Agent by paying a consideration (a) to range a work visa for the Principal with the United States Consulate and to place the Principal with an employer in the United States of America a temporary employment under the terms and conditions established inther on.

That he/she considers that the Agent has the ability and capacity to whieve the purposes stated in the foregoing Declaration.

THE AGENT DECLARES THROUGH ITS ATTORNEY-IN-FACT:

- IV. That the party he/she represents is a legal entity established in accordance with Mexican legislation.
- V. That the capacity that he/she bears and the powers with which he/she signs this Agreement have not been changed or revoked in any manner.
- VI. That the Agent is devoted principally but not exclusively to (a) arranging and processing temporary work visas with the United States Consulate in Mexico and (b) promoting employment positions generated by employers in the United States without acting as employer or as intermediary.
- VII. That he/she has received from the Principal a request for services by virtue of which the Principal, by the payment of a consideration to the Agent requests the service of (a) processing a work visa with the United States Consulate and (b) placing the Principal with an employer in the United States in a temporary employment under the terms and conditions set forth below.

BY VIRTUE OF THE FOREGOING, the Parties agree to bind themselves in accordance with the following

CLAUSES:

NE. TERMS DEFINED. Unless otherwise provided for in other Clauses this Agreement and without prejudice to other terms here used, the blowing terms shall have the meanings assigned to them.

Employer" means the United States hiring employer (which may be a hysical person or a legal entity) with which the Principal will have the work elationship.

USD" means United States dollars in funds immediately available.

WO COMMISSION. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this greement, the Principal designates and confers on the Agent a ommercial mandate so that on his/her behalf and at the expense and cost wely of the Principal (a) it may arrange a temporary work visa with the mited States Consulate, and (b) place the Principal with an employer in the United States in a temporary employment and in this manner he/she may be placed in the employment positions of the hiring Employers henceforth, the "Commission").

HREE. EXECUTION OF THE COMMISSION. The Principal is hereby ound to employ its best efforts, relationships, experience, knowledge and leans to carry out the Commission efficiently, diligently, and in the least issible time. The Principal hereby recognizes that the Agent does not parantee obtaining a job in the United States. Insofar as possible, the incipal will observe the Agent's transportation policies.

If the Principal opts to use his/her own means of transportation then the Principal hereby exempts and compensates and will hold harmless the Agent (and its shareholders, partners, board members, and employees) free and safeguarded from any liability that may arise as a result of it, including for not reaching the Employer on time.

FOUR. CONSIDERATION.

- 4.1 The consideration that the Parties have agreed upon for the Agent's execution of the Commission shall be as follows: (i) USD\$ 165.00 for administrative expenses to the Agent, (ii) USD\$100 for approval of the visa at the Consulate, (iii) USD\$ 100 for payment of visa fees at the Consulate, and (iv) approximately USD\$200.00 for transportation for the Principal's land travel.
- 4.2 The payments indicated above shall be made after the Principal has been selected and has secure placement with some Employer.
- 4.3 The Agent has no responsibility or obligation to reimburse the Principal the sum for processing the Principal's respective visa.
- 4.4 Reimbursements shall only be in order in the following cases (i) When the visa request is rejected at the Consulate (in this case \$100 shall be reimbursed) (ii) When the requesting Employer does not perform the work, the Principal shall be placed with another Employer, if that is not possible he/she shall get USD\$255 back. In all other cases no reimbursement shall be in order.

VALIDITY PERIOD. This agreement shall go into effect as the date of its signing with the understanding that it will be done on the Parties for 365 calendar days. The foregoing withstanding, this Agreement may be terminated at any time by the of the Parties, through notification in writing with 5 (five) endar days advance notice to the other Party. The Agent's gation shall cease depending on whichever happens first: the tementioned expiration period or the Principal is placed with the ployer.

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE PARTIES Nothing in this reement shall be considered or interpreted to constitute the ricipal and Agent as representatives or employees of one other, and none of the provisions of this Agreement shall be expreted to bind the Agent for the Principal's debts, liabilities, and ligations. Except for what is expressly agreed upon in this reement, the Parties agree to not undertake or take action or aform any act that (a) would create an obligation on the other lay, and (b) make any third party believe that one of the Parties is expresentative of the other Party or that it is authorized to act on the other.

The Principal hereby expressly tognizes and understands that it has no employer and/or labor alionship with the Agent, nor with its shareholders, board embers, officials or employees, and hence the Agent has no sponsibility whatsoever in the area of social security, housing, ulement savings, and payroll taxes nor any other obligation of any ture toward the Principal, except what is here established.

wirtue of the foregoing, the Principal hereby exempts, releases, agrees to hold harmless the Agent or its shareholders, board embers, officials, or employees from any contingency, sum, sponsibility or obligation of any nature, resulting from the agation between the Principal and the Employer. This clause all subsist and shall remain in effect for a period of 5 (five) years arting from the date when the Principal leaves his/her work with Employer or on which this Contract ends, as the case may be.

ABSENCE OF DEFECTS. The Parties hereby recognize at this Agreement does not entail error, injury, coercion, violence, at faith, or any intimidation between the Parties, and that neither them has taken advantage of the ignorance, destitution, or experience of the other Party, and therefore they hereby waive by right that they may have to rescind or void this Agreement in eterms of articles [illegible] and 1615 of the Federal Civil Code.

NINE. MISCELLANEOUS

- **9.1 DIVISIBILITY.** If any term or provision of this Agreement is in any measure declared illegal, not valid, null or not executable, the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall not be affected or harmed, and all other terms and provisions of this Agreement shall remain fully in effect in the broadest measure permitted by law.
- **9.2 MUTUAL ASSISTANCE.** Each Party must sign any subsequent document as reasonably requested by the other Party, but only to the extent that the effect of such documents is to assure compliance and legal effect to the rights and obligations established in this Agreement.
- 9.3 FULL AGREEMENT AND MODIFICATIONS. This Agreement and the Application constitute the complete agreement between the Parties, specifically with regard to the matters here considered, and there are no other manifestations, guarantees or promises, whether written or verbal, express or implicit, between the Parties with regard to this Agreement. This Agreement is comprised of this document and its respective Attachments, which are integrally part of it. No modification or amendment to this Agreement shall be binding on the Parties unless it is in a document in writing and signed on behalf of the Parties through their authorized representatives or proxies.

TEN. APPLICABLE LEGISLATION AND JURISDICTION. The Parties hereby recognize and agree that this Contract is of a commercial mature, and as such it shall be governed and interpreted in accordance with the Code of Commerce and the Federal Civil Code [illegible]. For all questions related to the interpretation, fulfillment, and application of this Agreement, the Parties expressly submit to the jurisdiction of the competent courts of the common venue in the City of Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico, waiving any other venue to which they might be entitled by reason of their present or future domiciles.

A RECORD OF WHICH, the Parties sign this Agreement in the city of Cholula, State of Puebla,

	THE	PRINCIPAL			THE AGENT	
					LLS MEXICO, S. de R.L. de C.V	١.
🙀 [signature]			By [signa	ature]	
Name: .				Name:		
				Position At	ttorney-in-fact	
litness [s	signature]				·	
Waligi i i ⊂	THE CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF TH	The second secon	A 1	Witness	[signature]	
				Name	A	

Translation of App 59

SUMMARY OF TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT DOCUMENTS

Produced By Defendants

			_					
			Offered	Offered	Number Of Wo	irkers Ass	Number Of Workers Assigned To Branch	
Branch	State	Year	Wage	T/O	2003	2004	2005	Bate Stamps of Documents Summission
	1			Rate				Care Cramps of Cocamerius Califficatived
Newbort	OE	2006	1	Ŧ			0	2234 3021
Newport	DE.	2005	10				22	2011 2028 2025 2020 2022
Newport	DE	2004	11.34	17.01		Œ		2011, 2220, 3020, 3030
Newport	DE	2003	10		4			2017, 2020, 2029, 2198
Boltimore	77	0000						
Doltimore		2006	10.67				5	3241, 3246, 3249, 3306, 3319
autunore	Mid	2005	1	16			4	3316, 3321
Gaitherburg	Md	2006	101	18 75				
Gaitherburg	Md	2005	10.1				2	2695, 2702, 2707, 2712, 2717
Gaitherburg	Md	2004	10.7	i		-	20	2105, 2108, 2593, 2722, 2724, 2731, 2735, 2740
Gaitherburg	Md	2003	5.3			4		2084, 2090, 2095, 2102
			0	į	1			2080, 2088 2093, 2098
Hagerstown	Md	2006	10.67	91			9	2250, 2305, 2316, 2330, 2687, 2688
Lorton	Va	2006	10.5	15.75				
Lorton	Va	2005	10	14			t	3056, 3043, 3048, 308/
Lorton	Va	2004	10	15		~	0	3053, 3058, 3068, 3069, 3074, 3077, 3083
Lorton	Va	2003	10	15	4	5		1993, 1999, 2005
Dichmond	27							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
2	ਨ >	2006	8.97	13.45			4	2931, 2938, 2943, 2950
Sterling	Va	2006	10.5	15.75			96	1900 1901 1001 1001
							07	1365, 1364, 1385, 1389, 1396, 1399, 1404, 1409, 1410, 1416, 1421, 1426, 1431, 1436, 1441, 1444, 1449.
Sterling	k/	2005						1452, 1455, 1456
0	3	COON	0	Ω			18	1392, 1465, 1469, 1470, 1473, 1476, 1479, 1482, 1485,
Sterling	Va	2004	101	7		c		1490, 1493, 1496, 1500, 1508, 1512, 1514, 2428
Sterling	Va	2004	10.17	15.05		0 -		1518, 1827, 1833, 1839, 1853, 1855, 1865, 1869
Sterling	Va	2003	Ç		0	-		1820
			2	3	D			1520, 1824, 1829, 1835, 1841, 1845, 1849, 1857, 1861,
Allentown	Ра	2006	11.5	17.25			ı	2081 3060 2074 2081 0000
Allentown	Ра	2006	11.36	17.04			o e.	3258 3201 2208
Allentwn	Ра	2005	10	15		-	9	2201 3202 2225 2220 2220 2222
Allentown	Ъа	2004	9.68	14.52		6	>	0.10
Allentown	Ъа	2003	9.68	14.52	9			2123, 2129, 2135, 2139, 2145, 2160
Malvern	Pa	2002	11.30	16.00				
Malvern	Ра	2006	136	17.00			,	1530
			2	t0.71			12	2351, 2367, 2384, 2395, 3093, 3096, 3099, 3102,
Malvern	Pa	2005	10	ŭ		-		3105, 3108, 3111, 3114
							-	11.00 CLOO LOOO

	3	5	10.41	15.62	_	_	_		
Malvern	Ра	2004	10	4		- 0		-	2052
Malvern	Pa	2003	2 5	י כ	c	0		-	2037, 2041, 2044, 2046, 2056, 2060, 2068, 2074
			2	0	D				2048, 2063, 2070,
Randolph	Pa	2006	11.63	17.44			-	10	2406, 2417, 2876, 2881, 2886, 2891, 2896, 2901
Randolph	Pa	2005	11.63	17.44					2921, 3263
Randolph	Pa	2004	3 5	7	+	1	4		2905, 2908, 2912, 2918
Randolph	Ра	2003	no info	2	6	`		_	1949, 1952, 1959, 1970, 1977, 1986, 2180 1938, 1939, 1945, 1954, 1961, 1966, 1974, 1981
					-				
Warminster	Ра	2006	11.36	17,04				1	7077
Warminster	Pa	2005	9.5	14.25					1381, 1384, 1592, 15
Warminster	Pa	2004	9.5	14.25		u	-		2628
Warminster	Pa	2004	10.41	15.62		0		-	1589, 1717, 1724, 1730, 2624
Warminster	Pa	2003		1	-	7			1704, 1728
				 					1732
rammydale	2	2006	12.95	19.42			7	4	3226, 3227, 3228, 3233
Farmingdale	2	2004	10	7		7			
Farmingdale	3	2003	11.25	16.88	-	-			2112
				2	-				2117
S. Plainfield	⊋.	2006	7.94	11.91			4		2499 2515 2532 2768
S. Plaintield	2	2006	13.65	20.47			α		2460 2744 2740 2750 0757 0701
S. Plaintield	2	2005	10	15]=		1876, 2475, 2507, 2529, 2751, 2761, 2764, 2804
S Plainfield	-	1000							2777, 2788, 2799
	2	2004	10	15		10			1880, 1885, 1914, 1917, 1921, 1926, 1929, 1932.
Plainfield	2	2004	11 97	17.08					2481, 2546
S. Plainfield	2	2003	5.	17.00		,			1891, 1897, 1898, 1919, 2450, 2782, 2793
			2	2	20				1887, 1895, 1902, 1904, 1909, 2259, 2488, 2784, 2795
Thorofare	2	2006	11 36	17.04					
Thorofare	Z	2005	3 5	5 2					1537, 1542, 1545, 1548, 1551, 1559, 2565
Thorofare	2	2004	2 2	5 4		C	20		1554, 1767, 1770, 1775, 1780, 1784, 2216, 2222
Thorofare	3	2003	10	15	9	0			1795, 1798, 1802, 1812, 1817, 2186, 2192, 2195, 1788, 1792, 1804, 1808, 1815, 2270
Upper Saddle River	3	2006	12.5	18 75					0.177
i i				2			4		1565, 1570, 2585, 2607
Upper Saddle Biver	2 2	2004	10	15		5			1738, 1747, 1758, 2434, 2599
Sei Saudie nivel	2	2003	6	13.5	4				1743, 1750, 1754, 1763
Westerville	Ohio	2003	10	12	4				1607, 1609, 2340, 2457
Westbrook	Me	2006	0	15			· ·		0100 0000 0001 0101
							_		1612 1618 1623 2637 2648

App-64

SUMMARY OF

BATE STAMP NUMBERS OF TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT AND WORKER EXPENSE DOCUMENTS FROM INDIVIDUAL WORKER FILES PRODUCED BY DEFENDANTS

WORKER FILES

Note: Each horizontal row represents one worker file for a year

Bates No. Bates No. Branch Year	Terms of Work Document	Document Listing Expenses Owed		
1384 x Sterling 2006 1385 1387 Sterling 2006 1398 1390 Sterling 2006 1392 1393 Sterling 2006 1399 1401 Sterling 2006 1404 1406 Sterling 2006 1409 x Sterling 2006 1410 1413 Sterling 2006 1421 1422 Sterling 2006 1426 1429 Sterling 2006 1436 1437 Sterling 2006 1441 1433 Sterling 2006 1441 1443 Sterling 2006 1441 1450 Sterling 2006 1450 Sterling 2006 1450 Sterling 2006 1450 Sterling 2006 1461 Sterling 2006 1470 Sterling 2006 1481 Sterling 2006 1491 Sterling 2006 1491 Sterling 2006 1401 Sterling 2006 1402 Sterling 2006 1403 Sterling 2006 1404 Sterling 2006 1405 Sterling 2006 1406 Sterling 2006 1407 Sterling 2006 1408 Sterling 2006 1409 Sterling 2005 1504 Sterling 2005 1508 Sterling 2005 1508 Sterling 2005 1514 Sterling 2005 1518 Sterling 2005 1521 Sterling 2006 1530 Sterling 2005 1530 Sterling 2006 1530 Sterling 2005	Bates No.	Bates No.	Branch	Year
1384 x Sterling 2006 1385 1387 Sterling 2006 1398 1390 Sterling 2005 1392 1393 Sterling 2006 1399 1401 Sterling 2006 1404 1406 Sterling 2006 1409 x Sterling 2006 1410 1413 Sterling 2006 1416 1418 Sterling 2006 1421 1422 Sterling 2006 1426 1429 Sterling 2006 1426 1429 Sterling 2006 1431 1433 Sterling 2006 1436 1437 Sterling 2006 1441 1442 Sterling 2006 1444 1446 Sterling 2006 1441 1442 Sterling 2006 1452 1453 Sterling 2006 1455 X	1383	X	Sterling	2006
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1493 1494 Sterling 2005 1496 1499 Sterling 2005 1500 1503 Sterling 2005 1504 1507 Sterling 2005 1508 1510 Sterling 2005 1512 X Sterling 2005 1514 1516 Sterling 2005 1518 1519 Sterling 2004 1520 1521 Sterling 2003 1524 1525 Sterling 2006 1530 1532 Malvern 2007			Sterling	2005
1496 1499 Sterling 2005 1500 1503 Sterling 2005 1504 1507 Sterling 2005 1508 1510 Sterling 2005 1512 X Sterling 2005 1514 1516 Sterling 2005 1518 1519 Sterling 2004 1520 1521 Sterling 2003 1524 1525 Sterling 2006 1530 1532 Malvern 2007			Sterling	2005
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1508 1510 Sterling 2005 1512 X Sterling 2005 1514 1516 Sterling 2005 1518 1519 Sterling 2004 1520 1521 Sterling 2003 1524 1525 Sterling 2006 1530 1532 Malvern 2007				2005
1512 x Sterling 2005 1514 1516 Sterling 2005 1518 1519 Sterling 2004 1520 1521 Sterling 2003 1524 1525 Sterling 2006 1530 1532 Malvern 2007				
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1518 1519 Sterling 2004 1520 1521 Sterling 2003 1524 1525 Sterling 2006 1530 1532 Malvern 2007				2005
1520 1521 Sterling 2003 1524 1525 Sterling 2006 1530 1532 Malvern 2007			Sterling	2005
1524 1525 Sterling 2006 1530 1532 Malvern 2007			Sterling	2004
1530 1532 Malvern 2007			——————————————————————————————————————	2003
1507				2006
1537 1539 Thorofare 2006				2007
	1537	1539	Thorofare	2006

1542	1543	Thorofare	2006
154 5	1546	Thorofare	2006
1548	1549	Thorofare	2006
1551	1552	Thorofare	2006
1554	1556	Thorofare	2005
1559	1561	Thorofare	2006
1565	1566	Upper Saddle R.	2006
1570	1572	Upper Saddle R	2006
1576	1578	Warminster	2006
1581	X	Warminster	2006
1584	1586	Warminster	2006
1589	Χ	Warminster	2005
1592	1593	Warminster	2005
1595	1597	Warminster	2005
1599	X	Warminster	2006
1600	1602	Warminster	2006
1604	X	Sterling	2006
1607	1608	Westerville Oh.	2003
1609	1610	Westerville Oh.	2003
1612	1613	Westbrook Me.	2006
1617	X	Westbrook Me.	2006
1618	1620	Westbrook Me.	2006
1623	1625	Westbrook Me.	2006
1629	1631	Yaphank	2006
1637	1638	Yaphank	2006
1642	1643	Yaphank	2006
1646	1649	Yaphank	2006
1652	1653	Yaphank	2006
1655	1656	Yaphank	2006
1659	1661	Yaphank	2006
1663	1665	Yaphank	2006
1670	1672	Yaphank	2006
1677	1678	Yaphank	2004
1682	1683	Yaphank	2004
1686	1688	Yaphank	2004
1689	1690	Yaphank	2004
1696	1697	Yaphank	2004
1701	1702	Yaphank	2004
1704	X	Warminster	2004
1705	1707	Yaphank	2004
1708	1709	Yaphank	2004
1712	1713	Yaphank	2004
1717	1718	Warminster	2004
1724	1725	Warminster	2004
1728	1729	Warminster	2004
1730	1731	Warminster	2004
1732	1734	Warminster	2003
1738	1739	Upper Saddle R.	2004
1743	1744	Upper Saddle R.	2003
17 47	1748	Upper Saddle R.	2004
1750	1751	Upper Saddle R.	2004
1754	1755	Upper Saddle R.	2003
			_000

1758	1759	Upper Saddle R.	2004
1763	1764	Upper Saddle R.	2003
1767	1768	Thorofare	2005
1770	1773	Thorofare	2005
1775	1778	Thorofare	2005
1780	1782	Thorofare	2005
1784	1786	Thorofare	2005
1788	1789	Thorofare	2003
1792	1793	Thorofare	2003
1795	1794	Thorofare	2004
1798	1799	Thorofare	2004
1802	1803	Thorofare	2004
1804	1805	Thorofare	2003
1808	1809	Thorofare	2003
1812	1813	Thorofare	2004
1815	1816	Thorofare	2003
1817	1818	Thorofare	2004
1820	1821	Sterling	2004
1824	1825	Sterling	2003
1827	1828	Sterling	2004
1828	1830	Sterling	2003
1833	1834	Sterling	2004
1835	1836	Sterling	2003
1839	1840	Sterling	2004
1841	1842	Sterling	2003
1845	1846	Sterling	2003
1849 1853	1850	Sterling	2003
1855	1854	Sterling	2004
1857	1856	Sterling	2004
1861	1858	Sterling	2003
1865	1862	Sterling	2003
1869	1866 1970	Sterling	2004
1871		Sterling	2004
1876	1873 1878	Sterling	2006
1880	1881	South Plainfield	2005
1885	1886	South Plainfield	2004
1887	1888	South Plainfield	2004
1891	1892	South Plainfield	2003
1895	1896	South Plainfield	2004
1897	X	South Plainfield South Plainfield	2003
1898	1899	South Plainfield	2004
1902	1903	South Plainfield	2004
1904	1905	South Plainfield	2003
1909	1911	South Plainfield	2003
1914	1915	South Plainfield	2003
1917	1918	South Plainfield	2004
1919	1920	South Plainfield	2004
1921	1922	South Plainfield	2004
1926	1928	South Plainfield	2004
1929	1930	South Plainfield	2004
1932	1933	South Plainfield	2004 2004
		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2004

1938	X	Randolph	2003
1939	1940	Randolph	2003
1943	1944	Randolph	2004
1945	1946	Randolph	2003
1949	1950	Randolph	2004
1952	1953	Randolph	2004
1954	1956	Randolph	2003
1959	1960	Randolph	2004
1961	1963	Randolph	2003
1966	1967	Randolph	2003
1970	1971	Randolph	2004
1974	1976	Randolph	2003
1977	1978	Randolph	2004
1981	1983	Randolph	2003
1984	1985	Randolph	2003
1986	1987	Randolph	2003
1989	1990	Lorton	2004
1993	1994	Lorton	2003
1995	1996	Lorton	
1999			2003
2001	2000	Lorton	2004
	2002	Lorton	2003
2005	2006	Lorton	2004
2008	2009	Lorton	2003
2013	2014	Newport Del.	2004
2017	2019	Newport Del.	2003
2020	2021	Newport Del.	2003
2022	2023	Newport Del.	2004
2027	2028	Newport Del.	2004
2029	2031	Newport Del.	2003
2034	2035	Newport Del.	2004 Plaintiff
2037	2038	Malvern	2004
2041	2043	Malvern	2004
2044	2045	Malvern	2004
2046	2047	Malvern	2004
2048	2049	Malvern	2003
2052	2053	Malvern	2004
2056	2057	Malvern	2004
2060	2061	Malvern	2004
2063	2065	Malvern	2003
2068	2069	Malvern	2004
2070	2071	Malvern	2003
2074	2075	Malvern	2004
2080	2081	Gaithersburg	2003
2084	2085	Gaithersburg	2004
2088	2089	Gaithersburg	2003
2090	2091	Gaithersburg	2004
2093	2094	Gaithersburg	2003
2095	2096	Gaithersburg	2004
2098	2099	Gaithersburg	2004
2102	2104	Gaithersburg	2003
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		•	
2108	2106 2109	Gaithersburg Gaithersburg	2005 2005

2112	2113	Farmingdale NJ	2004
2117	2118	Farmingdale NJ	2003
2120	2121	Allentown PA	2004
2123	2124	Allentown PA	2003
2127	2128	Allentown PA	2004
2129	2130	Allentown PA	2003
2133	2134	Allentown PA	2004
2135	2136	Allentown PA	2003
2139	2140	Allentown PA	2003
2143	× ×	Allentown PA	2004
2145	2146	Allentown PA	2003
2149	2152	Allentown PA	2004
2153	2154	Allentown PA	2004
2158	2159	Allentown PA	2004
2160	2163	Allentown PA	2004
2164	2166	Allentown PA	
2170	2171		2004
2176		Newport Del.	2004
	2177	Newport Del.	2004
2180	2181	Randolph	2004
2186	2187	Thorofare	2004
2192	2193	Thorofare	2004
2195	2196	Thorofare	2004
2198	2199	Newport Del.	2005
2216	2217	Thorofare	2005
2222	2224	Thorofare	2005
2228	2230	Newport Del.	2005
2234	2237	Newport Del.	2006
2243	2245	Sterling	2006
2250	2253	Hagerstown Md	2006
2259	2260	South Plainfield	2003
2270	2271	Thorofare	2003
2281	2284	Allentown PA	2006
2291	2293	Allentown PA	2005
2297	2298	Allentown PA	2004
2305	2307	Hagerstown Md	2006
2316	2319	Hagerstown Md	2006
2330	2333	Hagerstown Md	2006
2340	2341	Westerville Oh.	2003
2351	2354	Malvern	2006
2359	2360	Malvern	2005
2367	2370	Malvern	2006
2375	2377	Malvern	2005
2384	2386	Malvern	2006
2395	2398	Malvern	2006
2406	2409	Randolph	2006
2417	2420	Randolph	2005
2428	2430	Sterling	2005
2434	2435	Upper Saddle R.	2003
2442	2445	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2450	2451	South Plainfield	2004
2457	2458	Westerville Oh.	2003
2469	2471	South Plainfield	2003
		Coda: Fidilinoid	2000

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2475	2477	South Plainfield	2005
2481	2482	South Plainfield	2003
2488	2489	South Plainfield	2004
2499	2502	South Plainfield	2005
2507	2509	South Plainfield	2005
2515	2519	South Plainfield	2005
2523	2525	South Plainfield	
2532	2535	South Plainfield	2005
2540	2542	South Plainfield	2006
2546	2547	South Plainfield	2005
2555	x	Sterling	2004
2565	2567	Thorofare	2006
2575	2577	Thorofare	2006
2585	2587	Upper Saddle R.	2005
2593	2595	Gaithersburg	2006
2599	2600	Upper Saddle R.	2005
2607	2610	Upper Saddle R.	2004
2616	2619	Warminster	2006 2006
2624	2625	Warminster	2006
2628	2630	Warminster	2004 2005
2637	2640	Westbrook Me.	2005
2648	2651	Westbrook Me.	2006
2661	2663	Yaphank	2006
2676	2677	Yaphank	2004
2687	×	Hagerstown Md	2006
2688	2689	Hagerstown Md	2006
2695	2696	Gaithersburg	2006
2702	2705	Gaithersburg	2006
2707	2708	Gaithersburg	2006
2712	2714	Gaithersburg	2006
2717	2720	Gaithersburg	2006
2722	2723	Gaithersburg	2005
2724	2726	Gaithersburg	2005
2731	2733	Gaithersburg	2005
2735	2736	Gaithersburg	2005
2740	2741	Gaithersburg	2005
2744	2745	South Plainfield	2006
2749	2750	South Plainfield	2006
2752	2756	South Plainfield	2006
2757	2759	South Plainfield	2006
2761	X	South Plainfield	2006
2764	2765	South Plainfield	2006
2768	X	South Plainfield	2006
2771	2773	South Plainfield	2005
2774	2775	South Plainfield	2005
2777	2779	South Plainfield	2005
2782	2783	South Plainfield	2004
2784	2785	South Plainfield	2003
2788	2791	South Plainfield	2005
2793 2705	2794	South Plainfield	2004
2795 2799	2796	South Plainfield	2003
2100	2801	South Plainfield	2005

2804	2806	South Plainfield	2006
2810	2812	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2818	2820	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2824	2826	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2832	2834	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2838	2840	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2844	2846	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2850	2852	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2858	2860	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2864	2867	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2870	2873	Rocky Hill CT	2006
2876	2878	Randolph	
2881	2883	Randolph	2006
2886	2889	Randolph	2006
2891	2894		2006
2896	2898	Randolph	2006
2901	2903	Randolph	2006
2905	2906	Randolph	2006
2908	2911	Randolph	2005
2912	2917	Randolph	2005
2918	2917	Randolph	2005
2921		Randolph	2005
2931	2926	Randolph	2006
3938	2936	Richmond Va	2006
2943	2940	Richmond Va	2006
2943 2950	2948	Richmond Va	2006
	2952	Richmond Va	2006
2957	2960	Andover Plymouth	2006
2965	2967	Andover Plymouth	2006
2973	2975	Andover Plymouth	2006
2979	2985	Andover Plymouth	2006
2987	2989	Andover Plymouth	2006
2996	2998	Andover Plymouth	2006
3002	X	Andover Plymouth	2006
3008	3010	Andover Plymouth	2006
3014	3016	Andover Plymouth	2006
3021	3023	Newport Del.	2006
3025	3026	Newport Del.	2005
3030	3031	Newport Del.	2005
3033	3035	Newport Del.	2005
3038	3040	Lorton	2006
3043	3044	Lorton	2006
3048	3049	Lorton	2006
3053	3054	Lorton	2005
3058	3060	Lorton	2005
3063	Χ	Lorton	2005
3066	3067	Lorton	2005
3069	3070	Lorton	2005
2074	3075	Lorton	2005
3077	3078	Lorton	2005
3083	3085	Lorton	2005
3087	3089	Lorton	2005
3093	3094	Malvern	2006
	•	THE TOTAL	2000

3096	3097	Malvern	2006
3099	3100	Malvern	2006
3102	3103	Malvern	2006
3105	3106	Maivern	2006
3108	3109	Malvern	2006
3111	3112	Malvern	2006
3114	3115	Malvern	2006
3117	3118	Malvern	2005
3120	3122	Malvern	2005
3124	3126	Malvern	2005
3129	3131	Malvern	2005
3133	3135	Malvern	2005
3138	3141	Malvern	2005
3142	3144	Malvern	2005
3146	3148	Malvern	2005
3150	3151	Malvern	2005
3152	3153	Malvern	2005
3156	3158	Franklin MA	2006
3165	3167	Franklin MA	2006
3174	3175	Franklin MA	2006
3177	3178	Franklin MA	2006
3180	3181	Franklin MA	2006
3183	3184	Franklin MA	2006
3186	3187	Franklin MA	2006
3189	3191	Franklin MA	2006
3194	3195	Franklin MA	2006
3197	3198	Franklin MA	2006
3200	3201	Franklin MA	2006
3203	3205	Franklin MA	2006
3209	3211	Franklin MA	2006
3214	3216	Franklin MA	
3219	3221	Franklin MA	2006
3226	Х	Farmingdale NJ	2006
3227	X	Farmingdale NJ	2006
3228	3229	Farmingdale NJ	2006
3233	3235	Farmingdale NJ	2006
3241	3243	Baltimore	2006 2006
3246	3247	Baltimore	2006
3249	3250	Baltimore	2006
3252	X	Baltimore	
3254	3255	Baltimore	2005
3258	3260	Allentown PA	2005
3263	3265	Randolph	2006
3269	3271	Allentown PA	2006
3274	3277	Allentown PA	2006
3281	3286	Allentown PA	2006
3291	3293	Allentown PA	2006
3296	3298	Allentown PA	2006
3303	X		2006
3306	3308	Allentown PA	2005
3313	3314	Baltimore	2006
3316	3314	Baltimore	2006
	0010	Baltimore	2005

3321	3322	Baltimore	2005
3326	3327	Allentown PA	2005
3329	3330	Allentown PA	2005
3333	3334	Allentown PA	2005
3336	3337	Allentown PA	2005
3339	3342	Allentown PA	2006
3349	3351	Plymouth MA	2006
3357	3359	Mass/NF	2006
3363	3365	Mass/NE	2006
3369	X	Mass/NE	2006
3370	X	Mass/NE	2006
			2000

Defendants' Response To

Request for Admission No. 1

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

RAMON VILLANUEVA-BAZALDUA, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,)))
Plaintiff,) Civil Action No.: 06-185 (GMS)
v.)
TRUGREEN LIMITED PARTNERS ¹ and, TRUGREEN, INC. ² , d/b/a TRUGREEN CHEMLAWN ³ ,)))
Defendant.))

DEFENDANTS' RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR ADMISSIONS

Defendants TruGreen Limited Partnership, d/b/a TruGreen Chemlawn, as well as TruGreen, Inc. (hereinafter "Defendants" or "TruGreen"), by their attorneys, for their objections and answers to Plaintiff's First Request for Admissions, state as follows:

REQUEST NO. 1. TruGreen H-2B workers incurred the following expenses in coming to work for TruGreen Limited Partners in each of the years 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006:

- a. \$100 H-2B visa application fee:
- b. \$100 H-2B visa issuance fee;
- c. \$6 I-94 fee paid at port of entry;
- d. \$155 administrative fee paid to LLS:
- e. Transportation from the H-2B worker's permanent home, or if different, from the place of recruitment in Mexico, to the U.S. consulate where his visa was issued;
- f. Transportation from the point where the H-2B visa was issued to the work place in the United States;

I-PI/172082.5

The correct legal name is TruGreen Limited Partnership.

TruGreen, Inc. was not Plaintiff's employer, and therefore, is not a proper party in this action.

TruGreen, Inc. does not do business as (d/b/a) TruGreen Chemlawn; TruGreen Limited Partnership does do business as (d/b/a) TruGreen Chemlawn.

- g. Costs of overnight accommodations incurred between the worker's home and the worker's work place in the United States;
- h. Costs of obtaining a Mexican passport and photographs for the visa;
- i. Cost of uniform(s) worn during work.

(Admit or deny separately for each item and for each year unless the answer is the same for all items or all years.)

RESPONSE:

Defendants object to this Request for Admission No. 1 on the grounds that it is overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence concerning matters currently at issue in this case. The Court has neither certified this case as a class nor ordered a Court-facilitated notice of a collective action, and the only claims presently at issue herein are those asserted by Plaintiff. Consequently, discovery on claims Plaintiff may or may not be permitted to pursue in the future on behalf of hundreds of others in different states and regions is premature and beyond the scope of permissible discovery at this time. Defendants further object to this Request for Admission No. 1 on the grounds that it calls for speculation and on the grounds that it is overly broad in temporal scope given that Plaintiff worked for TruGreen only in 2004.

Subject to and without waiver of the foregoing objections, Defendants deny that Plaintiff incurred any costs or expenses for uniforms worn during work, as Defendants supplied and cleaned (and continue to supply and clean) uniforms at no cost to every employee in the field, including Plaintiff. Defendants admit that the costs described in subsections (a) through (c) refer to current H-2B visa-related fees established by the federal government for purposes of obtaining an H-2B visa and that the fees described in subsection (d) are established by LLS International ("LLS") in connection with its assistance to individuals, including Plaintiff, who use LLS's services to obtain employment in the United States. To the best of Defendants'

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knowledge, information, and belief, Plaintiff, or someone on his behalf, incurred the costs described in I(a) through (d). Defendants are unaware whether or to what extent Plaintiff incurred costs of transportation and/or accommodation or costs of a Mexican passport and/or photographs, and, therefore, those assertions are denied.

REQUEST NO. 2. TruGreen Limited Partnership did not pay for any portion of the following costs on behalf of your H-2B workers in 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006:

- a. \$100 H-2B visa application fee;
- b. \$100 H-2B visa issuance fee;
- c. \$6 I-94 fee paid at port of entry;
- d. \$155 administrative fee paid to LLS;
- e. Transportation from the H-2B worker's permanent home, or if different, from the place of recruitment in Mexico, to the U.S. consulate where his visa was issued;
- f. Transportation from the point where the H-2B visa was issued to the work place in the United States:
- g. Costs of overnight accommodations incurred between the worker's home and the worker's work place in the United States;
- h. Costs of obtaining a Mexican passport and photographs for the visa;
- i. Cost of uniform(s) worn during work.

(Admit or deny separately for each item and for each year unless the answer is the same for all items or all years.)

RESPONSE:

Defendants object to this Request for Admission No. 2 on the grounds that it is overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence concerning matters currently at issue in this case. The Court has neither certified this case as a class nor ordered a Court-facilitated notice of a collective action, and the only claims presently at issue herein are those asserted by Plaintiff. Consequently, discovery on claims Plaintiff may or may not be permitted to pursue in the future on behalf of hundreds of others in different states and regions is premature and beyond the scope of permissible discovery at this time. Defendants further object to this Request for Admission No. 2 on the grounds that it is overly broad in temporal scope given that Plaintiff worked for TruGreen only in 2004.

Case 1:06-cv-00185-GMS

Defendants' Response To

Plaintiff's Interrogatories 4, 5, and 31

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

RAMON VILLANUEVA-BAZALDUA, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,)))
Plaintiff,	Civil Action No.: 06-185 (GMS)
v.)
TRUGREEN LIMITED PARTNERS ¹ and, TRUGREEN, INC. ² , d/b/a TRUGREEN))
CHEMLAWN ³ ,	ý
Defendant.)

DEFENDANTS' RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S INTERROGATORIES TO DEFENDANT

Defendants TruGreen Limited Partnership, d/b/a TruGreen Chemlawn, as well as TruGreen, Inc. (hereinafter or "Defendants" or "TruGreen"), by their attorneys, in response to Plaintiff's Interrogatories to Defendant, state as follows:

DEFINITIONS

As used herein:

"Burdensome" means that the request requires an unduly burdensome search for 1. information or documents that are of little value or no value to this lawsuit, so that any value derived from production is far outweighed by the incumbent burden required to produce the document.

The correct legal name is TruGreen Limited Partnership.

TruGreen, Inc. was not Plaintiff's employer, and therefore, is not a proper party in this action.

TruGreen, Inc. does not do business as (d/b/a) TruGreen Chemlawn; TruGreen Limited Partnership does do business as (d/b/a) TruGreen Chemlawn.

- 2. "Overbroad" means that the request seeks information that is not relevant to any present or potential issues in this litigation.
- "Vague" means that the request is drafted in such a way that it does not convey, 3. with reasonable clarity, what is requested of TruGreen, with the effect that TruGreen is required to guess the intended meaning of Plaintiff's request.

GENERAL OBJECTIONS

- Relevance. Defendants object to each Interrogatory to the extent that it seeks 1. information or documents that are not relevant to the subject matter or issues involved in this action or information or documents not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.
- Overbroad and unduly burdensome. Defendants object to each Interrogatory 2. to the extent that it is overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.
- Privilege. Defendants object to each Interrogatory to the extent that it calls for 3. disclosure of information that is protected by the attorney/client privilege or work product privilege or both. Defendants also object to each Interrogatory to the extent it calls for disclosure of information prepared in anticipation of litigation or trial preparation material.
- Vague. Defendants object to each Interrogatory to the extent that it is ambiguous 4. and too vague to adequately apprise Defendants of what information is being sought or permit Defendants to furnish such information with reasonable effort.
- 5. Accessibility. Defendants object to each Interrogatory to the extent that Plaintiff seeks information already in Plaintiff's possession, or which is as accessible to Plaintiff as well as Defendants.

- Confidential and proprietary/sensitive business information. Defendants 6. object to each Interrogatory to the extent that Plaintiff seeks disclosure of confidential, proprietary, and/or sensitive business information, and assert each and every applicable privilege and rule governing confidentiality to the fullest extent provided by law. To the extent that this objection has been stated, Defendants will not disclose any such information without the execution of an appropriate Confidentiality Stipulation and/or Protective Order.
- Speculative. Defendants object to each Interrogatory to the extent that it calls for 7. Defendants to speculate in order to respond.
- 8. Argumentative. Defendants object to each Interrogatory to the extent that it uses argumentative terms or otherwise implies facts which Defendants deny.
- 9. Redundant. Defendants object to each Interrogatory to the extent that it is repetitive of a prior or subsequent Interrogatory or other discovery request, and it is neither practical nor feasible to answer such an Interrogatory or discovery request again.
- 10. Elaboration on documents. Defendants object to each Interrogatory to the extent that it calls for an elaboration on documents, statements, and/or facts which otherwise speak for themselves.

RESPONSES TO INTERROGATORIES

Please state the address of each TruGreen office, branch, or location where TruGreen Limited Partnership employed H-2B workers in 2003, 2004, 2005, or 2006, indicate the number of H-2B workers employed in each such office, branch or location in each of those years, and identify the supervisor in charge of H-2B workers in each such office, branch or location in each of those years.

RESPONSE:

Defendants specifically incorporate General Objection Nos. 1, 2, 6, and 8. Defendants specifically object to this Interrogatory on the grounds that it is overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence concerning

to this Interrogatory to the extent it seeks information other than for the year 2004, the only year in which Plaintiff was employed by TruGreen. The information requested relating to Plaintiff is equally accessible to Plaintiff.

3. If you did not admit Admission No. 18 or No. 19, state all facts upon which you rely in denying that admission, including the annual gross volume of sales made or business done by TruGreen Limited Partnership in each of the years 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006 (exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level that are separately stated), and whether, in each of those years you had employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce or had employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person.

RESPONSE:

Not applicable.

4. Please identify each person or entity who prepared and/or assisted you in preparing applications for H-2B workers in 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006 and state the compensation paid for those services by you or any other person or entity. If different persons prepared or assisted you with applications for different periods or for your different offices or locations, identify the dates, offices or locations on behalf of which such person worked.

RESPONSE:

Defendants specifically incorporate General Objection Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 9. Subject to and without waiver of the foregoing, TruGreen has contracted since at least 2003 with Great Lakes Labor LLC, which works directly with LLS International, to recruit prospective H-2B workers, to provide information to H-2B workers to be employed by TruGreen in a manner to be understood by those workers, and to ensure compliance with all immigration administrative and regulatory requirements. See also Defendants' Initial Disclosures and Response to Interrogatory No. 28.

5. Describe in detail how you located and recruited workers to accept H-2B visas to work for you in each of the years 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006. Your answer should identify the person(s) or entity(ies) who located or recruited H-2B workers on your behalf each year (whether independent entities or TruGreen employees), the person(s) or entity(ies) who hired and/or contacted the recruiter(s), and should describe how the terms of work you were offering were communicated to the person(s) or entity(ies) recruiting or locating workers. Your answer should also describe the terms of any agreement between you and the person(s) or entities who located

or recruited H-2B workers for you, including the compensation, if any, to be paid to the person(s) or entities who located or recruited your H-2B workers.

RESPONSE:

Defendants specifically incorporate General Objection Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, and 10. This request is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence and seeks information regarding TruGreen's business that is confidential, proprietary, and sensitive with respect to TruGreen's relationships with third-party vendors and the operations of those vendors. Defendants further object to the extent this Interrogatory is directed at a third-party and, therefore, requires TruGreen to speculate. Defendants further specifically object to this Interrogatory on the grounds that it is overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence concerning matters currently at issue in this case. The Court has neither certified this case as a class nor ordered a Court-facilitated notice of a collective action, and the only claims presently at issue herein are those asserted by Plaintiff. Consequently, discovery on claims Plaintiff may or may not be permitted to pursue in the future on behalf of other individuals in different states and regions is premature and beyond the scope of permissible discovery at this time. Defendants further object to this Interrogatory to the extent it seeks information other than for the year 2004, the only year in which Plaintiff was employed by TruGreen. Information regarding Plaintiff's recruitment is equally accessible to Plaintiff.

Subject to and without waiver of the foregoing, see Defendants' Response to

Interrogatory No. 4; see also Defendants' Initial Disclosures. By way of further response, after

TruGreen determined how many H-2B workers it would need, it communicated that information
to Great Lakes Labor, who managed the recruitment and application process for prospective H2B workers, including by working with LLS. TruGreen signed forms and provided information

as requested by Great Lakes Labor. To the best of Defendants' knowledge, information, and belief, Great Lakes Labor and/or LLS provided all information required by law to H-2B applicants and employees, including Plaintiff.

6. State whether you explained or disclosed the following matters to Great Lakes LLC, Tracy Drus, Jeff West and/or LLS: (1) TruGreen's method of calculating overtime for H-2B workers, and (2) TruGreen's commission payment system. If the answer is yes to either or both, state to whom the disclosure was made, when and to whom it was made, and describe in detail what was disclosed.

RESPONSE:

Defendants specifically incorporate General Objection Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 9. Defendants further specifically object to this Interrogatory on the grounds that it is overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence concerning matters currently at issue in this case. The Court has neither certified this case as a class nor ordered a Court-facilitated notice of a collective action, and the only claims presently at issue herein are those asserted by Plaintiff. Consequently, discovery on claims Plaintiff may or may not be permitted to pursue in the future on behalf of other individuals in different states and regions is premature and beyond the scope of permissible discovery at this time. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory to the extent it seeks information other than for the year 2004, the only year in which Plaintiff was employed by TruGreen, and other than for the position of Specialist, which is the position held by Plaintiff during his employment with TruGreen.

Subject to and without waiver of the foregoing, <u>see</u> Defendants' Response to Request for Admission Nos. 26 through 32. Jim Vacchiano's discussions regarding TruGreen's Specialist's commission payment system were part of his discussion with Ms. Drus regarding TruGreen's compensation plans specifically referenced in the cited Responses to Requests for Admission.

7. If you did not admit Admission No. 1, No. 2, or No. 3 with respect to any item of expense in any year, state the factual basis for your response, including whether the item of expense was paid for, advanced, or reimbursed for all of your H-2B workers or only some of

Page 12 of 14

speculate. TruGreen is without sufficient knowledge, information or belief as to the contractual agreements, if any, between Great Lakes Labor and LLS.

Describe the circumstances that led to the termination of Plaintiff's employment 30. by Defendant in July 2004 including whether you contend that Plaintiff left voluntarily.

RESPONSE:

Defendants specifically incorporate General Objection Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 10. Subject to and without waiver of the foregoing objections, TruGreen responds that Plaintiff voluntarily terminated his employment with TruGreen and that Plaintiff has information responsive to this Interrogatory. Pursuant to Rule 33(d) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, additional information responsive this Interrogatory can be ascertained by Plaintiff just as easily as by Defendants from the documents produced at TRU0026, TRU0047-48, and TRU0049.

Describe all "additional compensation" provided to H-2B workers by branch managers in 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006. Your answer should identify the worker who received the compensation, the amount provided, the date of payment, and the purpose of the "additional compensation." The term "additional compensation" has the same meaning in this interrogatory as in paragraph 4 of the affidavit of James Vacchiano attached as Exhibit A to your opposition to Plaintiff's motion to conditionally certify this as an FLSA collective action.

RESPONSE:

Defendants specifically incorporate General Objection Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 6. Defendants specifically object to this Interrogatory on the grounds that it is overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence concerning matters currently at issue in this case. The Court has neither certified this case as a class nor ordered a Court-facilitated notice of a collective action, and the only claims presently at issue herein are those asserted by Plaintiff. Consequently, discovery on claims Plaintiff may or may not be permitted to pursue in the future on behalf of other individuals in different states and regions is premature and beyond the scope of permissible discovery at this time. Defendant

further objects to this Interrogatory to the extent it seeks information other than for the year 2004, the only year in which Plaintiff was employed by TruGreen.

Subject to and without waiver of the foregoing, Plaintiff and the other H-2B workers employed at the Wilmington branch in 2004 received \$150 at the discretion of Branch Manager Mike Matejik upon their arrival for use at the individual's discretion. TruGreen did not ask for, expect, or seek repayment of this money from any individual, including Plaintiff. See Declaration of Michael Matejik, submitted in connection with Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiff's Expedited Motion to Conditionally Certify a FLSA Collective Action and Reply in Further Support of Its Motion for Expedited Discovery, at ¶ 3.

32. Describe in detail any arrangements TruGreen made to transport TruGreen H-2B to job sites in the United States or to assist H-2B workers to locate such transportation. Your answer should identify the person(s) or entity(ies) who arranged for or assisted with transportation (whether independent entities or TruGreen employees). Your answer should also describe the terms of any fees or costs paid by TruGreen for such transport or for arranging for transportation.

RESPONSE:

Defendants specifically incorporate General Objection Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, and 7. It is unclear to what "transport" Plaintiff is referring, and responsive information relating to Plaintiff's transport (of any kind) to and within the United States during his employment with TruGreen is just as readily available from him. To the extent that Plaintiff is seeking additional information regarding his transportation from Mexico to the United States, TruGreen did provide such transportation and, therefore, this Interrogatory requires TruGreen to speculate. To the best of Defendants' knowledge, information, and belief, Great Lakes Labor worked with LLS to provide transportation to H-2B workers from Mexico to the United States. To the extent that Plaintiff is seeking additional information regarding his transportation while in Wilmington, Delaware, Branch Manager Mike Matejik obtained bus passes for all H-2B workers to enable

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ME1\5873140.1

them to get to and from work. The \$60 deduction from Plaintiff's wages was intended to defray the cost of the bus passes, along with Plaintiff's rent, phone, cable, and utilities.

McCARTER & ENGLISH, LLP

Michael P. Kelly (DE Bar ID #2295)

McCarter & English Citizens Bank Building 919 N. Market Street, 18th Floor Wilmington, DE 19801 (302) 984-6301

Admitted Pro Hac Vice Michael L. Banks (PA I.D. #35052) Sarah E. Bouchard (PA I.D. #77088) Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP 1701 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2921 (215) 963-5387/5077

Dated: September 28, 2006

Attorneys for TruGreen

Excerpts from

Deposition of James Vacchiano

... II.

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1
             IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                 FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE
 2
     RAMON VILLANUERVA-BAZALDUA, ) CIVIL ACTION
 3
     Individually and on behalf
     of others similarly
 4
     situated,
                                   ORIGINAL
 5
                    Plaintiff,
             -vs-
 6
     TRUGREEN LIMITED PARTNERS
 7
             -and-
     TRUGREEN, INC. d/b/a
 8
     TRUGREEN CHEMLAWN,
 9
                    Defendants.
                                  ) NO. 06-185
10
                   Oral deposition of JAMES A.
11
     VACCHIANO, taken in the law offices of KRASNER &
12
     RESTREPO, 239 South Camac Street, Philadelphia,
     Pennsylvania 19107, on Tuesday, November 7, 2006,
13
14
     beginning at approximately 9:10 a.m., before
     Joseph J. Pignatelli, a Registered Professional
15
16
     Reporter and Commissioner in and for the
17
     Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
18
19
20
21
22
                ESQUIRE DEPOSITION SERVICES
                Four Penn Center, 12th Floor
23
               1600 John F. Kennedy Boulevard
              Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103
24
                        (215) 988-9191
```

1	APPEARANCES:	
2		,
_		EDWARD TUDDENHAM
3		DENHAM, ESQUIRE
	153 Upland Road	
4		achusetts 02140
_	(617) 576-2182	
5	and	MDO C CONTAINS
6	RAPPOSELLI, CAS	
ъ	1900 Grant Aven	APPOSELLI, ESQUIRE
7	Wilmington, Del	
,	(302) 652-8711	aware 19000
8	Representing	the Plaintiff
9	Representing	CHE FIGHTELL
10	MORGAN, LEWIS &	BOCKTUS LILP
	BY: BETH M. HEN	·
11	One Oxford Cent	, –
		nsylvania 15219
12	(412) 560-6401	_
	Representing	the Defendants
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
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22		
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24		

... II.

1		INDEX	
2			
3	WITNESS	INTERROGATION BY	PAGE
4			
5	JAMES A. VACCHIA	ANO	
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ESQUIRE DEPOSITION SERVICES

.. 11.

1	JAMES A. VACCHIANO, after having been	
2	first duly sworn, was examined and	
3	testified as follows:	
4		
5	EXAMINATION	
6		
7	BY MR. TUDDENHAM:	
8	Q. State your name and address, please.	
9	A. James A. Vacchiano, 16 Stepple Chase Drive,	
10	Turnersville, New Jersey 08012.	
11	Q. Have you ever had your deposition taken	
12	before?	
13	A. Yes.	
14	Q. In what circumstance?	
15	A. Similar, for a work-related employment	
16	issue.	
17	Q. Tell me just generally what the issue was.	
18	A. I'm trying to think. I believe it was for	
19	some type of discrimination issue in the work	
20	place.	
21	Q. Did it involve an H-2B worker?	
22	A. No. I need to make something clear for a	
23	second, I had an accident two years ago, and I	
24	lost some of my hearing, so in case I say what, I	

```
JAMES A. VACCHIANO
  1
             understand the question.
                                         I don't use that
  2
             term.
  3
      BY MR.
             TUDDENHAM:
             Let me just show you a document here, I
  4
      Q.
      apologize that I don't have an extra copy of this.
  5
      Let me show you TruGreen document 530. Have you
  6
  7
      ever seen that document before?
             Hang on for a second. I never seen this
  8
  9
      document before.
10
             Is that your signature down there where it
      Q.
11
     says James Vacchiano?
12
     Α.
             No, it's not.
13
     Q.
             Whose is it?
14
     Α.
             JoAnn Ray's.
15
     Q.
            Your assistant?
16
     Α.
             Acting on my authority.
17
            You read this. Did you see just above the
     Q.
     signature line, "I authorize only one agent, LLS
18
19
     Mexico"?
20
     Α.
            Yes.
21
     0.
            Et cetera?
22
     Α.
            Yes.
23
                  MS. HENKE: The et cetera is to act
24
            as my agent slash representative for
```

1	the purposes of processing visas at the
2	consulate in Monterey.
3	BY MR. TUDDENHAM:
4	Q. Were you aware that you were authorizing
5	them to be your agent?
6	A. In the technical terms that you're bringing
7	up today, no.
8	Q. Were you aware that you or your assistant
9	on signing forms
10	A. I still don't understand even if I was
11	authorizing them, I don't understand what that
12	means that they were my agent. You're making it
13	sound like a bad thing. I don't even know what it
14	means what you re referring to.
15	Q. See the very first line, why don't read
16	that out loud. Read it out loud.
17	A. "Please" wouldn't be bad idea. Read it out
18	loud, "please
19	"I, James A. Vacchiano, have read the
20	consulate Monterey H-2 visa processing guidelines
21	and I agree to abide by them."
22	Q. Have you read those guidelines?
23	A. I don't recall.
24	MS. HENKE: Do you want him to
:	

 $_{i}\parallel$

1	That's a mischaracterization It wasn't
2	never, his answer wasn't never.
3	BY MR. TUDDENHAM:
4	Q. TRU-94, I just want to go back. Now that
5	you understand the charges that are listed there
6	at the bottom of that page, is it your
7	understanding those are the same for all H-2B
8	workers who were brought up to TruGreen ChemLawn?
9	A. It's my understanding.
10	2 You talked a while back about meetings in
11	branch offices with workers where you discussed
12	whether they were happy with their compensation
13	system.
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. Did you document any of those meetings?
16	A. No.
17	Q. Would TruGreen have any piece of paper
18	whatsoever that would indicate the substance of
19	those meetings?
20	A. No.
21	Q. Do you remember the name of any workers
22	that you talked to who claimed to be satisfied?
23	A. I don't, but the most recent one that I
24	talked to that I can recall, I was in the Bergen,
L	

.......

- New Jersey branch a couple months ago and the guy 1 has been around for five years, I might think of 2 3 his name. He put up his computer and showed me pictures of his kids in Mexico, his new house, new 4 5 pool, loving life, but I cannot remember his name. 6 The conversation in 2003 with Tracy Drus where you brought up this issue of the 7 8 compensation plan was anybody else participating in that conversation other than you and Tracy 9 10 Drus? No. 11 Α. 12 Q. Did you make any kind of memo about it? 13 **A** ... 14 Q. When workers come to the U.S., as I 15 understand it, branch managers have the discretion 16 to give workers a certain amount of money or loan them a certain amount of money? 17 18 You said give them a certain amount of 19 money or loan them a certain amount of money? 20 Q. Yes.
- Q. Do you know which branches do that?

them some amount of money, yes.

, II,

24 A. They all do.

21

22

Yes, they had the discretion to present

1	Q. And how much do they generally give?
2	A. You know I did some research on this and
3	what I found out was that they probably, I think
4	the variation was between seventy-five or a
5	hundred dollars and two-fifty per person,
6	I think I recall.
7	Q. With two-fifty there weren't many branch
8	managers handing out two-fifty a person; were
9	there?
10	A. I don't know how many. There were some.
11	Q. Did they tend to hand out the same amount
12	to all workers in the branch?
13	MS. HENKE: Objection to form.
14	You started with when workers come to the
15	U.S., is that the time you're talking
16	about?
17	MR. TUDDENHAM: Yes.
18	THE WITNESS: Mostly, yes, but there
19	are times where a branch manager might
20	just give them some money, the same amount,
21	but he might well have stocked their whole
22	house with groceries and things. So I
23	would say for the most part it's consistent
24	the amount within a branch location but it

. ||

TRUGREEN DOCUMENT TRU-93 AND TRU-94

INSTRUCTIONS - YEAR 2004

If you follow these instructions, you will have the opportunity to apply for a visa to work in the US. The United States government makes the decision to approve or reject your application – not LLS.

WHEN: Everyone needs to report to our offices before February 15. The first time you come to our office you will pay your fees and we will prepare all of your paperwork for processing. You must be on the employer's list of workers to be processed.

We will call you when you need to come to Monterrey for an interview and to leave to the United States. It will be your responsibility to make sure we have a good way to contact you. LLS will only make two attempts to notify you.

If you do NOT report to an LLS office before February 15 to complete your paperwork, you may be replaced by another worker.

WHERE: LLS International has three offices where workers can report for processing: Monterrey, Guanajuato, and Puebla. Directions to each office are on the back of this form.

You need to report to the PUEBLA office if you live in one of the following states:

Tlaxcala Tabasco Guerrero	Veracruz Oaxaca Chiapas	Yucatan Morelos Q. Roo
the GUANAJUATO	office if you live in one o	of the following states:
Queretaro Michoacan Hidalgo	Aguascalientes Estado de Mexico Colima	Nayarit Zacatecas
the MONTERREY	office if you live in one of	the following states:
Coahuila Durango	Tamaulipas Sinaloa	Sonora Baja Norte y Sur
	Tabasco Guerrero the GUANAJUATO Queretaro Michoacan Hidalgo the MONTERREY Coahuila	Tabasco Oaxaca Guerrero Chiapas the GUANAJUATO office if you live in one of Oaxaca Queretaro Aguascalientes Michoacan Estado de Mexico Hidalgo Colima the MONTERREY office if you live in one of Coahuila Tamaulipas

WHAT: You need to bring the following things with you when you report before February 15.

- 1. Passport you must have a Mexican Passport valid for ALL of 2004. Also, bring your prior passport and visa if you have one. (It is always better to get a passport with five years duration)
- 2. One passport size photograph

Th. . . 1. 1 .

3. At least \$3,800 pesos to cover the costs of the visa.

App-101

Page 2 - Directions

Puebla Office: The Puebla Office is located in the city of San Pedro Cholula at the north base of the archaeological zone which contains the pyramid and the Iglesia de los Remedios. Cholula is about 15 minutes from downtown Puebla. You can get there by taking a bus from "la CAPU" - the bus station in Puebla - to Cholula. Our office is only three blocks east of the Plaza Principal in Cholula.

The address is: 2 Oriente 601, Colonia Centro, San Pedro Cholula, Pue.

The telephone number is: (222) 404-6335 or (222) 404-6785

Guanajuato Office: The Guanajuato Office is located in the Colonia Marfil next to the Volkswagen dealership.

The address is: Villas Manchegas #10, Colonia Marfil, Guanajuato, Gto.

The telephone number is: (473) 733-3175 or (473) 733-3176

Monterrey Office: The Monterrey Office is located in downtown Monterrey just one block behind the U.S. Consulate - in front of the main branch of Bital.

The address is: Ocampo 427 Pte., Zona Centro, Monterrey, N.L.

The telephone numbers are: (818) 040-7575 or (818) 040-7577

Expenses

Administrative - \$155.00 USD

Consulate:

- Application fee \$100.00 USD or peso equivalent. (non refundable)
- Visa (if approved) \$100.00 USD or peso equivalent Transportation-\$100.00 - \$150.00 USD (U.S. Chartered bus)

Border Crossing fee-\$6.00 USD

Total Expenses including travel incidentals-\$465.00 to \$525.00 U.S.

TRUGREEN DOCUMENT

TRU-530

.. ||

TRUGREEN ChemLawn TRUGREEN LandCare Document 248-8

James A. Vacchiano
Region People Services Manager
New Jersey Region - Lawn Care
Mid-Atlantic Regions - Lawn and LandCare

875 Klags Highway Woodbury, NJ 08000 Phone: 856-251-0425 Fax: 856-853-0047

Date: 2/23/2006	
I, JAMES A VACCHIANO, have read the Consultry	
I, JAMES A VACCHIANO, have read the Consulate Monterrey H2 Visa Processing Guideline Mekico S de RL de CV) will be designated to process my employees at the Consulate in The Information (or the co	es and agree to abide by them. I, or (LLS
The Information for the owner is:	, 57 250 467-52598 and
Name: JAMES A. VACCHIANO	X an louble
U.S. Citizen? X Yes No	100:02/04/56
TRUGREEN CHEMLAWN	IN/A
Address: 875 lings huy Wondbury of	EIN: 36-3734669
Email: n/a	00096
Tel: 656-251-9425 Fax: 856-853-0947	
The information for the above-designated agent/representative is:	
Name: LLS Mexico S de RL de CV/ Lic. Salvador Morales DOE	B: May 8, 1978
Mexican Citizen? X Yes No If you Club	
Company Name: X Yes No If yes, CURP or voter's card number 198	83062861248
	LME000216QW6
Address: Melchor Ocampo #427 pte. Zona Centro. Monterrey, Mexico Email: Salyador: Silsint.com	
Tel. 00 to	
Processed H2 visas at any US Embassy/Consulate before? X Yes No	
If yes, please provide the following information:	
Countries	
Mexico Company Name(s) Used TRUGREEN CHEMLAWN	Dates
	2005
AUTHORIZATION	
The state of the s	
I authorize only one agent, (<u>LLS Mexico S de RI CV</u>), to act as my agent/representative for the consulate in Monterrey. This person is to be paid:	Business of
X By each applicant of	purposes of processing visas at
X By each applicant. The proposed fee is \$165.00	
this authorization is valid until explicitly revoked by notifying the H2 Visa Section.	
Marchans L. Vacchians	2/22/2===
CIB: REGION PEOPLE SERVICES MANAGER	2/2 3 /2006
Fax to the Consulate- Fax: 011-5281-8340-3183)	

.. 11

Not Reported in F.Supp.2d Not Reported in F.Supp.2d, 2006 WL 197030 (E.D.La.) (Cite as: Not Reported in F.Supp.2d)

Case 1:06-cv-00185-GMS

Page 1

Briefs and Other Related Documents Express Recinos-Recinos Forestry, v. Inc.E.D.La.,2006.Only the Westlaw citation is currently available.

United States District Court, E.D. Louisiana. Hugo Martin RECINOS-RECINOS, et al

EXPRESS FORESTRY, INC., et al No. Civ.A. 05-1355.

Jan. 24, 2006.

Mary C. Bauer, Andrew H. Turner, Kristi L. Graunke, Montgomery, AL, Hector A. Linares, New Orleans, LA, for Hugo Martin Recinos-Recinos, et al. Mark N. Mallery, Christine M. White, McGlinchey Stafford PLLC, Baton Rouge, LA, Christopher E. Moore, McGlinchey Stafford, Houston, TX, Elizabeth K. Dorminey, James Larry Stine, Paul Oliver, Wimberly, Lawson, Steckel & Schneider, P.C., Atlanta, GA, for Express Forestry, Inc., et al.

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND PROTECTIVE ORDER

KNOWLES, Magistrate J.

*1 In this Memorandum Opinion, the Court will further explain and supplement its rulings announced from the bench at the evidentiary hearing held in the above-captioned putative class/collective action regarding Plaintiffs' Motion for Protective Orders, Sanctions and Corrective Notice [Rec. Doc. No. 49], which was referred to the undersigned Magistrate Judge for determination [Rec. Doc. No. 68]. The purpose of the hearing was to determine whether the campaign of threats, intimidation and coercion carried out in mid-September, 2005 in the small, remote Guatemalan mountain towns of Palmira Viega and Santiago Petatan by groups of prospective and/or past seasonal workers purportedly allegedly representing the Defendants in this matter was improper and, if so, (1) whether the extent of the improprieties justify remedial action or imposition of penalties against Defendants, (2) whether there was any involvement of the Defendants through their agent, Leo Salazar, either as advisor, participant or instigator; and (3) precisely what remedy, penalties or sanctions, if any, are appropriate. As set forth more fully below, the Court has determined that the in-person campaign was improper and, indeed, may

well have been unwittingly instigated by Defendants' representative. Leo Salazar, who was dispatched by the Defendants to Guatemala on September 15, 2005, the day before campaign commenced. The express purpose of Salazar's travel to Guatemala was to address Express Forestry's seasonal workers and answer any questions they had about the captioned litigation. Because it does not appear on this record that any conduct by the Defendants' agent Salazar was willful and it was not demonstrated that he actually accompanied the band of Express Forestry's "seasonal workers" who visited certain plaintiffs, optin plaintiffs, potential class plaintiffs and/or their families in an attempt to facilitate the withdrawal of the captioned lawsuit, the Court finds that the imposition of sanctions is neither warranted, nor appropriate. Nevertheless, affidavit evidence and testimony elicited by the plaintiffs, together with the utter absence of any evidence of the precise statements made by Salazar to past and prospective "seasonal workers" which immediately presaged the subject face-to-face campaign, counsels in favor of issuance of a narrowly fashioned protective order designed to protect the integrity of this proceeding pending the district judge's rulings on plaintiff's motions for class certification and preliminary certification of collective action.

Filed 03/29/2007

BACKGROUND

On April 7, 2005, putative class representatives, Hugo Martin Recinos-Recinos, Pablo Alvarado-Recinos and Alberto Alvarado, filed the captioned class action lawsuit. The collective/class action alleges that during the plaintiffs' and putative class members' employment with Defendants, Express Forestry, Inc., Rick Thomas and Sandy Thomas, they systematically violated the Agricultural Worker Protection Act (AWPA), 29 U.S.C. § 1801, and the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), 29 U.S.C. § 201. The action was brought on behalf of a putative class of over 300 predominantly Guatemalan and Mexican migrant workers who planted trees and performed other forestry-related tasks for the defendants seasonal business. It is not disputed that plaintiffs/putative class representatives, opt-in plaintiffs and putative class plaintiffs were brought into the United States on temporary H-2B work visas to perform arduous tasks that American workers were not willing to perform.

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Case 1:06-cv-00185-GMS

*2 Defendants operate a tree-planting service in which they bid on and negotiate contracts to plant trees on land owned by other individuals and companies. To fill manpower requirements for the contracts, they imported foreign nationals to perform forestry work on a seasonal or temporary basis, in accordance with the Immigration and Nationality Act. Each of the plaintiffs or putative class plaintiffs were issued an "H-2B visa" as contemplated by the aforesaid Act. Plaintiffs allegedly spent considerable sums to process visas and travel to the United States. In some cases, the plaintiffs were required to pledge collateral in the form of a deed to their land as a condition of being hired. Plaintiffs allege that the defendants allegedly have not returned the documents.

As a condition for obtaining the visas for the plaintiffs, defendants certified to the United States Department of Labor that the wages paid the plaintiffs would equal or exceed the applicable prevailing wage, and that the job would not contravene Federal, State or local law, including the applicable requirements of the H-2B program as set forth in the regulations. Under the applicable law, plaintiffs were entitled to receive a prevailing hourly wage and overtime pay but, according to the allegations, defendants took full advantage of their indigence, inability to speak the English language $\frac{FN1}{}$ and lack of understanding of the law and grossly underpaid them as H-2B forestry workers. Pursuant to the opt-in collective action provisions of the FLSA, thirteen of the defendants' former employees have filed written consents-to-sue, indicating publicly their intention to join this action.

FN1. Many of the immigrants speak the indigenous Mayan dialect as their primary language and Spanish as a secondary language with varying degrees of proficiency and no English.

Plaintiffs seek restitution of unpaid wages, monetary damages and declaratory and injunctive relief. Plaintiffs allege that records kept by the defendants were inadequate, inaccurate, false and misleading. They failed to pay minimum wage and the proper prevailing wage for the work performed in violation of AWPA. They further failed to pay overtime for hours worked in excess of a forty hour week and failed to reimburse plaintiffs for expenses they incurred primarily for the benefit of defendants in violation of the FLSA. As a result, plaintiffs claim

that they are entitled to recover unpaid minimum and overtime wages, plus an additional amount in liquidated damages pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) The plaintiff class consists of all those individuals admitted as H-2B temporary foreign workers who were employed in any capacity by the defendants from April of 1999 until the date of filing the present action (April 7, 2005).

Defendants filed a Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Personal Jurisdiction, which the plaintiffs opposed. The district judge denied defendants' motion to dismiss, finding that the plaintiffs have established minimum contacts and that the Thomases made no showing with respect to the unreasonableness of this forum, let alone a compelling case that "traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice" would be offended. The court concluded that the reasonableness requirement is met. See Order and Reasons dated October 6, 2006 [Rec. Doc. No. 51].

*3 Plaintiffs' Motions for Class Certification and for Preliminary Certification of Collective Action EN2 have been fully briefed and are submitted for determination without oral hearing. FN3 The Court notes that defendants have not opposed "provisional certification to proceed as a collective action" at this initial stage of the proceeding under the two-tiered process outlined in Hipp v. Liberty National Liberty National Insurance Co., 252 F.3d 1208, 1214 (11th Cir.2001), noting the lenient preliminary standard outlined in <u>Mooney v. Aramco Servs. Co., 54 F.3d</u> 1207, 1212 (5th Cir.1995). FN4 Defendants did, however, request that the district court prescribe the notice to be sent to the putative class, i.e., courtauthorized notice as opposed to notice sent by a party, noting that the description of the lawsuit must be neutral and balanced. FN5 Defendants further responded that they would timely furnish the requested names, last known addresses and telephone numbers (where available) of members of the putative class, "so long as the means by which the putative class members are contacted is through Court-authorized notice consistent with the examples attached to its Memorandum in Response. FN6

FN2. See Plaintiffs' Motion for Certification of Class Action filed pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 23(b)(3) [Rec. Doc. No. 22]; Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Certification of Collective Action and For Disclosure of Names, Addresses and Telephone Numbers of Potential Opt-in Plaintiffs [Rec. Doc. No. 47].

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(Cite as: Not Reported in F.Supp.2d)

FN3. See Defendants' Response to Defendants' Response to Plaintiffs' Motion for Certification of Collective Action [Rec. Doc. No. 57]; Plaintiffs' Reply in Support of Motion for Preliminary Certification of Collective Action [Rec. Doc. No. 58]; Defendants' Opposition to Motion for Certification of Class [Rec. Doc. No. 70]; Plaintiffs' Reply in Support of Class Certification [Rec. Doc. No. 76]; Order dated October 25, 2005 (stating that Plaintiff's Motion for Class Action shall be taken under advisement) [Rec. Doc. No. 63].

FN4. See Defendants' Response to Plaintiffs' Motion for Certification of Collective Action at p. 2.

FN5. Id. at pp. 3-9.

FN6. Id. at p. 9.

PARTIES' POSITIONS AND THE EVIDENCE

Via motion filed September 30, 2005, plaintiffs ask the Court for extraordinary relief in the form of a protective order. They allege that they have been harassed by named and unnamed individuals, who have visited the homes and family members of named plaintiffs, opt-in plaintiffs, potential plaintiffs and their families in Guatemala. Plaintiffs contend that defendants have virtually unlimited access to putative class members, through continuing employer-employee relationships and their sole possession of class members' home addresses and telephone numbers. Plaintiffs argue that existing case law supports their position and that the circumstances of these face-to-face visits for purposes of discussing the instant lawsuit, inter alia, counsel in favor of issuance of a protective order where, as here, the defendants have engaged in coercive and improper conduct. Plaintiffs' position is that clearly, under the circumstances, a protective order is necessary to preserve the integrity of proceedings under Rule 23.

In this regard, plaintiffs contend that, in the week preceding the filing of the motion for protective orders, defendants launched an organized campaign designed to frighten, coerce and intimidate plaintiffs into withdrawing their claims. Plaintiffs contend that these individuals are agents of defendants, Express Forestry and the Thomases, and that the personal visits to the plaintiffs' and their families' homes were conducted for the purpose of coercing, threatening and/or attempting to bribe named and/or opt-in plaintiffs to withdraw from this lawsuit.

Plaintiff/Putative Class Representative, Hugo Martin Recinos-Recinos ("Hugo"), contends that a delegation of seven individuals, including the defendants' agent/manager Leo Salazar together with Celestino Diaz (an Express Forestry recruiter) and other Express Forestry workers/crew foremen, confronted his wife, Maria Jiminez-Hernandez de Recinos ("Maria") and his sister, Amparo Maria Recinos-Recinos ("Amparo"), seeking contact information on Hugo and attempting to bribe Maria by offering more than \$6,600.00 (50,000 quetzales) in return for Hugo's withdrawal from the captioned case. Maria was instructed to communicate the offer to her husband.

*4 Both Maria and Amparo testified consistently with their affidavits $\frac{FN7}{}$ that one of the men was of Mexican descent and identified himself as Leo Salazar (Defendants' manager); both testified that they recognized Celestino Diaz, a former Express Forestry worker, who had previously accompanied Hugo to work in the United States for Express Forestry.

> FN7. See Affidavit of Maria Jimenez-Hernandez de Recinos [Plaintiffs' Exhibit 1]; Affidavit of Amparo Maria Recinos-Recinos [Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2].

According to Amparo Recinos-Recinos, the band of seven men were escorted to their house by Celestino Diaz and made two visits to her father's home in Santiago Petatan on the morning of Friday, September 16, 2005. The first visit was at 8:00 a.m. and the group of seven individuals escorted by Diaz returned at 8:30 a.m. when Hugo's wife, Maria, was present. Both Maria and Ampara testified that the men attempted to confirm Hugo's telephone number and to determine his present address, which they both refused to divulge. Maria further testified that individuals indicated that Hugo's lawsuit posed a problem insofar as their employability in the United States was concerned and that his continued participation in the captioned lawsuit could result in family members being deported, jailed or even killed.

Plaintiff contends that the defendant's agent allegedly directed Rudy Morales to make house visits in the Guatemalan town of Palmira Vieja on behalf of Express Forestry and Rick Thomas in an attempt to coerce opt-in plaintiffs to withdraw their claims from

(Cite as: Not Reported in F.Supp.2d)

action lawsuit.

the instant lawsuit. Affidavits submitted on behalf of the plaintiffs state that Morales offered movants and opt-in plaintiffs H-2B visas for future work and money in exchange for withdrawing their claims. Plaintiffs submit that these unlawful activities threaten severe harm by interfering with this Court's ability and duty to determine the truth and merits of the claims asserted in the captioned class/collective

Supplemental affidavits were submitted by Hugo's father, Pedro Recinos-Hernandez ("Pedro") and one of the plaintiffs in this lawsuit, Milder Ronaldo Velasquez-Diaz ("Milder"). Pedro attests that, at the end of October 2005, he was summoned to the municipality of Santiago Petatan, Concepcion Huista, Huehuetenango, Guatemala and confronted by a group of 7 young people. He recognized Celestino Diaz, a man who had been to the United States with Hugo to work for the forestry company. The men requested Hugo's number and explained the problems he had created. FNS

<u>FN8.</u> See Affidavit of Pedro Recinos-Hernandez dated November 18, 2005 (tendered to the Court as evidence at the November 30, 2005 hearing).

Milder stated that Morales advised him to quit the lawsuit so that he could take advantage of the opportunity to work for Express Forestry during to the 2005-2006 planting season. FN9 Additionally, three Opt-in Plaintiffs, Leonel Hernandez-Lopez, Domingo Aguilar and Enrique Hernandez-Lopez, submitted affidavits [Plaintiffs' Exhibits 3-5], recounting the details of September 23, 2005 house visits made by Express Forestry recruiter/contractor, Rudy Ramirez-Morales, in the remote Guatemalan town of Palmira Vieja. All three were guaranteed work with Express Forestry if they withdrew from the lawsuit and offered money in exchange for written withdrawal from this lawsuit. See Plaintiffs' Exhibits 3-5.

<u>FN9.</u> See Second Affidavit of Milder Ronaldo Velasquez-Diaz dated November 20, 2005 (tendered to the Court as evidence at the November 30, 2005 hearing)

- *5 Movants seek sanctions and a protective order directed to the defendants that:
- (1) enjoins and restrains any communications with Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' family members, except as conducted through the Court, Plaintiffs' counsel or

the formal discovery process from the present to the end of the trial;

- (2) enjoins and restrains all communications related to the lawsuit with Movants (including putative class members), except as conducted through the Court, Plaintiffs' counsel or the formal discovery process from the present to the end of the trial;
- (3) enjoins and restrains any inquiry, discovery or investigation of Movants and/or Movants' family members' past or present immigration status in the United States, other than questions related to the status of individual Movants during each individual's time spent actually working for the Defendants; and (4) enjoins or restrains any reporting or other efforts to have Movants or Movants' family members

arrested, detained, jailed or deported from the United

States.

Defendants deny that they or any agent of theirs has engaged in any prohibited conduct and submit declarations to that effect. Defendants' position is that there is no justification for a protective order because no prohibited conduct has been engaged in by any Defendant or by any agent of Defendants. Through declarations of Rick Thomas, Sandy Thomas and Leo Salazar (Defendants' Exhibits 1-3), defendants deny they have not engaged in or directed any of the inappropriate conduct which is the subject of plaintiffs' motion for protection.

Addressing plaintiffs' demand that defendants be prohibited from inquiring into the employment history of potential class members at any time other than when those individuals were working for Express Forestry, defendants submit that they have not inquired into the "immigration status" of any of the plaintiffs but do seek information as to the work history because this is relevant to the issue of damages, inter alia. Defendants agree to forego such inquiries, but only if the plaintiffs agree to dismiss all of their reimbursement claims for travel, visa processing and recruitment expenses. Defendants point out that plaintiffs' argument is that these expenses must be reimbursed because they were brought to the United States "primarily for the benefit of the employer." Defendants deny that the law requires such reimbursement and further argue that, if, in fact, plaintiffs have taken advantage of their presence in the United States to work for other employers, then travel is primarily for plaintiffs' benefit and not defendants. Defendants submit that the plaintiffs have directly placed in issue whether they have worked for employers in the United States, other than defendants after their visas expired, and

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that work history is relevant to the issue of whether recruitment, visa processing and transportation costs should be reimbursed as expenses incurred "primarily for the benefit of the employer." In sum, defendants argue that the plaintiff's post-visa work history is relevant because the plaintiffs have made it an issue in the case. FN10

FN10. See Galaviz-Zamora v. Brady Farms, Inc., 230 F.R.D. 499 (W.D.Mi.2005) ("defendants are entitled to discover information regarding plaintiffs' work history"); Topo v. Dhir, 210 F.R.D. 76, 78 ("Where plaintiff's (S.D.N.Y.2002) immigration status is relevant to prove a material aspect of the defense, a protective order is not appropriate"); Liu v. Donna Karan Int., Inc., 207 F.Supp.2d 1919, 193 (S.D.N.Y.2002) (only when immigration status is not relevant, would such an inquiry present a "danger of intimidation [that] would inhibit plaintiffs in pursuing their rights.").

*6 Defendants contend that plaintiff's reliance on Arriaga v. Florida Pacific Farms, LLC, 305 F.3d 1228, 1242 (11th Cir.2002) is misplaced. Defendants note that in Arriaga, the Eleventh Circuit dealt with the H-2A visa program and not the H-2B program at issue in this case. Under the regulations applicable to H-2A visas, an employer must pay an H-2A worker for inbound transportation and subsistence costs, if the worker completes 50% of the contract work period, unless the employer has previously done so. See 20 C.F.R. § 655.102(b)(5)(I). Defendant argues that the Arriaga court recognized the significance of whether the plaintiffs work for other employers because the regulations stipulate that when a plaintiff works for employers other than the visa-sponsoring employer, the sponsoring employer is only responsible for a *pro rata* share of travel expenses.

FN11. See Arriaga, 306 F.3d at 1232, n. 4 (noting that the rules are different when the H-2A worker has contracted employment with a subsequent employer); 20 C.F.R. § 655.102(b)(5)(ii).

Without further explanation, defendants argue that an indeterminate group of individuals apparently took it upon themselves to visit certain named and opt-in plaintiffs and/or their family members to try and talk

them out of conduct (i.e., prosecuting this lawsuit), which they believe is not in their community's best interest. Defendants urge the Court to refrain from entering any protective order, arguing that it would be a vain and useless effort because it would only restrain Defendants and their agents and not the independent individuals who have contacted and are attempting to contact plaintiffs, opt-in plaintiffs and their family members. Defendants' are concerned with the prospect that plaintiffs may seek to hold defendants liable for improprieties committed by independent individuals in the future.

Defendants submit that the cases cited by plaintiffs are inapposite, to wit: (1) Gulf Oil Co. v. Bernard, 452 U.S. 89, 1010, 101 S.Ct. 2193, 68 L.Ed.2d 693 (1981); (2) Kleiner v. First National Bank of Atlanta, 751 F.2d 1193 (11 th Cir.1985); (3) Hampton Hardware v. Cotter, 156 F.R.D. 630 (N.D.Tex.1994); and (4) Burrell v. Crown Central Petroleum Co., 176 F.R.D. 239 (E.D.Tex.1997). Defendants attempt to distinguish these cases on the basis that they involved concrete undisputed evidence necessary to support the issuance of a protective order, whereas here there are simply competing uncorroborated affidavits. In this regard, defendants highlight that plaintiffs' evidence is comprised of oral testimony detailing oral threats or promises made by an indeterminate group of people, only one of whom (Leo Salazar) was purportedly an employee or in a contractual relationship with defendants.

Leo Salazar, an Express Forestry foreman of Mexican descent, admits being in Guatemala on the dates in question but categorically denies the visits and the conversations with putative class members and their families. He further denies that he made any promises or threats. The Court notes that the defendants did not produce Salazar to testify at the hearing, leaving some question as to whether or not he was one of the seven men that visited Maria and Amparo on September 16, 2005. Most notably, the defendants dispatched Salazar to Guatemala on September 15, 2005 to address potential seasonal workers, some of whom were undoubtedly putative class plaintiffs, for the express purpose of discussing the subject pending collective and putative class action litigation and to present Express Forestry's view. Nevertheless, defendants did not see fit to produce Leo Salazar in person to testify live at a midday, midweek, two hour hearing in the United States.

*7 The Court notes that Leo Salazar's affidavit simply states his opinion, i.e., that he (Leo Salazar)

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did not threaten or coerce the workers he spoke to in Guatemala in mid-September 2005. Salazar does not say exactly what he, as a representative of the defendants, did in fact say about the captioned litigation. Additionally, neither of the Thomases indicate via affidavit testimony whether Salazar was given any precise instructions regarding what to say and what not to say. Apparently, Salazar was given free rein to discuss whatever questions the seasonal Guatemalan worker had regarding the litigation with potential putative class plaintiffs and how it would impact their prospects for employment with Express Forestry in the United States. It is important to note that Leo Salazar by all accounts is simply a manager and not an attorney.

Addressing plaintiff's motion seeking production of a list of all potential class members, defendants submit that such discovery should be delayed until after the Court rules on the pending Class/Collective Action Certification Motions. Defendants refer the Court to Abdallah v. Coca-Cola, 186 F.R.D. 672, 677 (N.D.Ga.1999) and argue that the Abdallah plaintiffs must cease and desist from contacting potential class members in an effort to woo them to join the lawsuit. See Abdallah v. Coca-Cola, 186 F.R.D. 672, 677 (N.D.Ga.1999).

Defendants note that, in addition to the class action. plaintiffs are pursuing a collective action under FLSA § 216(b). Plaintiffs have already addressed their request for the names/addresses of potential plaintiffs to the district judge, arguing that such is necessary to solicit opt-in plaintiffs for purposes of the FLSA collective action. Defendants submit that is a more efficient use of resources to deny such discovery until the Court has determined the merits of plaintiffs' motion for preliminary certification of a collective action. Defendants further suggest the probability that many of the records sought do not exist. Defendants explained that Hurricane Katrina demolished a house in Ocean Springs, Mississippi owned by the Thomases, which was where Express Forestry's business records were stored.

The Court finds that the plaintiffs produced competent evidence consisting of eleven witnesses' affidavits and live testimony to establish that a campaign designed to threaten, intimidate and coerce plaintiffs, opt-in plaintiffs and potential class members to capitulate and withdraw their pending claims was in fact perpetrated. Through no fault of the plaintiffs, it is not as clear that it was perpetrated or instigated by the defendants' agent Leo Salazar. Indeed, defendants do not deny that the intimidation

occurred, as they are in no position to do so. They do, however, admit that their manager, Leo Salazar, traveled to Guatemala to speak with putative class members (i.e., persons who are impoverished and particularly vulnerable to economic threats) about the pending litigation the day before the campaign commenced. Plaintiffs correctly note that the basic facts of the campaign of intimidation are not contested, the question is whether it was sponsored, instigated or sparked by Salazar in Guatemala.

*8 The weight of evidence balances in favor of finding that some of the coercive conduct at issue was actually undertaken by "seasonal workers," which may well have been influenced by Leo Salazar's communications in Guatemala. The perpetrators of the campaign were either "seasonal workers" or prospective workers who are economically dependent upon Express Forestry for lucrative "tree-planting" work available in the United States annually. A protective order is necessary to halt any improper communications and to diffuse the atmosphere of threats and coercion so as to allow the orderly progress of this litigation.

ANALYSIS

1. The Applicable Standard

Fed.R.Civ.P. 26(c) provides that, upon motion by a party and for good cause shown, the court in which the action is pending may make any order which justice requires to protect a party or person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, or undue burden or expense, including one or more of the following: (1) that the disclosure or discovery not be had; (2) that the disclosure or discovery may be had only on specified terms and conditions, including a designation of the time or place; and (3) that the discovery may be had only by a method of discovery other than that selected by the party seeking discovery. FN12

FN12. See Fed.R.Civ.P. 26(c).

If the motion for a protective order is denied in whole or in part, the court may, on such terms and conditions as are just, order that any party or other person provide or permit discovery. The provisions of Rule 37(a)(4) apply to the award of expenses incurred in relation to the motion. "Rule 26(c)'s requirement of a showing of good cause to support

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the issuance of a protective order indicates that the burden is upon the movant to show the necessity of its issuance, which contemplates a particular and specific demonstration of fact as distinguished from stereotyped and conclusory statements." FN13

<u>FN13.</u> *In re Terra Int'l, Inc.*, 134 F.3d 302, 306 (5th Cir.1998) (quotation omitted).

2. Defendants' Unilateral Contact with Potential Class Members and Plaintiffs

This case is a "collective action" under the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") as well as a proposed class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23. Plaintiffs seek to represent a class of nonsupervisory workers admitted as H-2B foreign workers pursuant to 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b), who were employed by defendants between April 6, 2002 and the present. FN14 A collective action, like a action, prevents piecemeal litigation, inconsistent adjudications and difficult res judicata questions. A critical difference between a § 216(b) collective action and a Rule 23 class action is that the former requires each class member to opt in as party plaintiff upon receiving notice in order to participate in any recovery or be bound by the judgment, but the latter (Rule 23 class action) includes all absent class members who do not affirmatively opt out. FN15

<u>FN14.</u> Plaintiff's Complaint filed April 7, 2005 at \P 1 [Rec. Doc. No. 1].

<u>FN15.</u> See <u>Baldridge</u> v. <u>SBC</u> <u>Communications, Inc., 404 F.3d 930, 932 n.</u> 6 (5th Cir.2005).

In spite of its own arguments against one party having unreviewed contact with absent class members, FN16 defendants authorized unilateral contact with potential class members by its agent Leo Salazar for the express purpose of discussing the pending litigation. The undisclosed specific content of Salazar's communications/speech to potential class members is unquestionably speech of a commercial nature. Commercial speech merits constitutional safeguards only to the extent that it is accurate, in keeping with its purpose of insuring the free flow of reliable information crucial to independent decision making. Accordingly, no constitutional objection "forms of [commercial] inheres in banning communications more likely to deceive the public than to inform it." EN17

<u>FN16.</u> See Defendants' Response to Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Certification of Collective Action, at pp. 3-9.

FN17. Central Hudson Gas Co. v. Public Service Commission, 447 U.S. 557, 563, 100 S.Ct. 2343, 65 L.Ed.2d 341 (1980).

*9 It is important to note that defendants in this case rely heavily on <u>Gulf Oil Co. v. Bernard 452 U.S. 89</u>, 101 S.Ct. 2193, 68 L.Ed.2d 693 (1981) and suggest that the prior restraint strictures announced by the *en banc* court apply with equal force to this commercial case. As explained below, the defendants' position ignores the distinctions between pure and commercial speech. A fair assessment of the defendants' position requires a thorough examination of the *Gulf Oil* case, which was spawned from a set of successive race discrimination claims lodged by black employees of the Port Arthur, Texas Gulf Oil plant. FN18

FN18. See <u>Kleiner v. First National Bank of</u>
<u>Atlanta, 751 F.2d 1193, 1206</u> (11th Cir.1985)
(a commercial speech case).

In Gulf Oil, an initial EEOC proceeding culminated in a conciliation agreement providing for back pay. Dissatisfied with the resolution reached by the EEOC, plaintiffs, represented by local counsel in affiliation with the NAACP Legal Defense and Education Fund, filed a class action against Gulf alleging race discrimination. Before the date of class certification, Gulf requested an order limiting communications by plaintiffs and their counsel with actual or potential class members. The company testified that counsel for plaintiffs had advised potential class members that they stood to double their recovery by refusing to sign releases in favor of Gulf under the conciliation agreement. Without corroborating Gulf's unsworn allegations or specifying findings of fact, the trial court entered an order barring parties and counsel from contacting the plaintiff class without advance approval. The disputed order was patterned after a model order contained in the Manual for Complex Litigation, pt. II, § 1.41 (1973 ed.). FN19

FN19. See Gulf Oil, 619 F.2d at 463-64.

On review, a panel of the former Fifth Circuit

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affirmed the district court, but that panel decision was vacated by the court en banc. The en banc court reversed the district court on First Amendment grounds, holding that the attempted solicitations constituted protected speech, non-commercial political expression FN20 which called "into play the full panoply of First Amendment safeguards against prior restraint." FN21 The en banc court refused to effect the order as an unconstitutional prior restraint. The disputed order was constitutionally deficient because (1) the suppressed expression posed no certain threat of direct, immediate and irreparable harm, (2) the order was not narrowly drawn and limited to the least restrictive means of regulation and (3) it lacked predicate findings of particular abuses.

> FN20. The Gulf Oil case qualified as protected political expression under *NAACP* v. Button, 371 U.S. 415, 83 S.Ct. 328, 9 L.Ed.2d 405 (1963) and In re Primus, 436 U.S. 412, 98 S.Ct. 1893, 56 L.Ed.2d 417 (1978), because counsel for the plaintiffs had no direct financial stake in the case and because the case was a vehicle for expressing the political beliefs of the NAACP. See Gulf Oil, 619 F.2d at 472-73.

FN21. Id. at 473.

FN22. Id. at 473-477.

On review, the Supreme Court affirmed the en banc court. FN23 Resolving the case on statutory grounds to avoid the First Amendment question, the Supreme Court concluded that the contested order thwarted the named plaintiff's ability to form a class and prosecute a class action, in violation of Rule 23. The Court held that under Rule 23, orders barring plaintiff contacts with members of the plaintiff class "should be based upon a clear record and specific findings that reflect a weighing of the need for limitation and the potential interference with the rights of parties." FN25 In short, Gulf Oil was a classic case of noncommercial speech which directly implicated the doctrine of prior restraint.

> FN23. Gulf Oil Co. v. Bernard, 452 U.S. 89, 101 S.Ct. 2193, 68 L.Ed.2d 693 (1981).

FN24. Id.

FN25. Id. at 101.

*10 Unlike Gulf Oil, the issue in this class/collective action case is defendants' commercial speech (i.e., that of Leo Salazar's) to seasonal workers/potential class plaintiff's about the ongoing captioned litigation. Defendants' agent (Leo Salazar) has categorically denied directly contacting opt-in plaintiff (Milder Ronaldo Velazquez-Diaz) and further denied any attempt to convince or coerce or bribe him or any other putative class plaintiff to withdraw from the lawsuit in exchange for a visa/employment. However, Salazar admitted that on September 15, 2005, he traveled to Guatemala on behalf of Express Forestry for the express purpose of speaking to former employees/potential plaintiffs about the litigation that had been filed and to answer any questions that they might have. As plaintiffs' aptly point out, this is problematic because his audience consisted of indigent "seasonal employees" and potential class members dependent on Express Forestry for "seasonal work" in the United States. It is noteworthy that Express Forestry dispatched Salazar to Guatemala on September 15, 2005, which is the day before the threatening conduct allegedly commenced and approximately a month and a half before defendants expected to commence business with the necessary compliment of H-2B workers transported and ready to work for Express Forestry.

Contrary to defendants' argument, the undersigned finds that the Kleiner decision, a commercial speech case, is instructive rather than inapposite. In Kleiner v. First National Bank of Atlanta, 751 F.2d 1193, 1206 (11th Cir.1985) the Court observed:

It is unnecessary for a trial court to issue particularized findings of abusive conduct when a given form of speech is inherently conducive to overreaching and duress. The Supreme Court has acknowledged that unsupervised oral solicitations, by their very nature, are wont to produce distorted statements on the one hand and the coercion of susceptible individuals on the other:

[I]n-person solicitation may exert pressure and often demands an immediate response, without providing an opportunity for comparison or reflection. The aim and effect of in-person solicitation may be to provide a one-sided presentation and to encourage speedy and perhaps uninformed decision-making; there is no opportunity for intervention or counter-education....

> FN26. Id. (citing Ohralik v. Ohio State Bar Ass'n, 436 U.S. 447, 457 (1978).

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The *Kleiner* court further observed that:

In the realm of litigation, a fair and just result often presupposes restraints on the speech of parties. Seattle Times Co. v. Rhinehart, 467 U.S. 20, 104 S.Ct. 2199, 2207 n. 18, 81 L.Ed.2d 17 (1984). Inroads on the principle forbidding the solicitation of exclusion requests in 23(b)(3) class actions could spell the ultimate extinction of that form of relief. Given the inherent coercion conveyed by the Bank's covert campaign, FN27 we agree that the district court possessed the authority to regulate such contacts without the predicate record and findings required by Bernard. FN2

> FN27. A telephone campaign conducted by the Bank left the court and counsel powerless to corroborate the supposedly innocent content of the conversations. The Kleiner court found the Bank's claims of innocence suspect because the briefing materials used to answer customer questions insinuated reprisals and distortions of fact. The court noted that the Bank's top management and counsel knew that by verbally providing information to customer's through defendant's employees there was high likelihood that the facts would become skewed in the transmission. This likelihood was further heightened by the Bank's election to use a non-lawyer, who had little familiarity with the case, but good persuasive skills, to make the primary presentation to those who would be contacting absent class members. Additionally, the loan officers who made the telephone calls were the ones who controlled the customer's line of credit, and their onthe-spot entreaties pressured the listener to reach an immediate decision to comply before hearing the opposite view. The usual cure for false speech is more speech, but in the Kleiner, the Bank left no time for more speech before the party opted out.

FN28. Id.

*11 The Kleiner court agreed that the district court had the power to regulate such contacts and noted that the trial court's order was narrowly drawn to avoid suppressing utterances worthy of first amendment protection. As a directive addressed to counsel for the Bank, the ambit of the order was

restricted to communications regarding the litigation and thus did not impinge on the Bank's ability to speak with customers about routine business matters unrelated to the lawsuit.

In Kleiner, the class consisted of Bank borrowers, many of whom were dependent on the Bank for future financing. Not unlike Kleiner, the Recinos-Recinos class consists of indigent H-2B seasonal employees who are dependent upon Express Forestry for lucrative planting work in the United States annually. Not unlike the Bank in Kleiner, defendants authorized their representative Leo Salazar to travel to Guatemala for the express purpose of discussing the pending captioned collective/class action litigation. This the defendants have admitted. It also is important to note that Leo Salazar simply denies plaintiff's accusations regarding the coercion/bribery/threats; however, his affidavit does not reveal the specific substance of his conversations with various potential class action plaintiffs and/or their family members about the pending litigation. Defendants have not revealed the substance of the questions addressed to defendants nor Salazar's precise answers, whether scripted or unscripted. Most notably, the defendants have not provided the Court with any briefing materials utilized by Salazar to answer potential class plaintiffs' questions about the litigation. As aforestated, Salazar is a manager in the defendants' business, unschooled in the permutations of the applicable law and hardly in a position to judge whether his face-to-face communications were threatening and coercive. Considering what followed in the wake of Salazar's address, the Court can only find that such contact generated distorted statements undue pressure, without allowing any opportunity for intervention or counter-education.

It is unnecessary for this Court to determine as a matter of fact whether Salazar was one of the seven individuals who descended upon Pedro Recinos' home on September 16, 2005 at 8:00 a.m. and then again at 8:30 a.m. Direct unilateral contact by Salazar (Defendants' agent) about the pending litigation and defendants' failure to divulge the precise contents of Salazar's representations on behalf of the company provide sufficient justification. In this regard, the Court highlights the response that the undisclosed representations apparently evoked from potential/seasonal workers.

The undersigned Magistrate Judge finds that plaintiffs have made the requisite showing necessary for the issuance of a protective order restraining the defendants from contacting plaintiffs, opt-in

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plaintiffs, potential class plaintiffs and their families outside of the bounds of formal discovery for the purpose of discussing the captioned litigation pending issuance of the district judge's rulings on plaintiff's motions for Rule 23 certification, for preliminary certification and for notice.

*12 Defendants' agent Salazar has admittedly engaged in the now-proscribed conduct and plaintiffs, opt-in plaintiffs and potential class plaintiff's should be protected from these communications for the very same reasons set forth by the court in Kleiner. That court acknowledged, as did the Supreme Court, that unsupervised oral solicitations, by their very nature, are wont to produce distorted statements on the one hand and the coercion of susceptible individuals on the other. Moreover, in-person communications such as occurred in the present case may exert pressure and often demands an immediate response, without providing an opportunity for comparison or reflection. Clearly, the aim and effect of such inperson communication is to provide a one-sided presentation and to encourage speedy and perhaps uninformed decision-making, providing opportunity for intervention or counter-education. The Kleiner court noted that, "[i]n general, an order limiting communications regarding ongoing litigation between a class and class opponents will satisfy first amendment concerns if it is grounded in good cause and issued with 'heightened sensitivity' for first amendment concerns." FN29

> FN29. Kleiner, 751 F.2d at 1205. See also Abdallah v. Coca-Cola Company, 186 F.R.D. 672, 678 (N.D.Ga.1999) (noting that, even though Coca-Cola had not given the court any reason to suspect that it will attempt to mislead its employees and coerce them into non-participation, simple reality suggests that the danger of coercion is real and justifies imposition of limitations on Coca-Cola's communications with potential class members, regardless of whether communications occur before or after class certification, the effect is still the same).

In the present case, the court recognizes that an ongoing business relationship between the defendants and the plaintiffs and potential plaintiffs may cause communications to be coercive. Where, as here, there is a relationship that is inherently coercive, the court need not make a finding that a particular abuse occurred. Here, the plaintiffs have provided the Court with sufficient evidence to show that defendants'

communications with plaintiffs and potential plaintiff's about this litigation undermine the purposes of Rule 23. It is difficult to conceive of any advice from Salazar (defendants' agent) regarding the lawsuit that is not rife with the potential for confusion and abuse given defendants interest in this lawsuit. The evidence suggests that a potential for serious abuse exists.

Accordingly, Plaintiff's Motion for Protective Order is GRANTED IN PART in that the defendants and their agents shall refrain from contacting plaintiffs. opt-in plaintiffs, potential class plaintiffs and their families outside of the bounds of formal discovery for the purpose of discussing the captioned litigation pending the issuance of the district judge's rulings on plaintiff's motions for Rule 23(b)(2) certification, for preliminary certification of a collective action and for issuance of notice.

3. Release of Contact Information Regarding Potential Plaintiffs for the Purpose of Providing Information Concerning their Rights under the FLSA AND AWPA.

The Court is convinced that such discovery sought by the plaintiffs should await the district court's ruling on the pending motions for certification of the class and/or collective action. As to corrective notice, plaintiff submits that it is necessary because the potential class consists largely of impoverished Guatemalan migrant workers who lack familiarity with their rights and the legal system. Plaintiffs argue that the notice would advise potential plaintiffs of their right to participate, of legal protections against retaliation and how to contact plaintiffs' counsel to ask about the pending lawsuit.

*13 "Corrective notice" has apparently already taken place insofar as the legion of affiants in favor of the plaintiffs are concerned. It is far from clear that any further "corrective notice," in addition to the notice which will issue in connection with preliminary certification, is necessary. The Court highlights the fact that the plaintiff's motion for preliminary certification of collection action is fully briefed and pending determination by the district judge. In connection with the motion for preliminary certification, plaintiff seeks production of the names. addresses and telephone numbers of all potential optin plaintiffs for the purpose of distribution of the proposed notice to potential opt-in plaintiffs. FN30

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> FN30. See Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Certification of a Collective Action and for Disclosure of the Names Addresses and Telephone Numbers of Potential Opt-In Plaintiffs at p. 4 [Rec. Doc. No. 29].

The same discovery sought at this juncture of the proceedings is premature and should await the ruling on preliminary certification by the district judge. See Abdallah v. Coca-Cola Company, 186 F.R.D. 672 (N.D.Ga.1999). In Abdallah, the court observed that, while it could not say that orders authorizing communication with potential class members may never precede class certification, district courts must strive to avoid authorizing injurious communication that might later prove unnecessary. Considering that the motions for Rule 23 certification and preliminary certification are presently under submission and a ruling is imminent, the undersigned Magistrate Judge is simply not convinced that there is any need for corrective notice at this juncture of the proceedings. Corrective notice will issue in due course pursuant to the district judge's ruling on the un contested motion for preliminary certification.

4. Reporting, Investigating or Engaging in Efforts to have Movants and their Families Arrested, Detained, Jailed or Deported from the United States.

There is no competent evidence that these threatened activities have occurred or that the defendants, their agents or non-agent individuals have made any communications aimed at having movants and/or their families arrested, detained or jailed in the U.S. or deported from the United States. As stated in open court, a protective order in this regard is not warranted.

5. Discovery Regarding Immigration Status and Work History of Plaintiffs and Potential Plaintiffs.

Plaintiffs, opt-in plaintiffs and potential plaintiffs came to the United States on Express Forestry H-2B visas and actually worked for defendants pursuant to those visas. Defendants are entitled to the discovery of the plaintiffs and potential plaintiffs' work history for purposes of the damage computation, if nothing else.

However, contrary to the defendant's argument, the Arriaga case supports rather than detracts from the plaintiffs' position regarding discovery directly addressing immigration status. In Arriaga, domestic agricultural employers hired non-immigrant aliens from Mexico as farm laborers to work on a seasonal basis. Laborers who passed the interview process paid for their own passage to the United States, visa costs and various recruiting fees. After deducting these expenses from wages earned, the net income fell below the statutory minimum wage. The Eleventh Circuit held that the inbound transportation costs were "an incident of and necessary to the employment" and that the employers must reimburse the laborers for expenses paid in coming to the employment. FN31 The Court noted that the determining factor was that the transportation costs were "an inevitable and inescapable consequence of having foreign ... workers employed in the United States." FN32 The Arriaga court held that inbound transportation expenses were inevitable under the program employers used to recruit and hire foreign workers and that the protections of the minimum wage provisions of the FLSA indisputably apply to farmworkers. Like the transportation expenses, visa costs were deemed primarily for the benefit of the employer because the visas restricted the workers to the work described on the clearance order. The Court noted that, by participating in the H-2A program, the Growers created the need for visa costs, which are not the type of expense permitted to pass on to the Farmworkers as 'other facilities." , FN3

> FN31. See Arriaga v. Florida Pacific Farms, LLC, 305 F.3d 1228, 1242 (11th Cir.2002).

FN32. Id.

FN33. Id. at 1244.

*14 The rationale employed by the Arriaga court is applicable to the H2-B program. Plaintiffs in this case correctly note that Arriaga is an FLSA case which does not hinge on any differences between the H-2A and the H-2B guestworker programs. Subsequent employment may yield relevant information on the issue of damages. However, immigration status information would only be a relevant area of inquiry if plaintiffs sought reimbursement of outbound transportation costs from the U.S. back to the plaintiffs' home country, rather than inbound transportation costs, which are at issue in this suit and were at issue in Arriaga. Plaintiffs in this case only seek to recoup inbound travel expenses for the trip from Guatemala to the U.S. pursuant to the H-2B visa and not outbound travel expenses.

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Considering the applicable law, discovery regarding subsequent employment (work history) may provide information relevant to the issue of damages; however, plaintiff's subsequent immigration status is not relevant to any claim or issue in the case. Accordingly, insofar as the plaintiff's seek a protective order prohibiting direct inquiry into their immigration status post-H-2B visa immigration status, the motion is GRANTED IN PART; however, plaintiff's subsequent work history is fair grist for discovery, since it is relevant to the issue of damages.

6. Sanctions

The plaintiffs have not demonstrated an egregious case warranting the imposition of sanctions at this stage of the proceedings. It should be noted that the plaintiffs only partially prevailed on their motion. However, the parties should be apprised that any violation of the protective order entered restraining the defendants from unilateral communications with plaintiffs, opt-in plaintiffs, potential plaintiffs and/or their families regarding the captioned litigation pending the district judge's rulings on Rule 23 certification, preliminary certification of the collective action and notice shall result in the issuance of sanctions.

Accordingly,

IT IS ORDERED that the plaintiff's motion for protection is GRANTED IN PART and DENIED IN PART, all as more specifically set forth above.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED defendants and their agents shall refrain from any unilateral communications with plaintiffs, opt-in plaintiffs, potential plaintiffs and/or their families regarding the captioned litigation pending the district judge's rulings on plaintiff's motions for Rule 23(b)(2) certification, preliminary certification of the collective action and for the issuance notice.

New Orleans, Louisiana this 23 day of January, 2006.

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